

Performance Report 2025



Sri Lanka Police

Annual Performance Report for the Year 2025

Sri Lanka Police

Expenditure Head No. - 225

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Chapter 01

Institutional Profile/Executive Summary

1.1 Introduction

The Sri Lanka Police Service, established by the Police Ordinance No. 16 of 1865, commenced its official duties on 03rd September 1866, during the British rule. Since then, for a period of more than 159 years, the Sri Lanka Police has been discharging the onerous responsibility of ensuring law and order of the country.

Under the broad mission of ensuring the safety of public life, the Sri Lanka Police performs the following main functions.

- **Crime prevention and suppression:** Maintaining social order and well-being.
- **Prevention of drugs and corruption:** Combating drug abuse and preventing misconduct.
- **Public Service:** Traffic management, environmental protection and providing VIP security.
- **Emergency response:** 119 emergency hotline service and investigating public complaints.
- **Administrative support:** Issuing clearance reports and other public services.

The formal official hierarchy implemented to enhance the organizational efficiency is operated under the full supervision of the Inspector General of Police. The other posts in the structure function under the supervision of the Inspector General of Police, who occupies the topmost position in the organizational structure. Accordingly, the rank hierarchy functions from top to bottom starting from Inspector General of Police, Senior Deputy Inspector General of Police, Deputy Inspector General of Police, Senior Superintendent of Police, Superintendent of Police, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chief Inspector of Police, Inspector of Police, Sub Inspector of Police, Sergeant Major, Police Sergeant, Police Sergeant Driver, Police Constable and up to Police Constable Driver.

This official hierarchy functions under an institutional structure and the said structure can be mainly divided into two categories, namely, the Territorial Police Divisions, which are directly connected with the people and as, Functional Divisions, which provide administrative and ancillary services for the duties of those Territorial Divisions.

Provinces are represented at the top level of the Territorial Divisions and their functions are carried out under a Senior Deputy Inspector General of Police. A Deputy Inspector General of Police has been appointed in charge of each district in the province and the relevant district under him is divided into several Territorial Police Divisions. A Senior Superintendent of Police or a Superintendent of Police is appointed in charge of a Territorial Police Division, and there are 47 such Territorial Police Divisions functioning in the Island. Such a Territorial Police Division has been divided into several Police Districts and those Districts have been placed under an Assistant Superintendent of Police and several Police Stations have been

included within such a Police District. There are 199 such Police Districts in the Island, and 608 police stations that belong to those Police Districts are functioning island wide as at 31.12.2025.

All police stations are categorized as Police Stations Headquarters and Regular Police Stations and each police station is graded under different levels. Accordingly, as at 31.12.2025, these 608 Police Stations have been graded as 82 Police Stations that belong to A1 Grade, 103 Police Stations that belong to A2 Grade, 142 Police Stations that belong to A3 Grade, and 152 Police Stations that belong to B Grade, 75 Police Stations that belong to C Grade, and 54 Police Stations that belong to D Grade. A Chief Inspector of Police is appointed in charge of a Police Station Headquarters and a Chief Inspector of Police or an Inspector of Police is appointed in charge of other Police Stations. They implement police services directly to the general public with the assistance of the officers serving under them namely, Inspectors of Police, Police Sergeants, and Police Constables.

There is also an official hierarchy which is functional regarding various subjects related to the duties of police. Accordingly, Senior Deputy Inspectors General of Police are appointed in charge of subjects such as, crimes, drug-related crimes, traffic, VIP security, Special Task Force, Support Services, Logistics, etc. One or more such subject areas under them are combined and named as Ranges, and a Deputy Inspector General of Police is appointed in charge of such a Range. There are 77 Functional Police Divisions under these Ranges as at 31.12.2025, and the administration work of the relevant Division is carried out by appointing a Senior Superintendent of Police or a Superintendent of Police as the Director in charge of those Divisions.

The Special Task Force, which is a special unit of the Sri Lanka Police, also plays a unique duty. They offer their contribution towards the Sri Lanka Police by providing a very efficient service for prevention of crimes and corruption through various raids conducted by them. The number of Special Task Force officers is 7606.

A support service is also functioning to obtain expertise in various fields required for police duties, and under the said service there are nearly 1078 officers, who are engaged in specific duties in specialized services such as medical, nursing, engineering, culinary, technical, and information technology. In addition, a civil staff of 6206 officers of the Sri Lanka Administrative Service, Planning Service, and other Government Services such as Accountants', Administrative Officers', Translators', Development Officers', Management Assistants', Office Assistants', etc. who come under non-departmental posts together with Criminologists, Research Officers, Development Assistant Officers, and officers performing various departmental labourers' duties are also currently providing an exceptional assistance to the performance of police duties.

1.2 Vision, Mission, and Objectives of the Institution

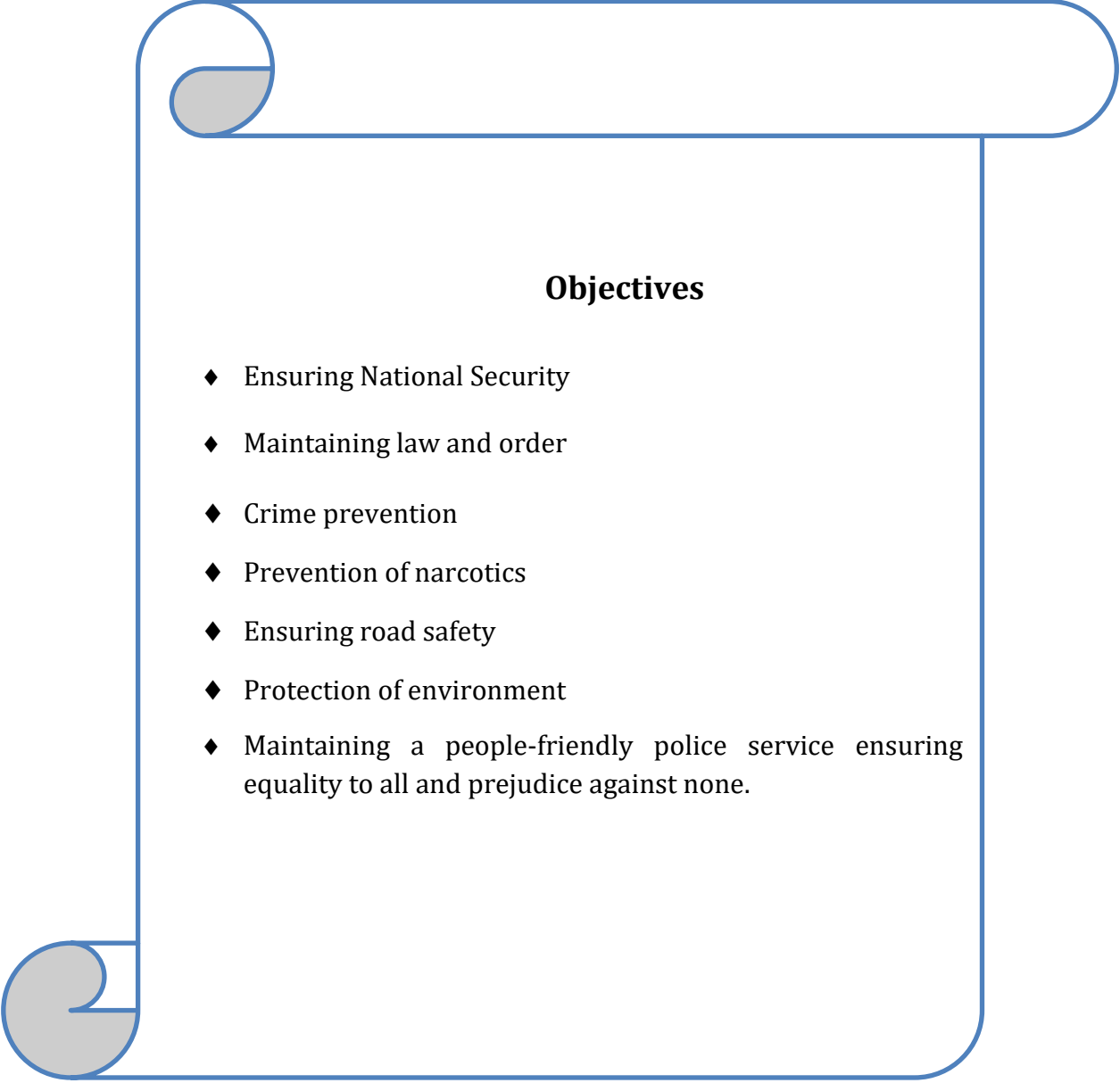


Vision

Creating
a peaceful environment
in which
people can live
confidently
without any fear of
crime and violence.

Mission

Sri Lanka Police
is dedicated
to performing duties reliably
while implementing
and maintaining law
within the country,
preserving peace
and preventing
crimes and terrorism
ensuring equality to all
and prejudice against none.



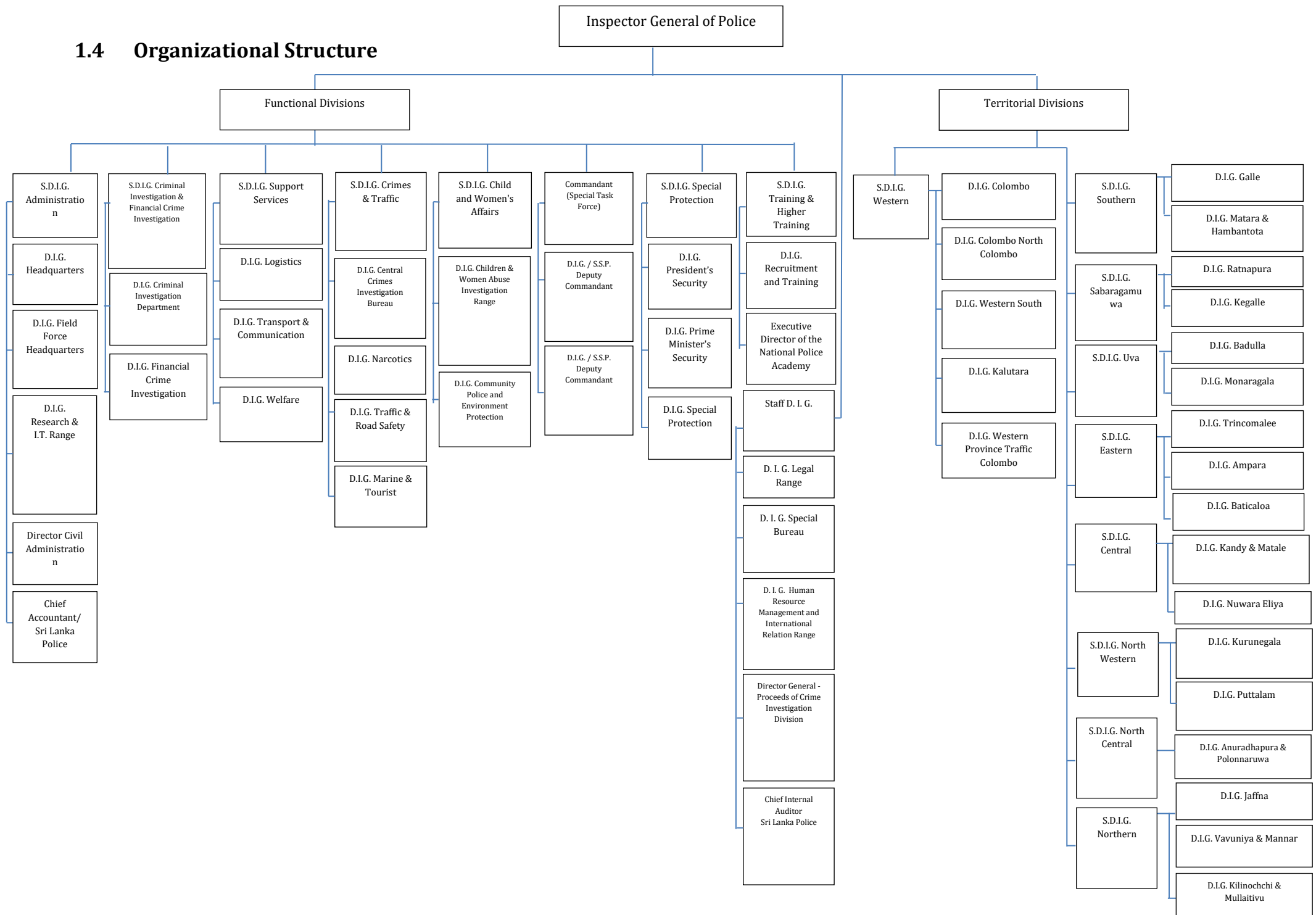
Objectives

- ◆ Ensuring National Security
- ◆ Maintaining law and order
- ◆ Crime prevention
- ◆ Prevention of narcotics
- ◆ Ensuring road safety
- ◆ Protection of environment
- ◆ Maintaining a people-friendly police service ensuring equality to all and prejudice against none.

