



Performance Report - 2007

Department of Sri Lanka Railway

Vision

To provide a quality Rail Transport service with an environment of multi mode transport for passenger and freight traffic within an independent financial arrangement.

Mission

Provision of a safe, reliable and punctual Rail Transport service for both passenger and freight traffic economically and efficiently.

Objectives

01. Reducing the railway running time reassuring the punctuality.
02. Maintaining the out dated telecommunication system in a satisfactory manner.
03. To retain the number of daily supply of engines at 70% to 75% level in order to fulfill time table requirements.
04. To provide facilities to passengers in Railway stations and train compartments in a satisfactory level.
05. Increasing the railway revenue.
06. To review the railway goods transport.
07. Taking preliminary steps to Develop Railway Human resources.
08. Introducing amendments to the organization structure and methodologies to the modern times.



Performance

Investment made for the Railway Department laid the foundation to promote its activities on a productive basis to proceed on a long journey as a public transport provider.

Investment made for the Railway Development during several decades failed achieve the anticipated productivity and as a result deterioration of assets and human resources prevailed continuously. Action plan 2007 was formulated to identify and implement a selected methodology with the objection of taking suitable steps to arrest this situation.

In order to achieve the benefits of annual investments a monitoring structure was established and fulfilling anticipated targets expected through this system.

This follow up structure was established through active contribution made by the Chief Accountants Sub Department, Planning Division and other Sub Departments.

Through the new proposals instead of the methodology of incurring expenses based on expenditure votes, a financial methodology of increasing expenses based on output targets was emphasized.

As an example the necessary structure has been formulated to lay the basic foundation to convert the payment methodology based on time. Along with the implementation of these proposals, a period of transition of transporting the railway service into an efficient service commenced.

Recurrent Expenditure votes

Progress in the increase of efficiency in service has been targeted, through expenditure votes . When deploying the departmental staff, criteria of increasing the efficiency of service as far as possible will be given priority. Action was taken to introduce a new methodology for this purpose.

Attempt was made to effect savings in expenditure votes through new methodologies, policies and procedures introduced. While productivity is targetted more active procedures adopted to control the expenditure.

When obtaining fuel water electricity and telephone services on a commercial basis Railway Department has to face economic impacts and this fact had to be taken into consideration when funds are allowed.

By making changes in existing methodologies in providing consumable articles like uniform material, soap etc. to relevant sections. It was expected to obtain maximum benefits to the department and also expected facilitating administrative functions.

Performance appraisal of the Administration Branch.

Re- organization of decision making process of the railway department according to present requirements so as to maximize the efficiency and the productivity.

Chief executive officer GMR drawing his time and attention more towards the progress of the railway service which is the basic function and thereby displaying efficient and quick responses to public relations and relations with other institutes.

Cadre

As at 01.01.2007	- 16650
As at 31.12.2007	- 16189

Recruitments

Engineering Service II /II	06
Engine Drivers	11
Railway Guards	21
Railway Guards (Internal)	32
Draftsman	07
Temporary	78
Technological Assistants / Labourers	1217

Promotions

From Grade	To Grade	Number
SM II	SM I	07
Engine Driver II A	Engine Driver IA	19
Railway Guard (SLTS)	Railway Guard (Special class)	48
Railway Guard	Railway Guard (11 A)	06
DKS	Lamp man	03
DKS	Policeman /Points man	67
Points man	Signalman	04
Shunter	Yard Foreman	05
Points man	Shunter	09
Yard Foreman	Yard Master	02
BTS	BTS II A	16
Traverser Driver	Traverser Driver New 11	01
BTS	BTS II B	05
Mechanist	Mechanist New II	01
Trolley man	Trolley man New II	03
Crane Driver	Crane Driver New II	01
Technician	Technician (New ii)	01
Technologist Assis	Technologist Assis II Mechani.	41
Technologist Assis	SP. Laborer	09
Technologist	Technologist Assis ii	
	A line man	06
Technologist	Technologist Assis ii	
	B line man	07
Fitter I	Instrument Trainee	02
Survey Assis ii	Survey Assis	01
Labourer III	Store man New II	02
Labourer III	Fitter New II	01

Disciplinary

Number of disciplinary cases dealt with from 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2007 - 252

Number of disciplinary cases finalized during 01.01.2007 to 31.12.2007 - 207

Labourer Relations

As at 01.01.2007 there had been 107 Trade Unions and by 31.12.2007 this number had increased up to - 112.