1.3 Key Functions

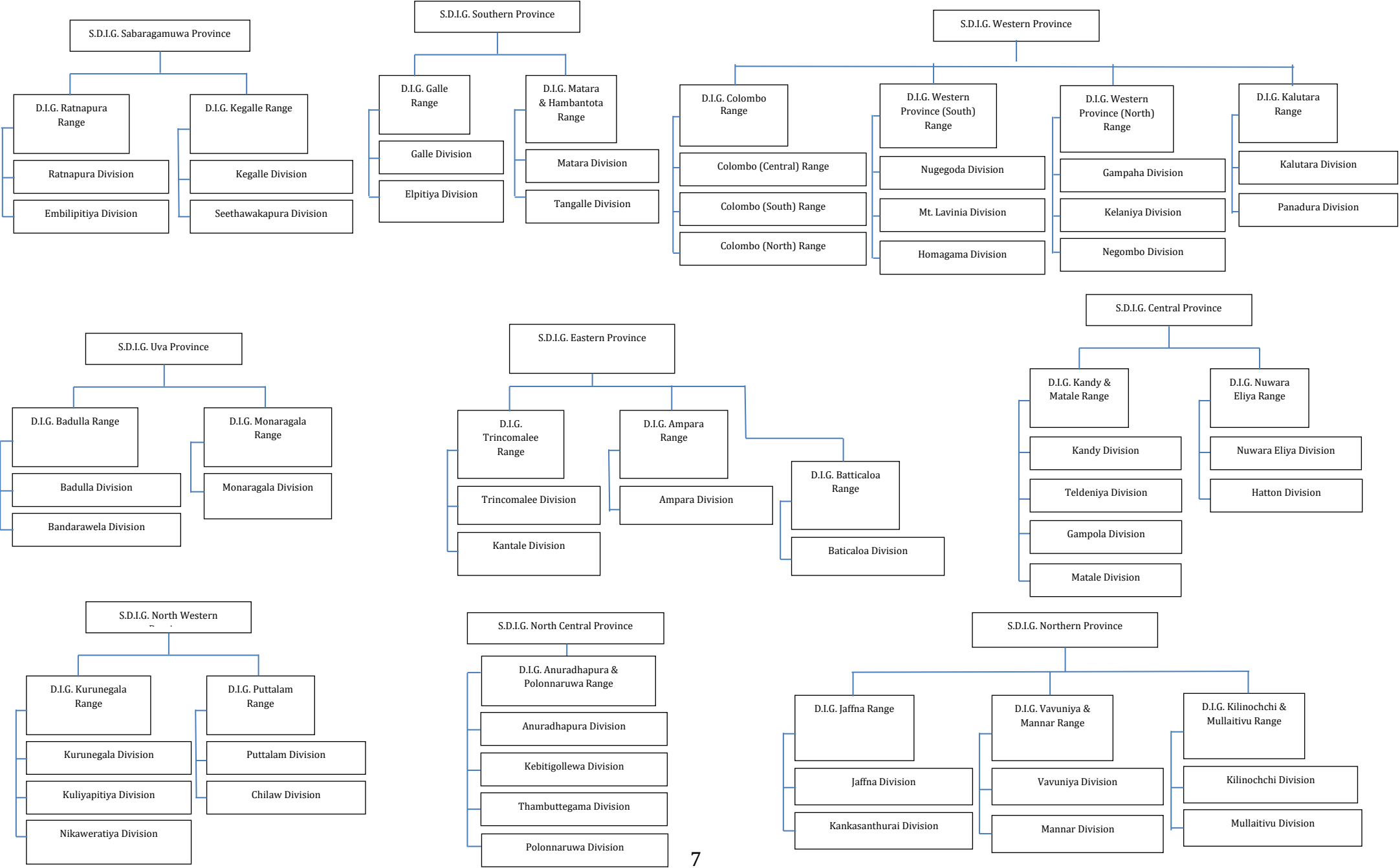
- ◆ Collecting, analyzing, disseminating and directing intelligence information that affects national security for investigation
- ◆ Conducting investigations, taking steps for prosecution, and providing assistance in the court proceedings regarding acts that pose a threat to national security
- ◆ Obtaining information, carrying out investigation, and taking court action regarding acts that disrupt public order
- ◆ Promptly investigating and resolving various complaints reported, referring them to the relevant authorities for resolution, and taking court action
- ◆ Maintaining law and order in the Island by acting as per statutory powers
- ◆ Taking appropriate steps for prevention of crime
- ◆ Administration of criminals
- ◆ Conducting investigations, prosecution and taking further court action regarding crimes and offences (including global crimes)
- ◆ Using modern technology and scientific methods for criminal investigation and obtaining local and foreign expert assistance depending on the context.
- ◆ Implementing drug prevention programs targeting vulnerable groups
- ◆ Taking necessary legal measures to direct drug addicts to rehabilitation
- ◆ Obtaining information on drug related offenses, conducting investigation and taking court action
- ◆ Conducting investigations and taking court action on illegal assets
- ◆ Taking steps to ensure road safety
- ◆ Conducting investigations, prosecution, and taking court action on road accidents
- ◆ Taking necessary preventive and legal measures necessary for environmental sustainability and assisting disaster management
- ◆ Improving public relations through Public Security Committees and other activities
- ◆ Implementing obligations and responsibilities of international conventions and agreements subject to existing domestic legal provisions
- ◆ Providing assistance in ensuring economic and social stability in accordance with government policies
- ◆ Management of human and physical resources required for an honourable police service.

1.4 Organizational Structure



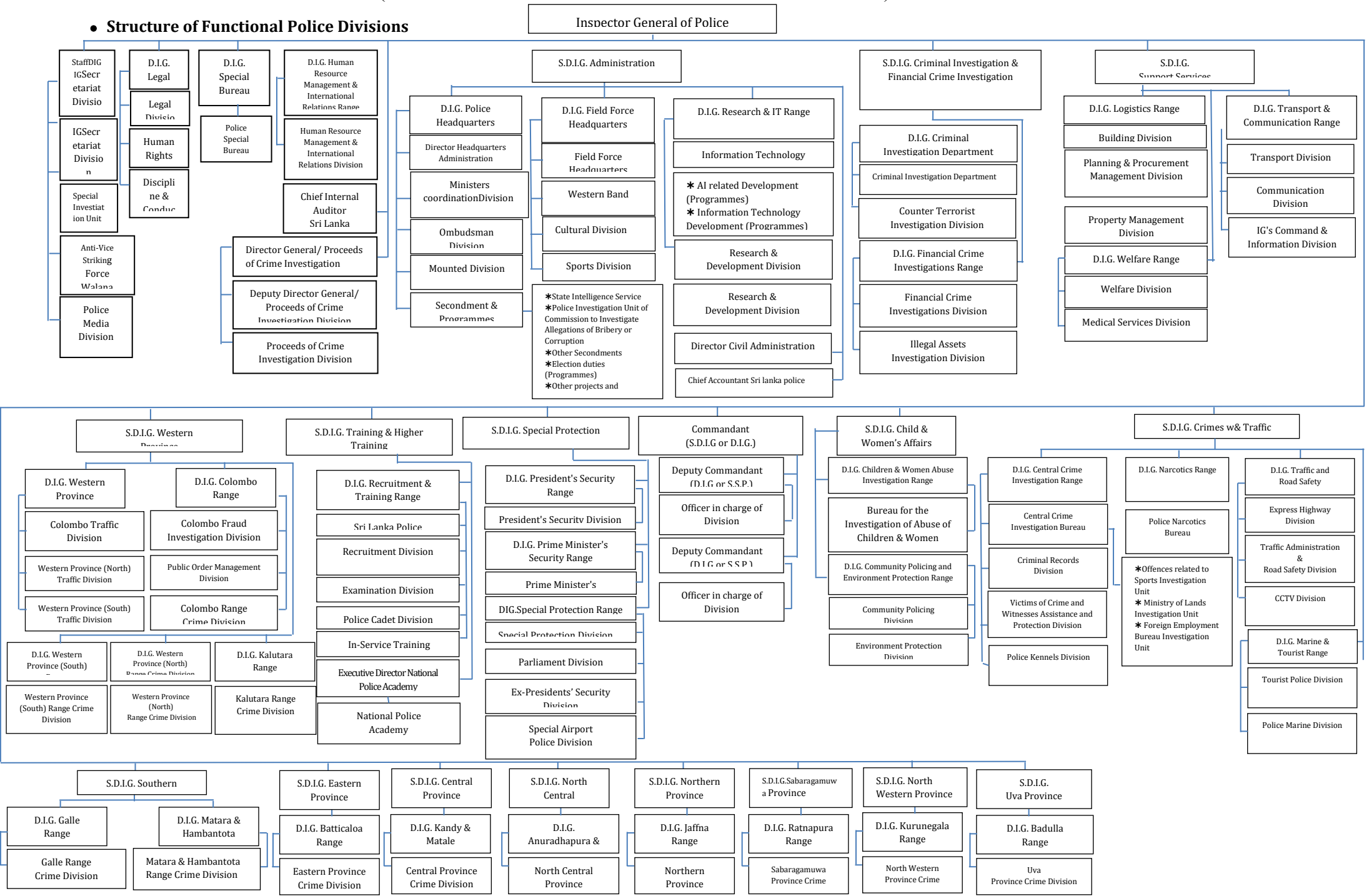
1.5 Main Divisions of Sri Lanka Police

◆ Structure of Territorial Police Divisions (Number of Territorial Police Divisions is 47 as at 31.12.2025.)

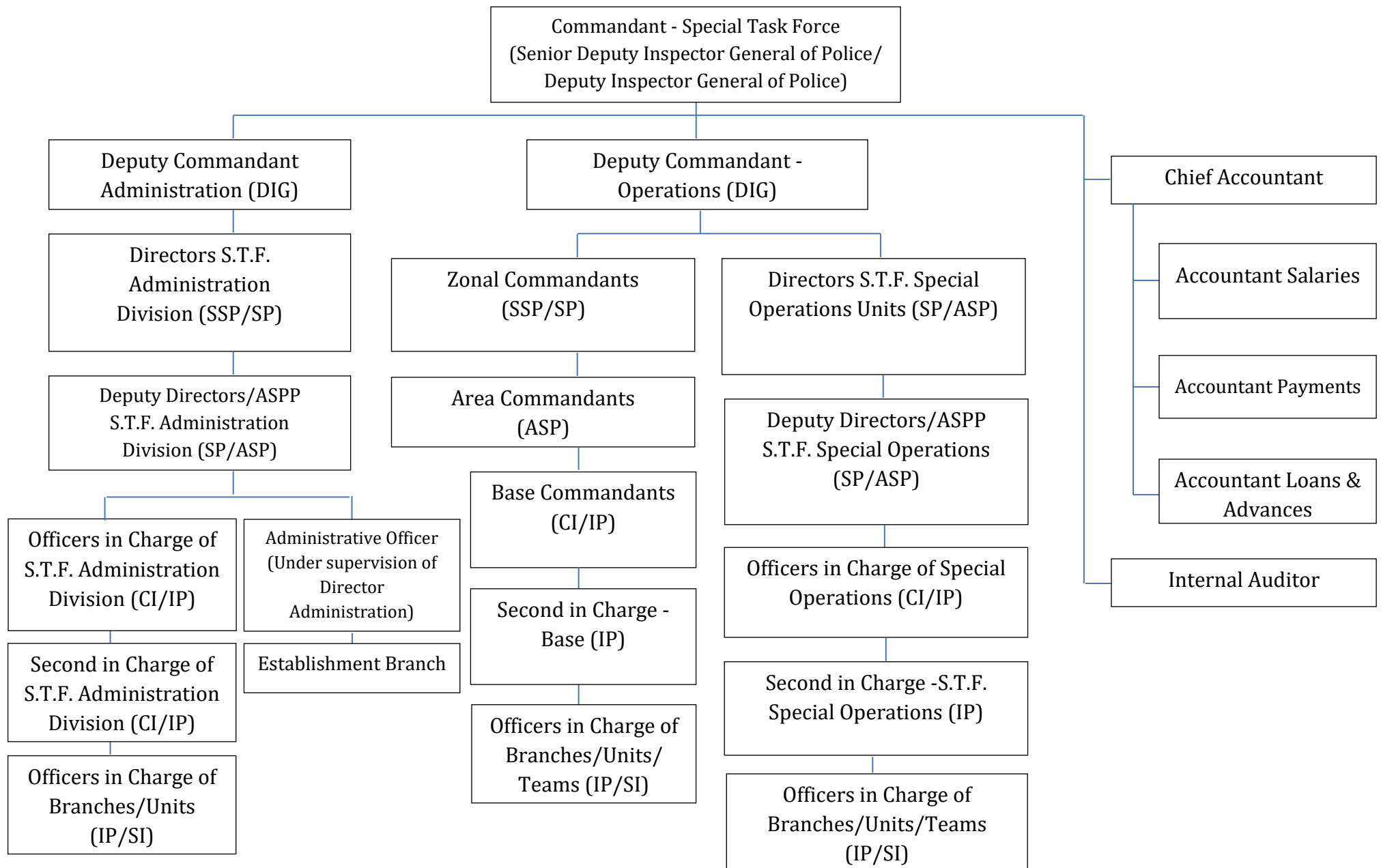


◆ Structure of Functional Police Divisions (Number of Functional Police Divisions is 77 as at 31.12.2025.)

● Structure of Functional Police Divisions



◆ Structure of the Special Task Force



1.6 Institutional Funds under the Department

Table No. 01

Serial No.	Name of the Fund	Balance as at 31.12.2025 (Rs.)	
		Cash Balance	Fixed Deposit Balance
1	Police Rewards Fund	157,754,421.29	27,322,507,099.14
2	Police Compassionate Fund	57,579.43	-

Source:- Chief Accountant Finance

1.7 Details of the Foreign Funded Projects

Table No. 02 Foreign Funded Projects

1	a) Name of the Project	Procurement of 134 Single Cabs for police stations in the Northern Province under a grant from the Government of India
	b) Donor Agency	Diesel & Motor Engineering PLC
	c) Estimated cost of the Project	Rs. 662.9 Mn
	d) Project Duration	2025 -2026

Source – Transport Division

Chapter 02

Progress and the Future Outlook

Progress - 2025

2.1 Crimes, Drug-related Crimes, Excise Offences, and Other Offences

Crimes reported to the Sri Lanka Police are classified as crimes of serious and non-serious nature for the convenience of investigation work. These crimes of serious nature are known as grave crimes and the said category of grave crimes has been further divided into 26 categories.