60 social institutions and welfare societies registered at sub Department and office level.

Human resources Management

Sri Lanka German Railway Technical Training Institute

Details of full in courses conducted by Sri Lanka German Railway Technical Institute during the year 2007 are as follows

Courses	Number of Trainees recruited
Motor Mechanism Technician	18
Diesel Engine Technician	17
Electrician	22
Welder	24
Mechanist	17

Number of trainees (full time) who completed the courses during the year 2007

Course	Group	Number
Diesel Engine Mechanical	2004	21
Electrician	2003	18
Welder	2003	12
Mechanist	2003	16

During the year 2007 the total number of students who followed the full time courses was 285 while total number of students who followed short term courses was 536 while 44 of them entered through internal institutes while 492 of them belonged to the departmental staff.

Internal Audit Quarries

Internal auditing was carried out during this year in the following branches

Serial No.	Place	Quantity	No. of places irregularities found
1	Railway stations	143	5
2	Sub Stations	135	6
3	DSR offices	3	
4	Running Sheds	8	
5	IPW offices	15	
6	BDF offices	13	
7	Workshops	02	
8	Accounts offices	07	
9	General offices	16	
10	Stores	07	

Auditor General's Audit Quarries

Serial No.	Audit Quarries	Quantity
	Outstanding quarries for reply as at 31.12.2006	19
	Audit quarries received during 2007	65
	Audit quarries to be completed in 2007	84
	2006 Audit quarries replied in 2007	19
	2007 Audit quarries replied in 2007	49
	Total audit queries replied in 2007	68
	Out Standing to be replied as at 31.12.2007	16

Performance appraisal of Operating Division

Functions

Colombo Suburban Train services.

Long distance and Intercity Train services.

Local train services.

Goods transport train services.

Chronological Operations – Year 2007

Description	Approved No. of Trains	Number of trains operated	Number of trains run on schedule	Late Run			
				06-10 min	11-30 min	31-60 min	60 min over
Passenger	116,008	108,369	37,993	11,559	36,082	14,008	8,726
Suburban	69,795	65,200	29,225	7,382	21,917	5,571	1,105
Long Distance/ Intercity	19,941	19,878	2,851	1,824	5,807	4,732	4,564
Local	26,272	23,291	5,817	2,353	8,358	3,705	3,057
Good	7,514	6,036	623	87	355	540	4,431
Total	123,522	114,405	38,616	11,646	36,437	14,548	13,156

During the year 2007 the number of trains operated was 114405 while the number of trains run on schedule was 38616.

Late running number of trains was 114405 while trains run on schedule time was 38616.

Late running's totaled up to 75788 of which passenger trains 70375 and good trains 5413.

Number of Kilometers - Year 2007

Description	Power sets Operations	Power sets cancellation	Diesel trains operations	Diesel Trains cancellations	Operations total	Cancellation Total
i Passenger	2,756,662	77,321	6,054,329	195,162	8,810,991	272,483
suburban	2,703,799	61,822	1,026,095	72,301	3,729,894	134,123
Long Distance/ Intercity	0	0	3,418,947	14,225	3,418,947	14,225
Local	52,863	15,499	1,609,287	108,636	1,662,150	124,135
ii Goods	0	0	371,759	90,709	371,759	90,709
iii Empty Trains	37,124	0	71,938	0	109,062	0
iv Light Engines	0	0	22,673	0	22,673	0
Total	2,793,786	77,321	6,520,699	285,871	9,314,485	363,192