Crimes which are not of serious nature are also known as minor crimes and they are sub divided into minor crimes against individuals and minor crimes against property.

This chapter also studies drug-related crimes reported to the Sri Lanka Police, which provides information on narcotics, including heroin. Furthermore, this chapter discusses offenses related to illicit liquor included under excise offenses and offenses prohibited by various statutory acts and vice offences related to immoral acts reported to Sri Lanka Police.

2.1.1 Grave Crimes

Grave crimes are crimes of serious nature. As mentioned above, these offenses are also known as serious crimes and are referred to as crimes which should be reported by Departmental Order C2. The Sri Lanka Police has divided such crimes into 26 categories and the following tables show the progress of reporting and solving these crimes in 2025 in comparison with the progress in 2023 and 2024.

Table No. 03 **Grave Crimes**

Grave Crimes		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Abduction	573	503	70	88%	598	517	81	86%	618	539	79	87%
2	Kidnapping	205	181	24	88%	191	172	19	90%	195	179	16	92%
3	Arson or causing harm using explosives	483	323	160	67%	451	298	153	66%	402	279	123	69%
4	Harmful acts causing damage more than Rs. 50,000	321	260	61	81%	411	330	81	80%	361	304	57	84%
5	Burglary	12138	6057	6081	50%	9135	4371	4764	48%	9603	4638	4965	48%
6	Causing grievous hurt	1457	1392	65	96%	1348	1279	69	95%	1635	1570	65	96%
7	Causing injury using dangerous weapons (such as knives)	2275	2110	165	93%	2185	2045	140	94%	2260	2114	146	94%
8	Homicide	573	526	47	92%	555	514	41	93%	536	499	37	93%
9	Attempted homicide/abetting suicide	165	147	18	89%	159	146	13	92%	164	140	24	85%
10	Rape of women (older than 16 years)	291	268	23	92%	312	288	24	92%	300	283	17	94%
11	Statutory rape of women (less than 16 years) with the consent of the victim	1259	1219	40	97%	1345	1298	47	97%	1344	1278	66	95%

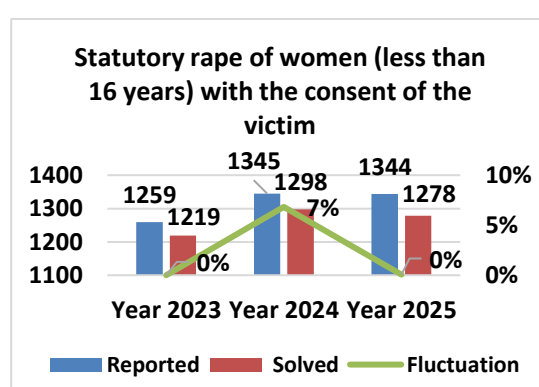
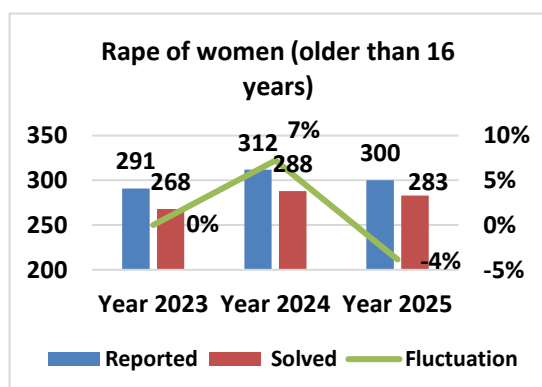
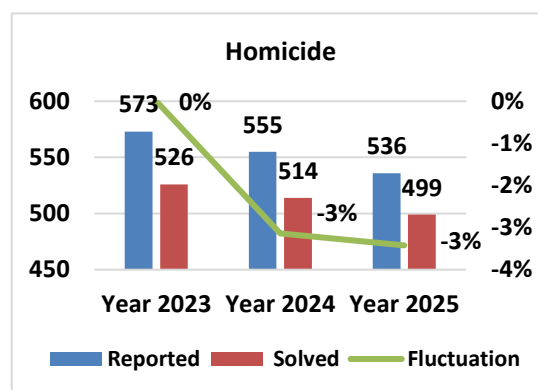
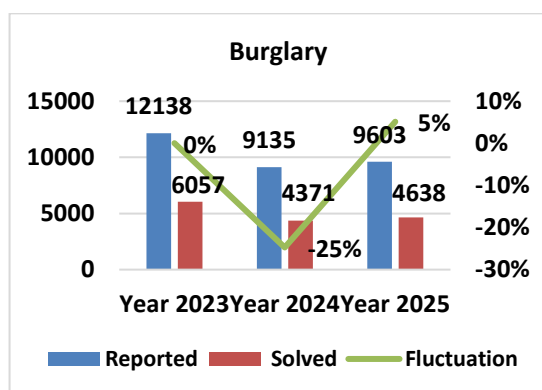
Grave Crimes		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
	Statutory rape of women (less than 16 years) without the consent of the victim	375	348	27	93%	362	341	21	94%	297	278	19	94%
12	Unlawful assembly/ riots and unrest	18	17	1	94%	11	11	0	100%	23	22	1	96%
13	Robbery	3150	1936	1214	61%	2410	1609	801	67%	2498	1621	877	65%
14	Unnatural offences and grave sexual abuse	675	637	38	94%	675	645	30	96%	646	609	37	94%
15	Extortion (any property or valuable security, or anything signed or sealed which may be converted into a valuable security)	145	118	27	81%	137	116	21	85%	155	135	20	87%
16	Fraud, criminal breach of trust and criminal misuse worth more than (Five Hundred Thousand) Rs. 500,000/=	3875	1865	2010	48%	4767	2657	2110	56%	5869	2615	3254	45%
17	Theft of plantation material worth more than Rs. 50,000	78	57	21	73%	70	49	21	70%	82	58	24	71%
	Theft of cattle worth more than Rs. 50,000	1682	1141	541	68%	1258	818	440	65%	1204	698	506	58%
	Theft of property worth more than Rs. 50,000	6968	4202	2766	60%	5824	3400	2424	58%	6359	3756	2603	59%
18	Printing and possession of counterfeit notes	82	75	7	91%	49	40	9	82%	33	29	4	88%
19	Offences committed against the State	1	1	0	0%	3	1	2	0%	1	1	0	0%
20	Cruel treatment against children	97	89	8	92%	123	117	6	95%	165	154	11	93%
21	Sexual exploitation of children	24	24	0	100%	18	16	2	89%	21	19	2	90%
22	Human trafficking and trade	10	8	2	80%	9	8	1	89%	6	6	0	100%
23	Offences under Offensive Weapons Act	143	134	9	94%	133	132	1	99%	97	95	2	98%
24	Possession of automatic firearms or repeaters	33	31	2	94%	22	22	0	100%	44	41	3	93%
25	Production, selling, importing, exporting any amount of morphine, cocaine or heroin, or possession of 1 kilo or more of hashish, 5 kilos or more of cannabis, 10 grams or more of methamphetamine aka ice, 500 grams or more of opium, 03 grams or more of morphine, 02 grams or more of cocaine,	7685	7665	20	100%	6410	6385	25	100%	9135	9059	76	99%

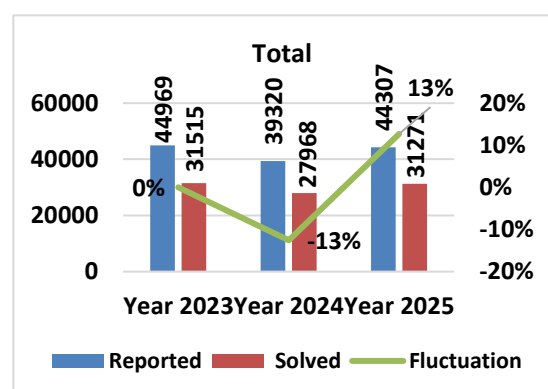
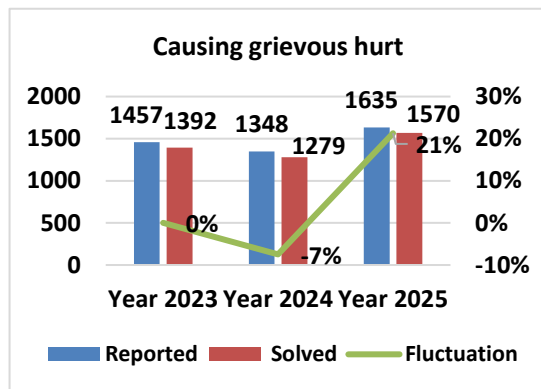
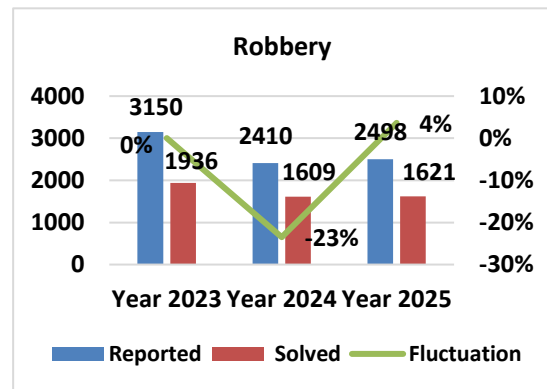
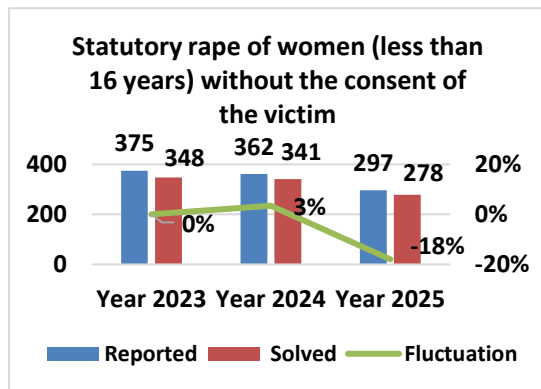
Grave Crimes		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
	and 05 grams or more of heroin												
26	Obstructing police officer in execution of duties	188	181	7	96%	349	343	6	98%	254	252	2	99%
	Total	44969	31515	13454	70%	39320	27968	11352	71%	44307	31271	13036	71%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means the ones in which police investigations have been completed, being taken for hearing in courts, and court hearings have been completed.)

The reporting and solving of a number of crimes depicted in the above table on grave crimes, that attract constant attention, have been further analyzed by the following graphs, and the graphs also depict the changes (fluctuations) in crime reporting in relation to the time periods mentioned in the table. For example, if the following graph on burglaries is taken into consideration, the number of burglaries reported in 2024 has decreased by 25% to 9135, compared to 12138 reported in 2023, but has increased by 5% to 9603 in 2025.





2.1.1(a) Grave Crimes against Women

The following table provides a comparison of grave crimes against women reported in relation to the past three years. Under this, the nature of solving and reporting such crimes against women in 2025 can be identified compared to those of the two years, 2023 and 2024.

Table No. 04

Grave Crimes Committed against Women

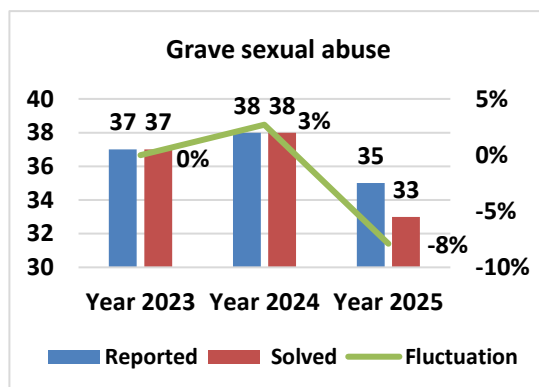
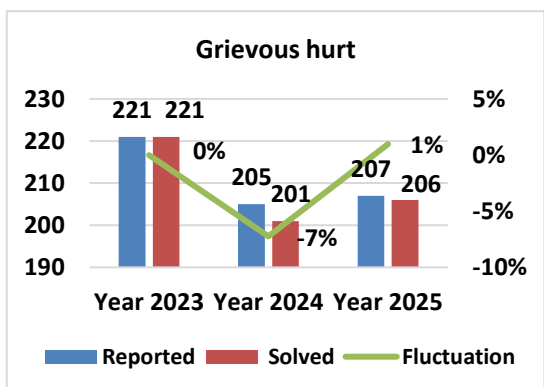
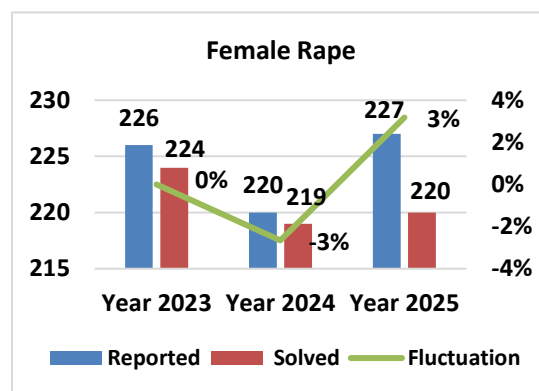
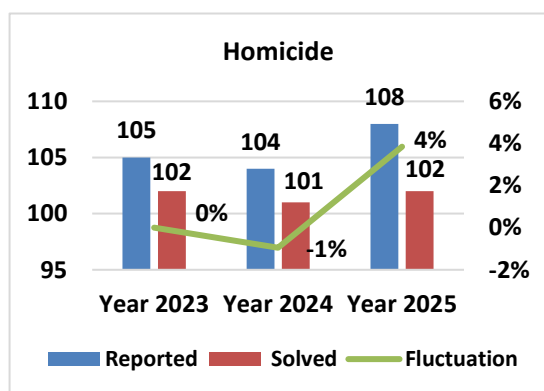
Offence		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Homicide	105	102	3	97%	104	101	3	97%	108	102	6	94%
2	Abetting suicide	0	0	0	0%	2	2	0	0%	0	0	0	0%
3	Attempted murder	16	16	0	100%	13	13	0	100%	14	14	0	100%
4	Female Rape	226	224	2	99%	220	219	1	100%	227	220	7	97%
5	Incest	3	3	0	100%	5	5	0	100%	2	2	0	100%
6	Grievous hurt	221	221	0	100%	205	201	4	98%	207	206	1	100%
7	Causing injuries by knives, etc.	96	96	0	100%	87	87	0	100%	67	67	0	100%
8	Unnatural offences/Immoral conduct between individuals	0	0	0	0%	3	3	0	100%	4	4	0	100%
9	Grave sexual abuse	37	37	0	100%	38	38	0	100%	35	33	2	94%
10	Abduction	2	2	0	100%	1	1	0	100%	3	3	0	100%