Special Train Kilometers - Year 2007

Description	Diesel Trains Passenger/ goods	Diesel Trains without passengers / Goods	Steam Trains passenger goods	Steam Trains without passenger / goods	Total
Sp. Passenger Trains	87,740	444	0	0	88,184
Sp. Goods Trains	17,833	5,602	0	0	23,435
Service Trains	97,751	3,061	0	0	100,812
Hitachchi	32,671	7,208	0	0	39,879
Diesel Deluxe	1,030	1,013	0	0	2,043
Vice Roy	5,686	519	0	0	6,205
Ballast	4,897	1,550	0	0	6,447
Motor Trolley	7,930	1,445	0	0	9,375
Lime stone	63,831	452,179	0	0	109,010
Rail bus	19,941	3,400	0	0	23,341
Break Down	2,308	552	0	0	2,860
Trial Runs	30	0	0	0	30
Crane Trains	65	65	0	0	130
Total	341,713	70,038	0	0	411,751

Derailment and train Accident

Description	Quantity
On the track	62
Sheds	119

Engines Wagons and Carriages

Railway Engines

As at the end of this year the number of engines required for a day was 63, Out of those engines 50% are more than 30 years old. Only about 50 engines are available for running due to engine defects and break downs. As a remedial step to the present shortage of engines, action taken to effect short term repairs of engines, reconstruction of engines and to import 10 engines.

Railway Carriages

By the end of this year the number of serviceable carriages amounted to 625 including the carriages imported from China. Out of them only 395 carriages were active and in good services. 75% of the carriages referred to above are over 25 years and therefore it has not been able to cater to the passenger demand .

Due to this reason by the end of the year 2008, it is expected to rehabilitate the passenger carriages and to import 15 power sets from China.



(Imported Carriages under import of 100 carriages from China)



Power sets (S-10) due to be imported from China)

Engine, Wagon and Carriages Maintenance.

	Target	Progress
Repairs to Engines and Power sets		
Scheduled repairs	46	38
Light repairs	400	48
Repairs to carriages		
Scheduled repairs	265	214
Light repairs	59	52
Repairs to Wagons		
Scheduled repairs	160	162
Light repairs	900	588

Motive power supply

Diesel Hydraulic locomotives	W1	W2	W3	Y	S5
Under Maintenance	2	2	10	24	3
Number required for service	4	0	8	20	2
Number available for service	1	0	7	20	2

Diesel electric locomotives	M2	M4	M5	M5A	M5B	M5C	M6	M7	M8	M8A	M9
Under Maintenance	13	14	0	0	4	4	14	15	8	2	10
Number required for service	10	10	0	0	3	3	11	11	6	1	8
Number available for service	9	8	0	0	2	3	9	10	5	2	3

Power Sets	S3	S6	S7	S8	S9
Under Maintenance	0	4	6	20	15
Number required for service	0	2	4	17	13
Number available for service	0	2	3	15	13

Motive Power Performance

Description	Quantity
Engine KM	10,235,208
Carriage KM	67,239,927

Infrastructure Facilities

Railway Line

The total track Kilometres available for train operations is 1640 ,but due to terrorist activities in Northern and Eastern Lines only 1200 Km could be utilised. Out of this track length 50% of the track is below the prescribe standard. Accordingly, by the end of year 2007,the number of speed cautions existed at 812 while out of them 413 cautions are due to weak sleepers.

Speed Cautions 2007

Due to weak sleepers	49%
Other speed cautions	51%

Due to these speed limits normal speed has been fixed at 41Kmph. These speed limits obstruct Railway safe operations. Further, shortage of sleepers, rails, wastage , shortage of ballast aggravated the position.

Progress (Physical)

Laying of sleepers (Km)	23
Concrete sleepers (Km)	27
Wooden sleepers (Km)	32
Ballast (cubes)	26909

According to the statistics referred to above ,various steps have been taken to expand maintenance of Rail lines to avoid shortages and to widen the development work. Accordingly, it is expected to construct double lines from Kaluthara South to Payagala and from Jaela to Negambo. Shortage of ballast is an obstruction for efficient railway running. With a view to increase the production steps have been taken to increase the ballast production at Ambepussa metal quarry on medium term and long term basis and to commence work in Galgamuwa quarry.