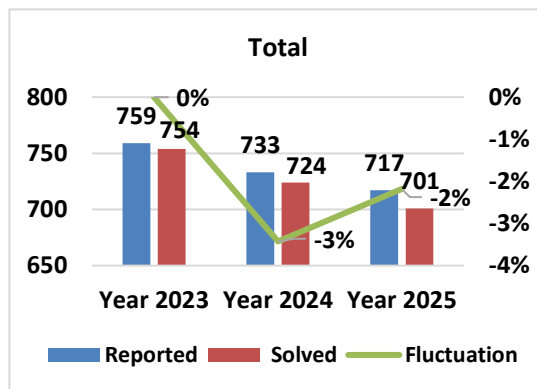
Offence		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
11	Kidnapping	44	44	0	100%	46	45	1	98%	36	36	0	100%
12	Supplying women for carnal intercourse	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	4	4	0	100%
13	Trading of Humans (Procuration)	7	7	0	100%	4	4	0	100%	3	3	0	100%
14	Other	2	2	0	100%	5	5	0	100%	7	7	0	100%
Total		759	754	5	99%	733	724	9	99%	717	701	16	98%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means the ones in which police investigations have been completed, being taken for hearing in courts, and court hearings have been completed. In 2025, in addition to the above criteria, the ones which are further being investigated although the suspects have been taken into custody by police are also included under the 'solved' category.)

The changes (fluctuations) in reporting and a comparative analysis with regard to the reporting and solving of a number of grave crimes against women, which command attention, have been depicted by the following graphs.





2.1.1. (b) Grave Crimes against Children

The following table presents grave crimes committed against children under 15 categories. Under this, the progress of reporting and solving those crimes in relation to the last three years is comparatively discussed through Table No. 05.

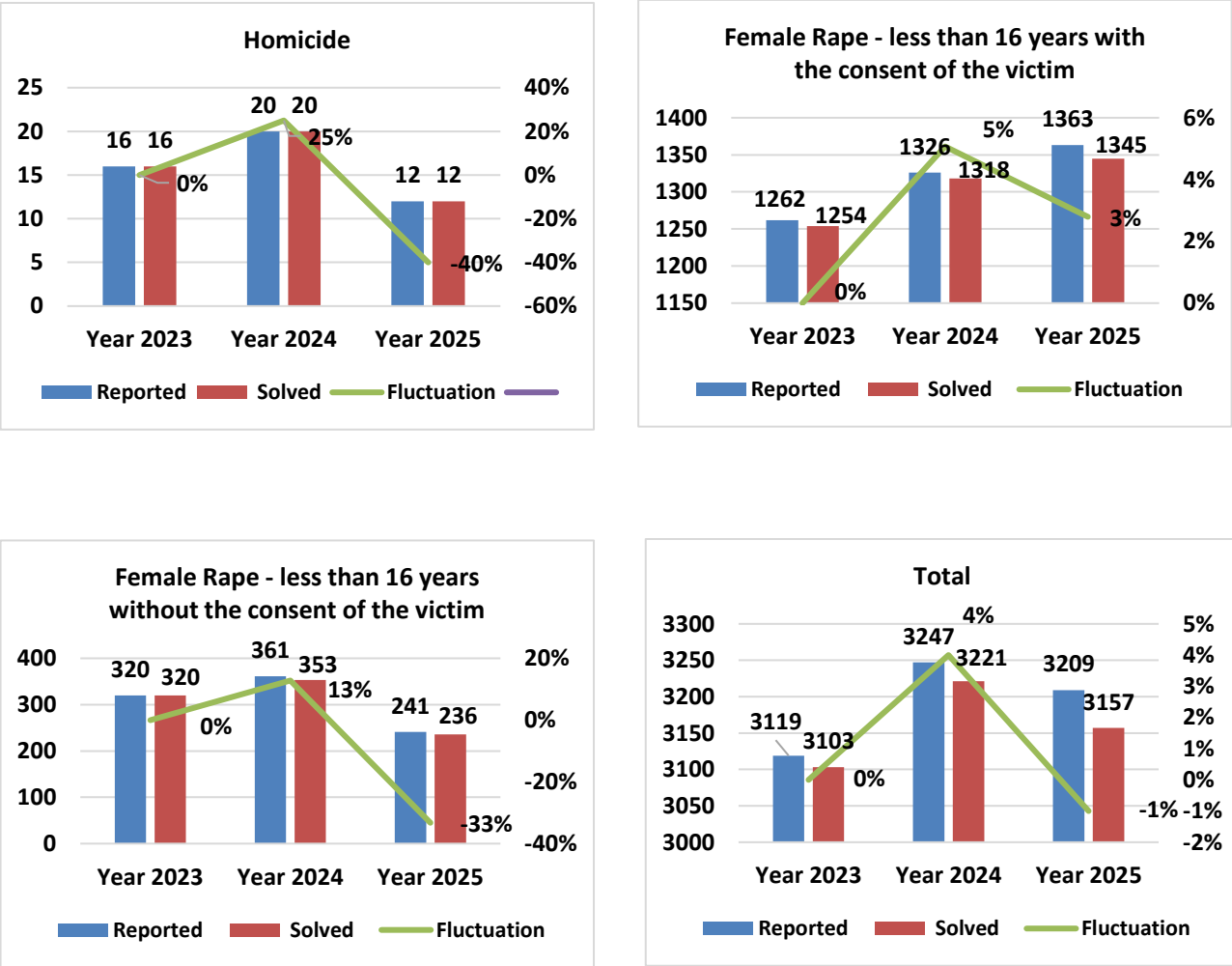
Table No. 05 Grave Crimes against Children

Offence			2023				2024				2025			
			Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Homicide		16	16	0	100%	20	20	0	100%	12	12	0	100%
2	Abetting Suicide		0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%
3	Attempted Murder		11	11	0	100%	8	8	0	100%	11	11	0	100%
4	Female Rape	less than 16 years with the consent of the victim	1262	1254	8	99%	1326	1318	8	99%	1363	1345	18	99%
		less than 16 years without the consent of the victim	320	320	0	100%	361	353	8	98%	241	236	5	98%
		Age between 16 - 18	51	51	0	100%	67	66	1	99%	66	66	0	100%
5	Incest		63	63	0	100%	40	40	0	100%	44	44	0	100%
6	Grievvous Hurt		57	57	0	100%	54	54	0	100%	60	60	0	100%
7	Causing injuries by knives, etc.		8	8	0	0%	8	8	0	0%	20	17	3	85%
8	Unnatural offences/Immoral conduct between individuals		8	8	0	100%	0	0	0	0%	8	8	0	0%
9	Grave sexual abuse		605	605	0	100%	616	613	3	100%	572	564	8	99%
10	Abduction		561	555	6	99%	584	580	4	99%	590	573	17	97%
11	Kidnapping		27	25	2	93%	19	17	2	89%	29	29	0	100%
12	Trading of Humans (Procuration)		3	3	0	100%	3	3	0	100%	6	6	0	100%
13	Cruel treatment against childre		97	97	0	100%	123	123	0	100%	165	164	1	99%
14	Sexual exploitation		24	24	0	100%	11	11	0	100%	11	11	0	100%
15	Other		6	6	0	100%	7	7	0	100%	11	11	0	100%
Total			3119	3103	16	99%	3247	3221	26	99%	3209	3157	52	98%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means the ones in which police investigations have been completed, being taken for hearing in courts, and court hearings have been completed. In 2025, the ones which are further being investigated although the suspects have been taken into custody by police are also included under the 'solved' in addition to the above criteria.)

The changes (fluctuations) in reporting and comparative analyses with regard to the reporting and solving of a number of grave crimes against children, which command attention, have been depicted by the following graphs.



2.1.1. (c) Offences against the human body

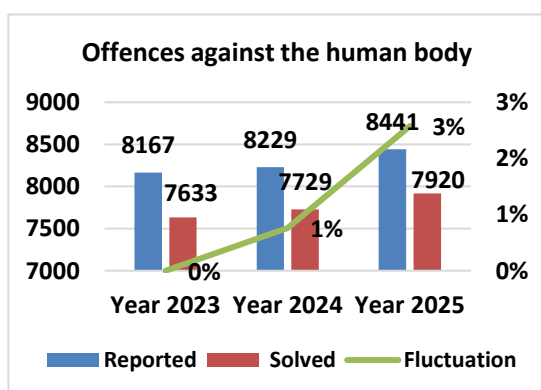
With the intention of further analysing the 26 crimes that are considered under the grave crimes, the following table presents these offences against the human body having categorised as 13 crimes. The following graph compares and depict the total reporting and solving of these crimes relevant to the previous three years.

Table No. 06

Offences against the human body

Serial No.	Offences against the human body	From 2023.01.01 to 2023.12.31			From 2024.01.01 to 2024.12.31			From 2025.01.01 to 2025.12.31		
		Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%
1	Abduction	573	503	88%	598	517	86%	618	539	87%
2	Kidnapping	205	181	88%	191	172	90%	195	179	92%
3	Grievous hurt	1457	1392	96%	1348	1279	95%	1635	1570	96%
4	Causing injuries by knives, etc.	2275	2110	93%	2185	2045	94%	2260	2114	94%
5	Homicide	573	526	92%	555	514	93%	536	499	93%
6	Attempted homicide	165	147	89%	159	146	92%	164	140	85%
7	Female Rape over 16 years	291	268	92%	312	288	92%	300	283	94%
8.1	Statutory rape less than 16 years with consent	1259	1219	97%	1345	1298	97%	1344	1278	95%
8.2	Statutory rape less than 16 years without consent	375	348	93%	362	341	94%	297	278	94%
9	Unnatural offences and grave sexual abuse	675	637	94%	675	645	96%	646	609	94%
10	Cruel treatment against childre	97	89	92%	123	117	95%	165	154	93%
11	Sexual exploitation of children	24	24	100%	18	16	89%	21	19	90%
12	Trading of Humans (Procuration)	10	8	80%	9	8	89%	6	6	100%
13	Obstruction of duties of police officers	188	181	96%	349	343	98%	254	252	99%
Total		8167	7633	93%	8229	7729	94%	8441	7920	94%

Source: Research & Development Division



According the graph reporting of offences against the human body has gone up by 1% from 8167 in 2023 to 8229 in 2024 and has further increased by 3% up to 8441 in 2025.

2.1.1. (d) Offences against Property

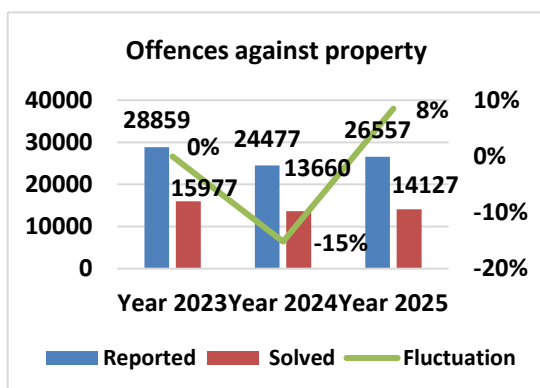
The offences from No. 14 to 22 outlined in the table on grave crimes are categorized as offences against property. The reporting and solving of those offences have been given through the following table, and the nature of the total instances of reporting in relation to the previous three years has been depicted through the graph.

Table No. 07

Offences against property

Serial No.	Offences against property	From 2023.01.01 to 2023.12.31			From 2024.01.01 to 2024.12.31			From 2025.01.01 to 2025.12.31		
		Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%
14	Extortion (An amount, any property or valuable security, anything signed or sealed which may be converted into a valuable security)	145	118	81%	137	116	85%	155	135	87%
15	Harmful acts causing damage more than Rs. 50,000	321	260	81%	411	330	80%	361	304	84%
16	Causing damage by fire or explosion	483	323	67%	451	298	66%	402	279	69%
17	Theft by burglary	12138	6057	50%	9135	4371	48%	9603	4638	48%
18	Unlawful Assembly and Rioting	18	17	94%	11	11	100%	23	22	96%
19	Robbery	3150	1936	61%	2410	1609	67%	2498	1621	65%
20	Fraud, criminal breach of trust and criminal misuse worth more than Rs. 500,000/=	3875	1865	48%	4767	2657	56%	5869	2615	45%
21.1	Theft of plantation material worth more than Rs. 50,000	78	57	73%	70	49	70%	82	58	71%
21.2	Theft of cattle worth more than Rs. 50,000/=	1682	1141	68%	1258	818	65%	1204	698	58%
21.3	Theft of property worth more than Rs. 50,000/=	6968	4202	60%	5824	3400	58%	6359	3756	59%
22	Offences committed against the State	1	1	100%	3	1	33%	1	1	100%
Total		28859	15977	55%	24477	13660	56%	26557	14127	53%

Source: Research & Development Division



According to the graph, reporting of offences against property has increased by 15% from 28859 in 2023 to 24477 in 2024 and has decreased by 8% to 26557 in 2025.

2.1.1 (e) Victimless Crimes

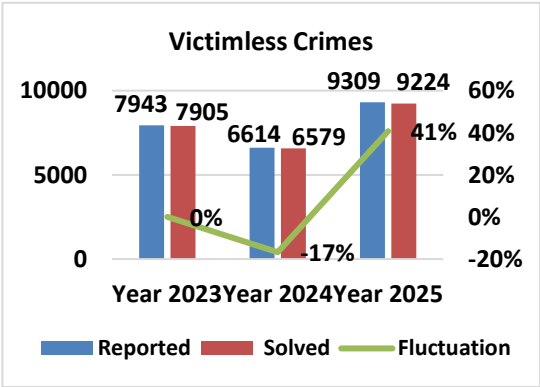
This category belongs to the section from Serial No. 23 to 26 of Grave Crimes, and the following table and the graph depict the nature of reporting and solving of these victimless crimes.

Table No - 08

Table on Victimless Crimes

Serial No.	Victimless Crimes	From 2023.01.01 to 2023.12.31			From 2024.01.01 to 2024.12.31			From 2025.01.01 to 2025.12.31		
		Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%	Reported	Solved	%
23	Offences come under the Offensive Weapons Act	143	134	94%	133	132	99%	97	95	98%
24	Possession and printing of counterfeit currency	82	75	91%	49	40	82%	33	29	88%
25	Possession of automatic or repeater guns	33	31	94%	22	22	100%	44	41	93%
26	Production, selling, importing, exporting any amount of morphine, cocaine or heroin, or possession of 1 kilo or more of hashish, 5 kilos or more of cannabis, 10 grams or more of methamphetamine aka ice, 500 grams or more of opium, 03 grams or more of morphine, 02 grams or more of cocaine, and 05 grams or more of heroin	7685	7665	100%	6410	6385	100%	9135	9059	99%
Total		7943	7905	100%	6614	6579	99%	9309	9224	99%

Source – Research and Development Division



According the graph, reporting of offences against victimless crimes has gone down by 17% from 7943 to 6614 in 2024 relative to year 2023, and has increased by 41% to 9309 in 2025

2.1.2 Minor Crimes

Out of the crimes reported to the Sri Lanka Police, the crimes which are not of a serious nature are referred to as minor crimes. These crimes, which are sometimes referred to as minor offences, are divided into two categories named minor crimes against persons and minor crimes against property. The following table depicts minor crimes reported and resolved relevant to 3 years.

2.1.2(a) Minor Crimes against Persons

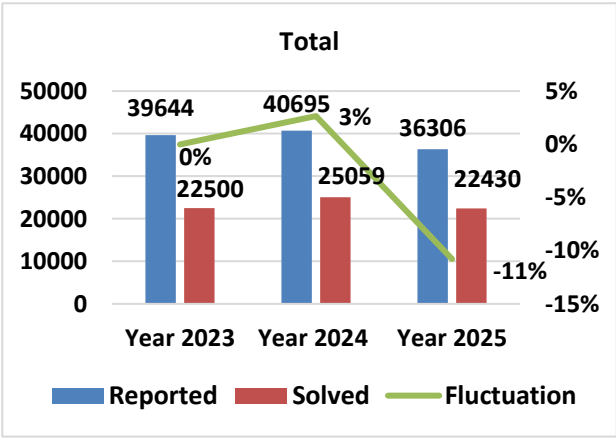
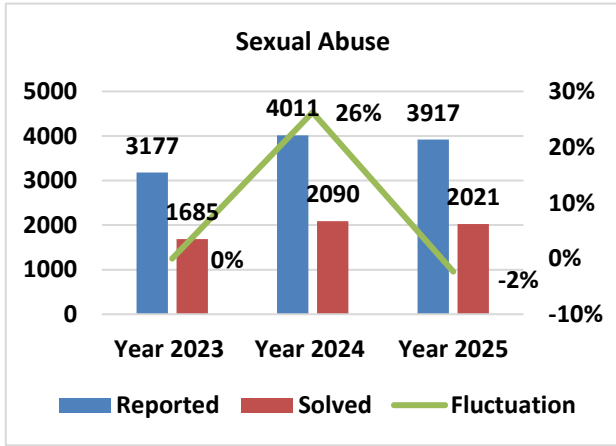
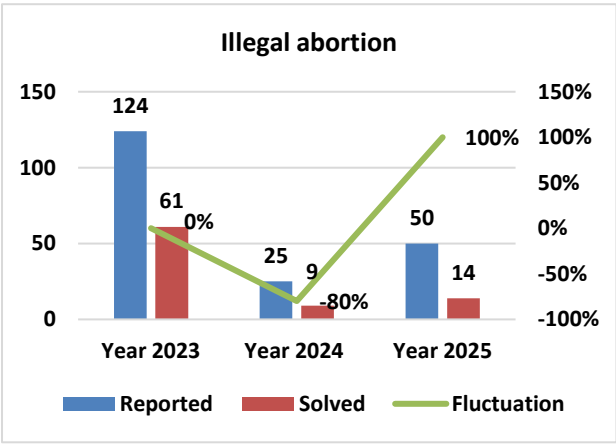
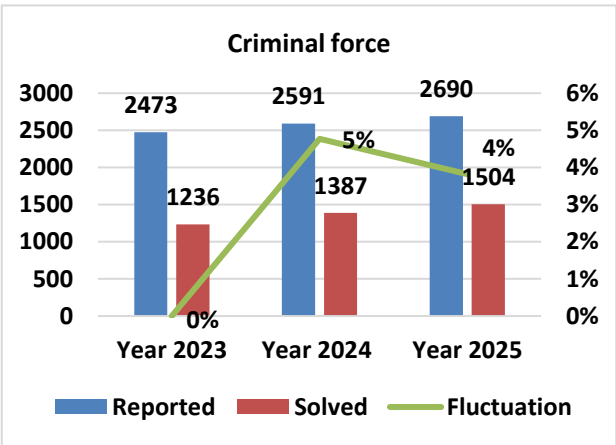
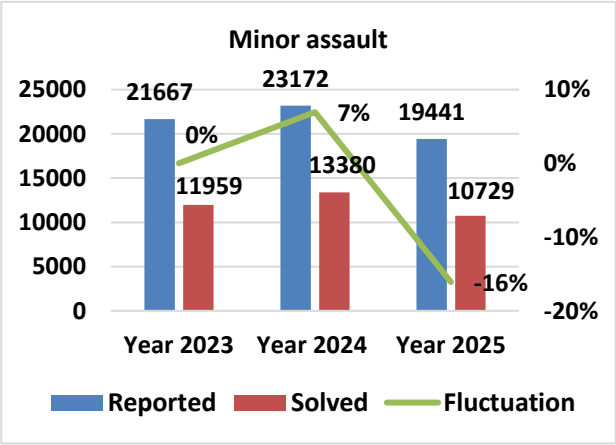
Table No. - 09

Offence		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Minor assault	21667	11959	9708	55%	23172	13380	9792	58%	19441	10729	8712	55%
2	Illegal abortion	124	61	63	49%	25	9	16	36%	50	14	36	28%
3	Criminal trespass/house trespass	1443	654	789	45%	1449	800	649	55%	1193	633	560	53%
4	Sexual abuse	3177	1685	1492	53%	4011	2090	1921	52%	3917	2021	1896	52%
5	Unlawful obstruction/arbitrary	186	122	64	66%	154	67	87	44%	115	70	45	61%
6	Being caught for remaining inside a building etc. for an illegal activity	10	4	6	40%	13	8	5	62%	2	2	0	100%
7	Being a notorious thief	35	14	21	40%	107	49	58	46%	45	26	19	58%
8	Quarrelling in public places	439	288	151	66%	320	253	67	79%	241	207	34	86%
9	Criminal force, criminal intimidation and deliberate insult	2473	1236	1237	50%	2591	1387	1204	54%	2690	1504	1186	56%
10	Being absent as a disobedience to a lawful order of a police officer	315	170	145	54%	300	225	75	75%	237	169	68	71%
11	Attempting to cause any kind of injury	345	171	174	50%	483	318	165	66%	333	195	138	59%
12	Requesting to bind a person over	1628	1502	126	92%	2201	2016	185	92%	213	113	100	53%
13	Fabricating false evidence at court	150	57	93	38%	49	44	5	90%	2430	2346	84	97%
14	Obstructing a public servant (except a police officer) in discharge of his duties /Criminal Force	7652	4577	3075	60%	333	221	112	66%	67	66	1	99%
15	Domestic violence					2964	2555	409	86%	2149	2053	96	96%
16	Offences in connection with the public healthcare/convenience/decency, and morals					260	240	20	92%	599	567	32	95%
17	Offences related to defamation					110	55	55	50%	64	30	34	47%
18	Offences committed by personation					97	61	36	63%	182	113	69	62%
19	Violation of election laws					198	126	72	64%	443	248	195	56%
20	Other minor offences committed under the Penal Code of Sri Lanka					1858	1155	703	62%	1895	1324	571	70%
Total		39644	22500	17144	57%	40695	25059	15636	62%	36306	22430	13876	62%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means all the number of cases filed, i.e., the number of pending cases in the court, the number of cases closed otherwise, the number of cases that has ended with conviction, and the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released.)

The following graphs provide a comparative analysis of the most frequently reported and attention-grabbing crimes among the minor crimes mentioned in the table above.



2.1.2(b) Minor Crimes against Women and Children

Minor crimes against persons which are reported to Sri Lanka Police are further divided as minor crimes committed against women and minor crimes committed against children. The following tables illustrate the minor crimes against women under 15 categories and minor crimes against children under 14 categories.

Table No. - 10

Minor crimes against women

Serial No.	Nature of the crime	2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Sexual harassment	2374	2323	51	98%	2790	2710	80	97%	2904	2781	123	96%
2	Publication of matters relating to certain offences, 365 (c) (1) (2) (a) (c) (d) of Penal Code (Amendment) Act, No 22 of 1995	1	1	0	100%	6	1	5	17%	0	0	0	0%
3	Causing death by negligence	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%
4	Cohabitation caused deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	1	1	0	100%
5	Polygamy	10	10	0	100%	10	10	0	100%	138	138	0	100%
6	Causing simple hurt	4025	4021	4	100%	4213	4205	8	100%	3697	3689	8	100%
7	Wrongful restraint/ wrongful confinement	3	3	0	100%	9	9	0	100%	79	79	0	100%
8	Assaulting or using criminal force	26	26	0	100%	20	20	0	100%	16	13	3	81%
9	Criminal intimidation	208	203	5	98%	193	188	5	97%	222	208	14	94%
10	Intentional insult with the intent to provoke	5	5	0	100%	0	0	0	0%	5	5	0	100%
11	Affray	4	4	0	100%	5	5	0	100%	4	4	0	100%
12	Attempt to commit sexual harassment	66	66	0	100%	10	10	0	100%	11	11	0	100%
13	Offences under Domestic Violence Act	1553	1553	0	100%	2989	2989	0	100%	3178	3178	0	100%
14	Other	160	158	2	99%	226	221	5	98%	340	332	8	98%
	Total	8435	8373	62	99%	10471	10368	103	99%	10595	10439	156	99%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means all the number of cases filed, i.e., the number of pending cases in the court, the number of cases closed otherwise, the number of cases that has ended with conviction, and the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released)

The following graphs provide a comparative analysis of the most frequently reported and attention-grabbing crimes among the minor crimes mentioned in the table above.