With the objective of reducing the Railway running time, under the double line construction programme, bridges have been constructed during this year at Kelaniya, Jaela, Seeduwa, Kalutara and Pinwatta.

Maintenance work

Description	Less than 10Kmph	More than 10Kmph
Speed limits as at 01.01.2007	88	748
Speed limits removed during 2007	88	268
New speed limits enforced in 2007	86	267
Speed limits as at 31.12.2007	86	747

Materials utilized for track maintenance

Description	Quantity
Rails (20meters)	1,737
Used Rails (45feet)	3,857
Wooden sleepers	65,384
Concrete sleepers	44,823
Steel sleepers	3,000
Ballast (Cubes)	12,080
Service trains	398

Bridges

Kelaniya, Jaela and Kaluthara bridges have been newly constructed while 07 bridges were rehabilitated.

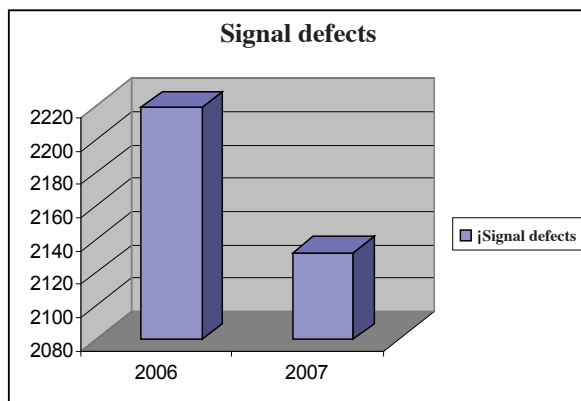


Improvements to buildings	Number
Railway stations	41
Officers quarters	56
Workshops buildings	22
Other buildings	64

Construction of new Railway lines	Distance
Kaluthara North to Kaluthara South	2km
Jaela-Seeduwa	6km
Orugodawatte-Kelaniya	2.2km



Signal System



During the year 2007 with a view to minimize the defects in the Signal Systems, various steps have been taken to modernize the Signal System and thereby provide an efficient train service. In the year 2006, there were 2219 Signal defects while by the end 2007, the number of Signal defects totalled up to 2132 . Signal System is being modernized to minimize the defects as far as possible to establish efficient and qualitative train service. During this year, medium term plans have been designed to install an optic fibre cable across the railway line net work. Introduction of a new Signal System for unprotected railway level crossings, and a new colour light Signal System is expected to be installed. Further, it is also expected to remove the defects in Signal System between Maradana and Wadduwa and install a new Signal system.

Commercial and Marketing Performance

Description	Preliminary Estimate (Rs.Mn)	Revised Estimate	Actual Income/ Expenditure
Income	2,327	3,652	2,999
Passenger Transport	1,760	2,775	2,033
Parcel & Mail	77	105	99
Goods	298	460	314
Miscellaneous	192	312	553
Expenditure	21,400	21,400	13,353
Recurrent	7,728	7,728	7,296
Capital	13,672	13,672	6,057

Revised estimate was prepared anticipating a passenger fares revision during the year 2007, but since the approval was not received for the fare revision the income could not be obtained as estimated.

Ordinary Ticket Passengers-	51,515,078
Season Ticket Passengers-	58,814,553
Passenger Kilometres-	4,766,853,786
Goods Tons/Kilometres-	133,207,076

Fare revised effective from 01-02-2007 with the objective of increasing the revenue and following steps have been taken.

- Increasing the folder charges for season tickets.
- Revision of reserving charges for special trains.
- Commissions paid to train ticket examiners on penalties reduced to 10% from 50% effective from 01-02-2007.
- Revision of charges levied for circuit Bungalows.
- Charges levied from departmental employees increased from 1,000/- to 3,000/- while the charges levied from others were increased from Rs.3,000/- to 6,000/-.
- A policy frame was established at the end of first quarter 2007. Steps taken to prepare the foundation of future plans and actions on this policy frame.