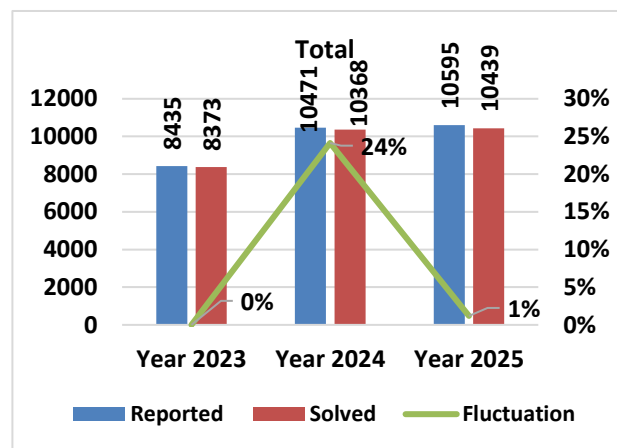
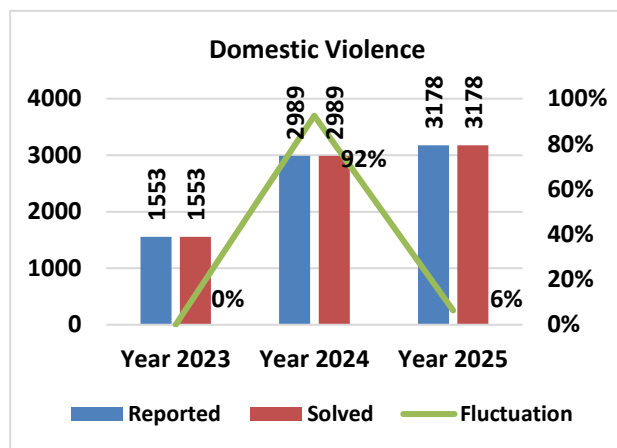
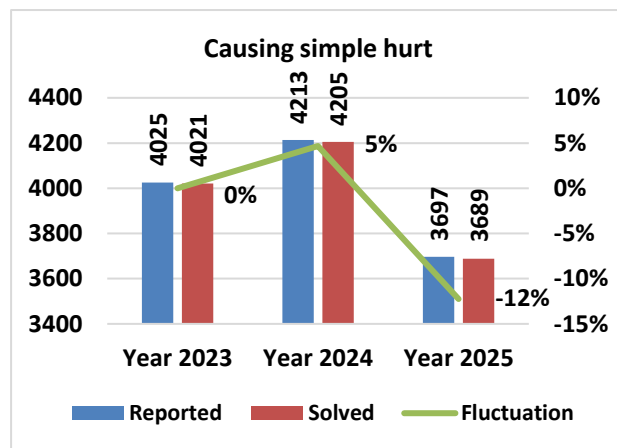
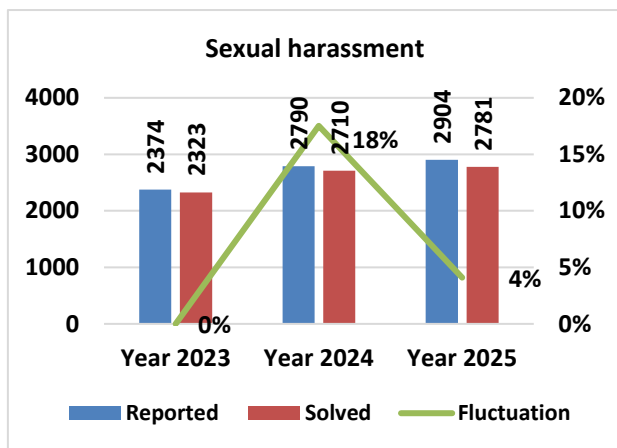


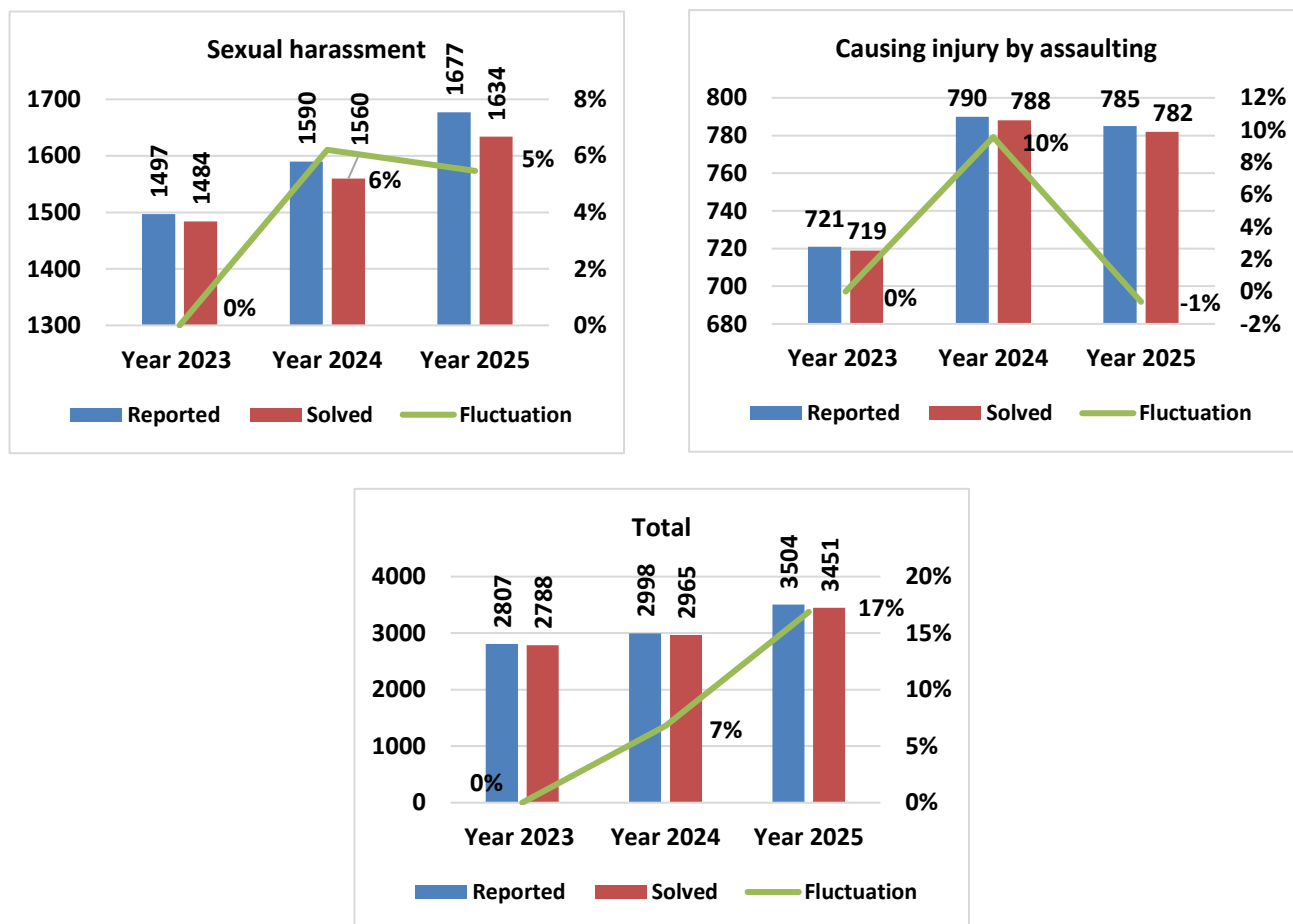
Table No. - 11

Minor crimes against children

Serial No.	Nature of the offence	2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Sexual harassment	1497	1484	13	99%	1590	1560	30	98%	1677	1634	43	97%
2	Publication of matters relating to certain offences Penal Code (Amendment) Act, No 22 of 1995 365	3	3	0	100%	3	3	0	100%	4	3	1	75%
3	Obscene publication and exhibition relating to children	9	9	0	100%	13	13	0	100%	15	15	0	100%
4	Procuring of children under 18 to beg	21	21	0	100%	18	18	0	100%	34	34	0	100%
5	Hiring and employing children to traffic restricted articles	1	1	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	7	7	0	0%
6	Causing injury by assaulting	721	719	2	100%	790	788	2	100%	785	782	3	100%
7	Producing before the court under Domestic Violence Act	2	2	0	100%	1	1	0	100%	12	12	0	100%
8	Attempt to commit sexual harassment	13	13	0	100%	1	1	0	100%	23	23	0	100%
9	Child labour	1	1	0	100%	0	0	0	0%	2	2	0	0%
10	Illegal adoption of children	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%
11	Prevent children from obtaining education	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	1	1	0	0%
12	Criminal intimidation and threatening of children	16	12	4	75%	23	23	0	100%	98	96	2	98%
13	Keeping children for custody and care	423	423	0	100%	477	477	0	100%	674	673	1	100%
14	Other	100	100	0	100%	82	81	1	99%	172	169	3	98%
Total		2807	2788	19	99%	2998	2965	33	99%	3504	3451	53	98%

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means all the number of cases filed, i.e., the number of pending cases in the court, the number of cases closed otherwise, the number of cases that has ended with conviction, and the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released)

The following graphs provide a comparative analysis (in relation to the reporting, solving, and fluctuation) of the most frequently reported and attention-grabbing crimes among the minor crimes mentioned in the table above.



2.1.2(c) Programmes for prevention of crimes and violence against children and women

It is necessary to make every aspect of society aware of minimising crimes and violence committed against children and women. Accordingly, awareness programmes have been carried out as follows by the Police Children and Women's Bureau and by its regional units in 2025 to make children and adults as well as other parties aware in this regard.

Table No. - 12

Prevention Programmes

Section	Awareness programmes for children	Awareness programmes for adults	Awareness programmes for police officers	Awareness programmes for government officers	Other speeches
By Children and Women Bureau	53	12	11	13	2
By divisional and police station bureaus	22765	15001	644	2555	3865
Total	22818	15013	655	2568	3867

Source: Children & Women Bureau

2.1.2(d) Minor Crimes against Property

The following table indicates minor crimes against property under 12 categories. As per the table, there is a significant difference in the percentage of solving minor crimes against property reported to Sri Lanka Police compared to the percentage of solving crimes in the fields of grave crimes, miscellaneous complaints, etc. A comparative analysis of the data in relation to the reporting and solving of these crimes related to three years is shown in the table

Table No. - 13

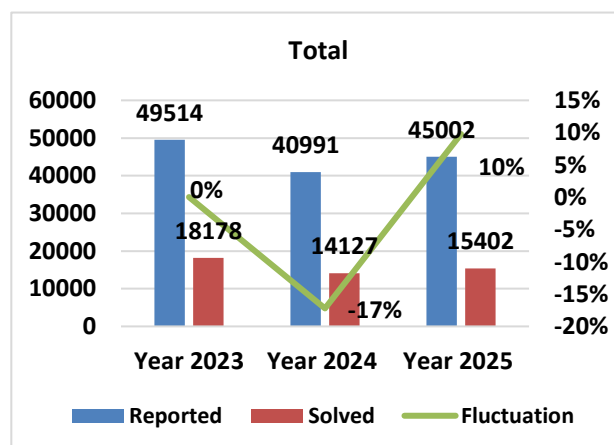
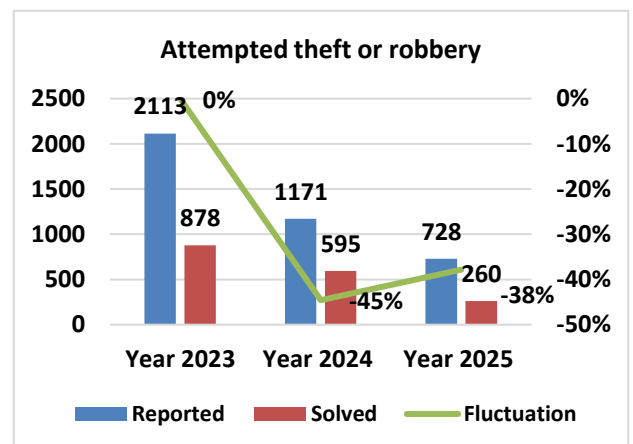
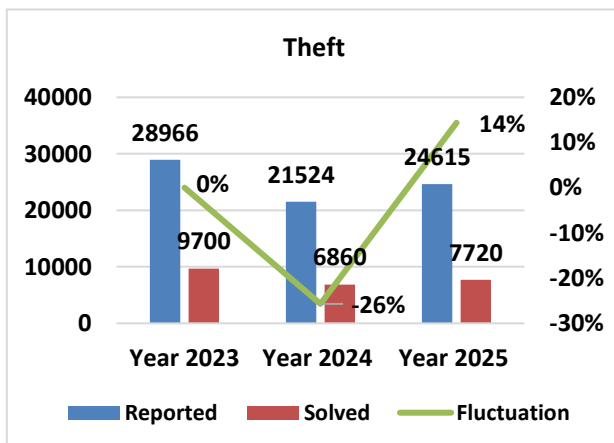
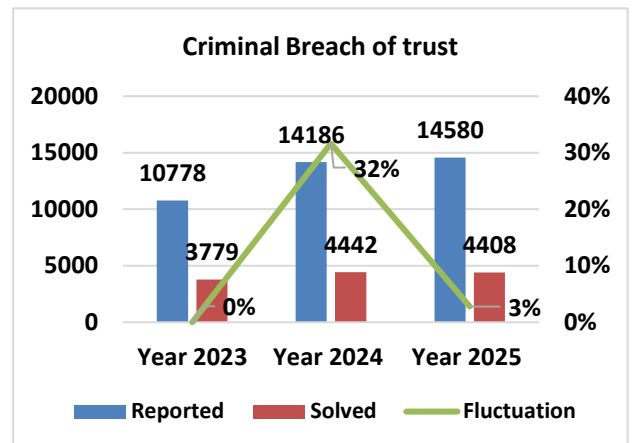
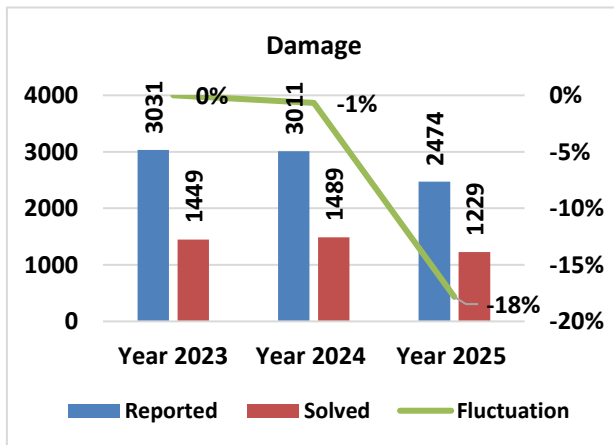
Minor crimes against property

Offence		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Unlawful possession of burgling tools	175	95	80	54%	183	93	90	51%	123	61	62	50%
2	Offences related to causing damage to sacred objects/religious places/ religions	56	24	32	43%	26	14	12	54%	22	12	10	55%
3	Offences relating to weighing and measuring	24	7	17	29%	30	22	8	73%	9	8	1	89%
4	Possession of pornographic books etc., for displaying publicly or for sale, acts such as selling pornographic magazines, images, and books	25	19	6	76%	43	21	22	49%	12	10	2	83%
5	Attempted theft or robbery	2113	878	1235	42%	1171	595	576	51%	728	260	468	36%
6	Damage less than Rs. 50000	3031	1449	1582	48%	3011	1489	1522	49%	2474	1229	1245	50%
7	Theft less than Rs. 50000	28966	9700	19266	33%	21524	6860	14664	32%	24615	7720	16895	31%
8	Criminal Breach of trust/ fraud/ misappropriation less than Rs. 500,000	10778	3779	6999	35%	14186	4442	9744	31%	14580	4408	10172	30%
9	Complaints on public nuisance	664	200	464	30%	278	204	74	73%	144	104	40	72%
10	Requests made under Section 66 of Primary Courts Procedure Act No. 44	451	235	216	52%	353	317	36	90%	369	344	25	93%
11	Offences related to forged official seals / forged documents / fake driving licenses / forged cheques	3231	1792	1439	55%	186	70	116	38%	126	47	79	37%
12	Other					1686	953	733	57%	1800	1199	601	67%
Total		49514	18178	31336	37%	40991	14127	26864	34%	45002	15402	29600	34%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means all the number of cases filed, i.e., the number of pending cases in the court, the number of cases closed otherwise, the number of cases that has ended with conviction, and the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released)

The following graphs provide a comparative analysis (in relation to the reporting, solving, and fluctuation) of the most frequently reported and attention-grabbing crimes among the minor crimes mentioned in the table above.



2.1.3 Drug-related Crimes

As per the table, narcotics-related crimes were reported to Sri Lanka Police under 13 categories, and the information in relation to drug-related crimes during the periods of 2023, 2024, and 2025 is indicated in the following table.

Table No. 14

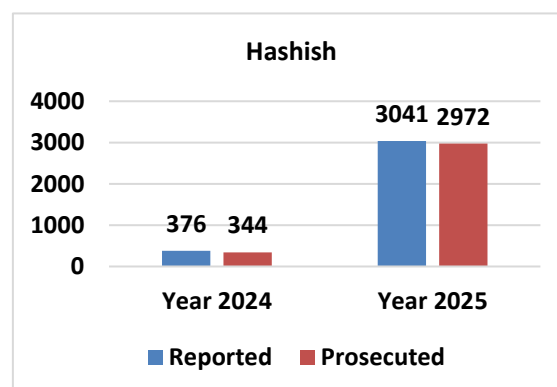
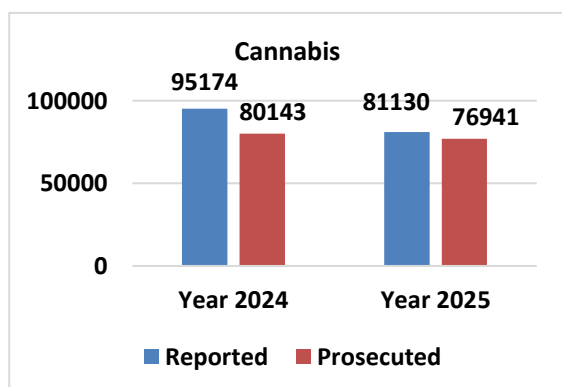
Narcotics

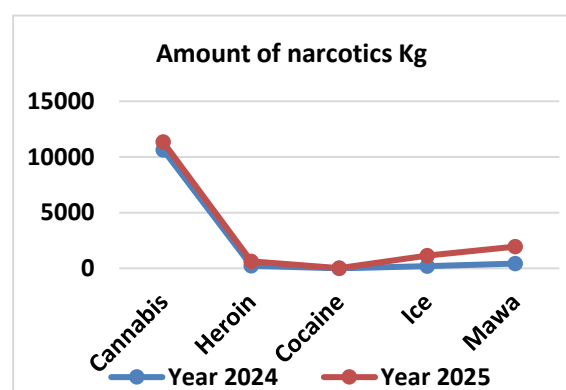
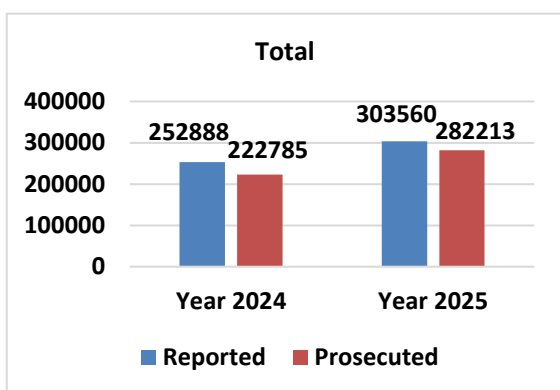
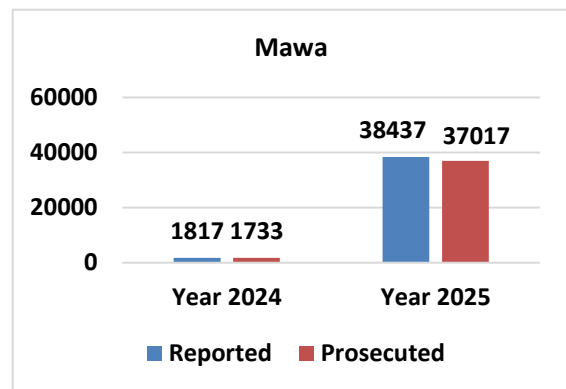
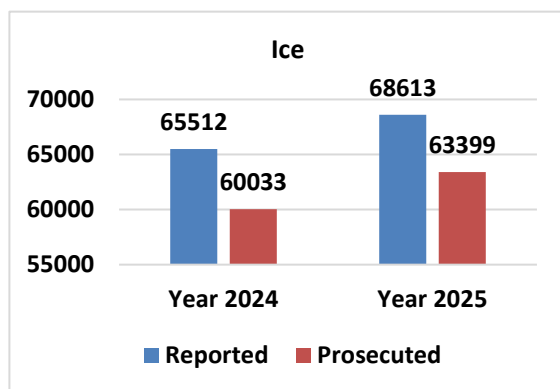
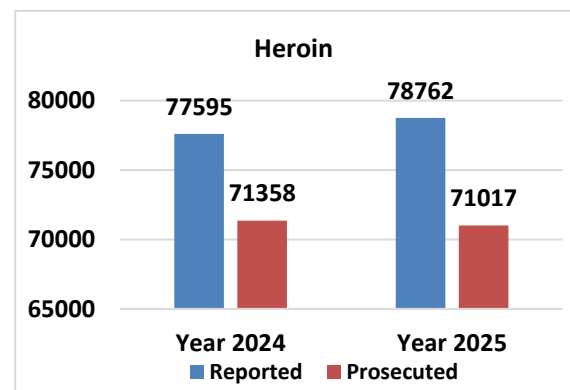
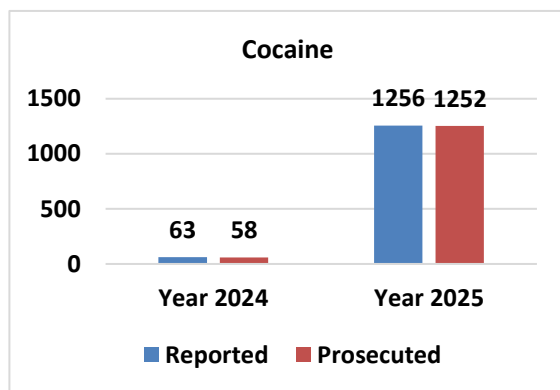
Serial No.	Type of Narcotics	2023							2024							2025						
		Reported	Filed cases	Number of persons became offenders	Percentage of Prosecutions	Arrested quantity (kg/g/mg)			Reported	Filed cases	Number of persons became offenders	Percentage of Prosecutions	Arrested quantity (kg/g/mg)			Reported	Filed cases	Number of persons became offenders	Percentage of Prosecutions	Arrested quantity (kg/g/mg)		
						kg	g	mg					kg	g	mg					kg	g	mg
1	Cannabis	72685	68628	53278	94%	5597	949	852	95174	80143	64568	84%	10645	959	859	81130	76941	69293	95%	11336	57	609
2	Opium	12	12	8	100%	0	2	203	38	38	38	100%	51	831	649	567	495	410	87%	3	258	267
3	Hashish	408	361	313	88%	104	111	201	376	344	294	91%	1	573	856	3041	2972	2263	98%	34	309	473
4	Heroin	75832	68647	45580	91%	144	813	57	77595	71358	47108	92%	225	697	800	78762	71017	54062	90%	632	911	890
5	Morphine	143	128	82	90%	0	367	503	8	8	6	100%	0	10	187	14492	13437	12264	93%	64	741	213
6	Cocaine	33	30	21	91%	1	470	365	63	58	33	92%	5	477	114	1256	1252	827	100%	24	607	358
7	Ice	32074	30267	21597	94%	66	394	77	65512	60033	41323	92%	197	205	944	68613	63399	47520	92%	1154	125	844
8	Babul	60	53	43	88%	7	258	319	85	85	79	100%	0	145	585	171	153	113	89%	81	94	824
9	Mawa	701	658	508	94%	1185	596	501	1817	1733	1421	95%	442	183	856	38437	37017	34407	96%	1965	599	781
10	Other	7937	6988	5075	88%	210	887	27	12220	8985	6724	74%	100	5	497	17091	15530	11971	91%	342	261	632
	Total	189885	175772	126505	93%	7318	850	105	252888	222785	161594	88%	12570	91	347	303560	282213	233130	93%	15638	967	891
						Arrested amount							Arrested amount							Arrested amount		
11	Narcotic pills	11	9	4	100%	218330			0			0%	0			0			0%	0		
12	Narcotic stamps	0	0	0	100%	0			0			0%	0			0			0%	0		
13	Painkillers	0	0	0	100%	0			0			0%	0			0			0%	0		
	Total	189896	175781	126509	93%	218330			252888	222785	161594	88%	0			303560	282213	233130	93%	0		

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term “Number of Filed Cases”, comprehensively means all the number of cases that has ended with conviction, the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released or ended otherwise and the number of cases pending in the court and the cases for which the reports of the Government Analyst have not been received)

According to the above table, the non-reporting of drug-related offences mentioned under Nos. 11, 12, and 13 in 2024 compared to 2023, and the situation remaining unchanged in 2025, can be identified as a positive trend.





In 2025, there is an increase in the reporting of narcotic-related crimes compared to 2024, as shown in the graphs. This indicates a huge increase of apprehensions related to 1167 raids on heroin, 1193 raids on cocaine, 2665 raids on hashish, 3101 raids on ice and 36620 raids on Mawa, compared to 2024. The number of raids reported in relation to cannabis has decreased by 15% compared to 2024. Raids related to cocaine and Mawa have increased by 90% compared to 2024, and the graphs show that the total number of drug-related crimes has increased by 20%.

♦ **Photos of the raids conducted by the Police Narcotics Bureau**



Apprehension of 11 kg of narcotic ice and 180 kg of heroin along with Rs. 255000 in cash at Kahantota Mawatha, Malabe, on 22.01.2025



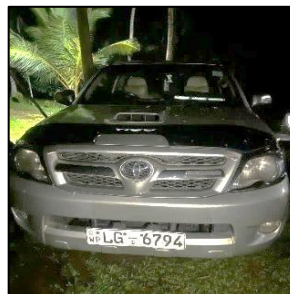
Apprehension of 11 kg of narcotic ice and Rs. 866250 in cash at Muwadora Uyana Housing Scheme, on 21.01.2025



Apprehension of 2 kg and 02 g of heroin along with narcotic capsules at Gonapola on 02.05.2025



Apprehension of a firearm, 02 live grenades, and 139 rounds of live ammunition at Hikkaduwa on 04.01.2025



Apprehension of 18 g of narcotic ice, Rs. 283,300,000/=, and the two vehicles bearing Nos. LG-6794 and PF-5810 at the Ibbagamuwa area on 16.01.2025

2.1.4 Excise Offences

The following table depicts the excise offences reported to Sri Lanka Police which are categorised under 12 categories, and a simple analysis of the offences which were commonly reported and have a significant trend in reporting during the period mentioned in the table is shown in the following graphs.