Goods Transport (Tons)

Type of goods

• Flour	-	63,995
• Imported food stuffs	-	4,731
• Petroleum	-	508,833
• Cement(Finished)	-	70,956
• Cement(Raw Materials)	-	1,038,276
• Building Materials	-	47
• Fertilizer	-	11,166
• Machinery & Equipment	-	1,477
• Other goods	-	4,010
Total		- 1,703,491



Leasing of lands

Permanent Number of files Opened for leasing lands.	-	7,248
Number of files with agreements.	-	5,419
Number of files without agreement.	-	1,829
Number of active land lease files.	-	125

Classification of files of leased out land

For cultivation activities.	-	4,311
For commercial activities.	-	486
For residential requirements.	-	186
For laying of pipe lines.	-	206
For electricity supply.	-	231
For telephone supply.	-	12
Other requirements.	-	1,821

Land lease income (Rs.mn) Target

Description	Target	Income obtained	Reasons
Land Lease Income (Rs Mn)	55	45	Absence of an organization for the efficient management of Railway Reservation lands. Preliminary steps have been taken to establish a property committee and formulate a Railway land policy and obtain the government approval and also re-organized the land branch and to obtain the services of a consultant.

Annual Mission of Railway Protection Force.

2007

01. Number taken into custody under Railway security Act.	1887
02. Surcharge and fines levied under Railway Security Act.	Rs.1,002,988.00
03. Number of prosecutions under Railway security Act.	112
04. Court fines under Railway security Act.	Rs. 83,270.00
05. Number arrested under penal code.	178
06. Court fines under penal code.	Rs. 65,600.00
07. Number of unauthorised erections reported.	383
(i) Number of unauthorised erections removed.	307
(ii) Referred to C.E.W. for legal action.	229
08. Files opened under miscellaneous matters –	1,268
09. Number of files finalised -	492
10. Recovery of damages and recovery of arrears of lease charges	Rs. 1,011,203.00

Problems faced when implementation the Action Plan for the year 2007

01. Limits imposed on the management when taking decisions (Decisions on passenger fares, disciplinary & staff)
02. Not receiving the prescribed provision for maintaining assets.
03. Unauthorized occupation of Railway reservation lands.
04. Lack of expertise knowledge.
05. Degeneration of departmental assets.

Owing to these problems during this year, expenditure exceeding the income recorded a loss of 4200. At a time when the economic development has to be accelerated, the Treasury has to incur a heavy expenditure on behalf of the Railway Department in Order to relax this situation and to reduce the financial loss to the government. Systematically, plans have to be drawn up expeditiously to target the revenue to reduce recurrent expenditure including variable cost and fixed cost.

Short term objectives and programmes for future development

An attempt was made though the programme for the year 2007 to lay the foundation of a long journey for the Railway Department to bring it to a level of an efficient public transport provider during the year 2008 on a productive basis.

Steps taken with the objective of identifying a selected methodology to take suitable steps to avoid the deterioration of assets occurring continuously due to not securing the anticipated productivity through investments made successfully during several decades and also due to the break down of human resources.

- Ensuring the cleanliness and the quality of Railway Stations and Railway carriages.
- Reducing train delays by 25% and accidents such as derailments etc. by 50%
- Removing all speed limits less than 8 km per hour.
- Establishing the quantitative and qualitative state of the Railway Department.
- Importing 100 passenger carriages, purchase of 15 power sets, purchase of 20 oil tanks.
- Under the development of Railway track construction of Puttalam Line (Ja-Ela -Seeduwa.), as a double line. Construction of coast line (Wadduwa/Aluthgama as a double line/development of Northern line (Polgahawela- Anurathapura)
- Establishment, and implementation of Employees councils.
- Establishment of Performance and Appraisal Units and implement them.
- A methodology of obtaining government rebates systematically and in keeping with the services to be established.
- Converting the existing negative contribution in the Railway Department to a positive contribution.