Table No. 15

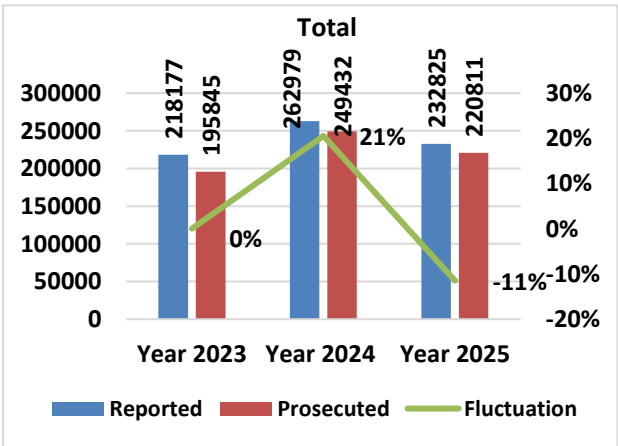
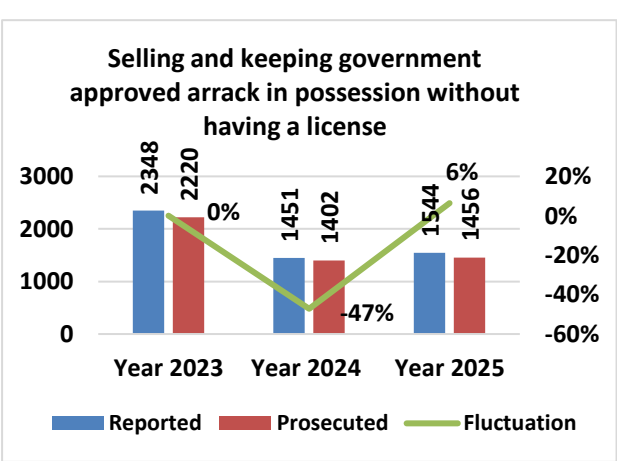
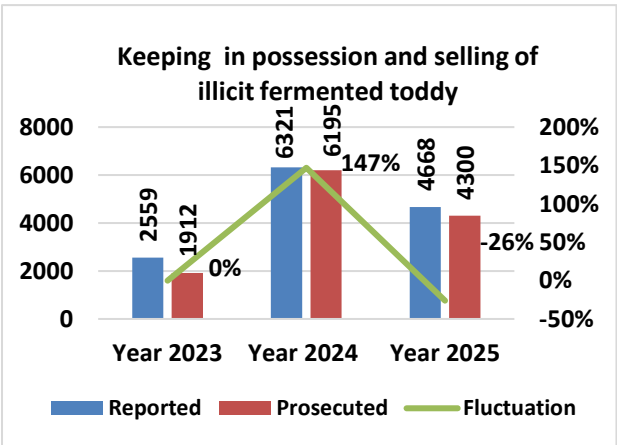
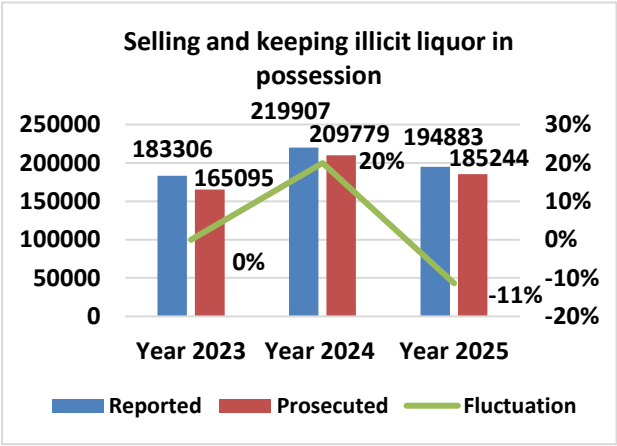
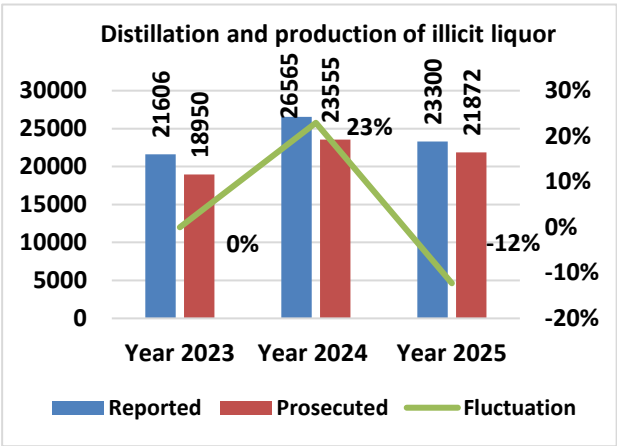
Offences under Excise Ordinance

Serial No.	Offence	2023				2024				2025			
		Number of reported offences	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of persons became	Percentage of prosecutions	Number of reported offences	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of persons became	Percentage of prosecutions	Number of reported offences	Number of prosecuted cases	Number of persons became	Percentage of prosecutions
1	Distillation and production of illicit liquor	21606	18950	14035	88%	26565	23555	19336	89%	23300	21872	17381	94%
2	Production of fermented toddy without having license	139	115	90	83%	138	136	127	99%	558	538	446	96%
3	Illegal production of government approved liquor	102	102	93	100%	41	40	38	98%	70	69	63	99%
4	Illegal production and distillation of spirits	414	393	337	95%	583	564	508	97%	1064	987	843	93%
5	Selling and keeping illicit liquor in possession	183306	165095	136808	90%	219907	209779	189070	95%	194883	185244	160545	95%
6	Keeping in possession and selling of illicit fermented toddy	2559	1912	1659	75%	6321	6195	5826	98%	4668	4300	3834	92%
7	Selling and keeping more than 7.5 litres of government approved arrack in possession without having a license	2348	2220	2029	95%	1451	1402	1294	97%	1544	1456	1345	94%
8	Selling beer and other liquor or keeping them in possession for selling without having a license	938	891	754	95%	903	886	828	98%	1080	1024	959	95%
9	Selling and keeping in possession of illegally produced spirits	963	918	779	95%	594	569	491	96%	747	740	674	99%
10	Transportation of illicit liquor or fermented toddy/ other spirits/ government approved liquor without having a license	463	348	273	75%	217	208	181	96%	158	145	90	92%
11	Keeping in possession the apparatus used to produce illicit liquor / spirits / fermented toddy	473	457	356	97%	585	564	485	96%	585	558	463	95%
12	Other offences under the Excise Ordinance	4866	4444	3676	91%	5674	5534	18410	98%	4168	3878	3170	93%
	Total	218177	195845	160889	90%	262979	249432	236594	95%	232825	220811	189813	95%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term “Number of Filed Cases”, comprehensively means all the number of cases that has ended with conviction, the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released or ended otherwise, and the number of cases pending in the court and the cases for which the reports of the Government Analyst have not been received).

These graphs depict the number of cases reported, prosecuted and fluctuation relevant to three year of a few excise offences reported relevant to the period mentioned in the table.



2.1.5 Statutory Offences

The following table lists the offences prohibited by various statutory acts under 36 categories, and it comparatively presents the facts on reporting and solving of these offences with respect to the three years mentioned in the table.

Table No. 16 **Offences committed under Statutory Acts**

Serial No.	Offence	2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving
1	Electricity Act No. 20 of 2009- Illegal abstraction of electricity	426	374	52	88%	448	409	39	91%	369	328	41	89%
2	Offences under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance	554	514	40	93%	556	529	27	95%	550	518	32	94%
3	Obtaining and selling fuel without having a license	115	113	2	98%	78	73	5	94%	75	72	3	96%
4	Stealing, keeping in possession or destroying antiques	237	191	46	81%	225	185	40	82%	146	117	29	80%
5	Offences under the Gaming Ordinance	1431	1358	73	95%	1458	1429	29	98%	1541	1501	40	97%
6	Offences under the Customs Ordinance	51	48	3	94%	176	163	13	93%	186	167	19	90%
7	Offences under the Tea and Rubber Ordinance	15	13	2	87%	45	42	3	93%	17	16	1	94%
8	Offences under the Coast Conservation Act amended by Act No. 87 of 1981 and Act No. 64 of 1988	101	101	0	100%	99	94	5	95%	192	185	7	96%
9	Illegally and fraudulently making CDs /DVDs and VCDs	37	36	1	97%	27	27	0	100%	13	10	3	77%
10	Offences committed under Environmental Acts	1757	1612	145	92%	1062	1027	35	97%	2907	2779	128	96%
11	Possession of prohibited knives	301	274	27	91%	286	278	8	97%	358	339	19	95%
12	Keeping in possession and exhibiting fireworks without having a license	34	32	2	94%	30	29	1	97%	13	13	0	100%
13	Keeping in possession/ selling/ transporting explosives without having a license	141	122		87%	84	76	8	90%	85	77	8	91%
14	Keeping in possession/ selling/ transporting ammunition without having a license	81	71	10	88%	157	146	11	93%	58	55	3	95%
15	Offences committed under the influence of liquor- Act No. 41 of 1979	6172	5844	328	95%	5427	5234	193	96%	5750	5579	171	97%

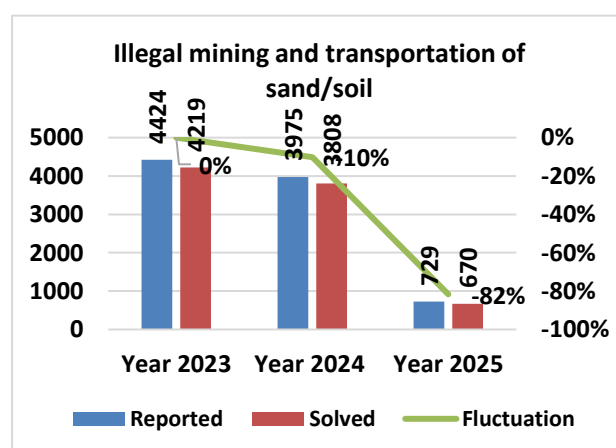
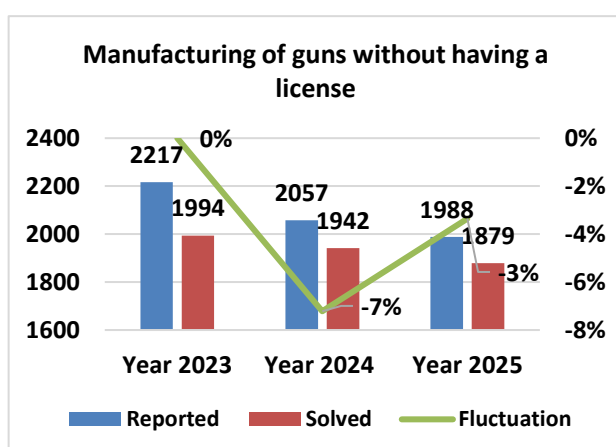
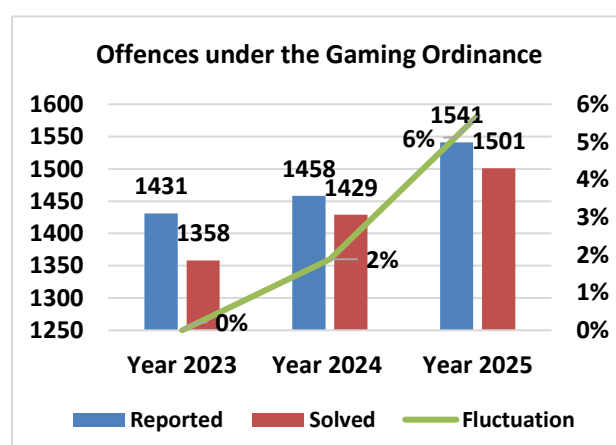
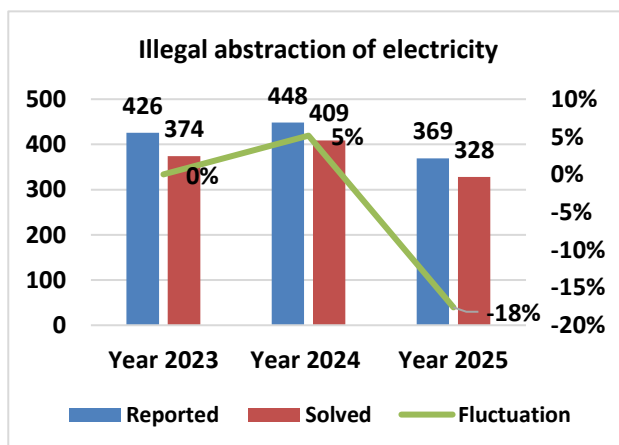
Serial No.	Offence	2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving
16	Manufacturing/ keeping in possession/selling/trans porting of guns without having a license	2217	1994	223	90%	2057	1942	115	94%	1988	1879	109	95%
17	Offences under the Fisheries Ordinance	209	187	22	89%	268	255	13	95%	238	219	19	92%
18	Fishing by using dynamites/explosives	25	25	0	100%	26	24	2	92%	24	24	0	100%
19	Offences under Fauna and Flora Protection Act (Amended) No. 01 of 1970	792	706	86	89%	367	333	34	91%	451	417	34	92%
20	Hunting protected animals	136	127	9	93%	172	161	11	94%	122	112	10	92%
21	Keeping animal body parts in possession without having a license	220	212	8	96%	148	140	8	95%	176	162	14	92%
22	Possession of game meat	768	704	64	92%	714	668	46	94%	645	626	19	97%
23	Offences under Forest Ordinance No. 13 of 1966	138	114	24	83%	135	114	21	84%	178	153	25	86%
24	Destroying, damaging reserved forests or cutting trees	358	288	70	80%	348	296	52	85%	357	316	41	89%
25	Illegal mining and transportation of sand/soil	4424	4219	205	95%	3975	3808	167	96%	729	670	59	92%
26	Illegal transportation of timber	543	479	64	88%	548	466	82	85%	5516	5243	273	95%
27	Offences under the Gem and Jewellery Ordinance	769	628	141	82%	981	926	55	94%	543	518	25	95%
28	Illegal Gem mining	1525	1367	158	90%	1022	958	64	94%	831	820	11	99%
29	Offences under National Authority on Tobacco and Alcohol Act	2171	2041	130	94%	2200	2129	71	97%	3051	2929	122	96%
30	Offences under Obscene Publications Ordinance					40	38	2	95%	34	19	15	56%
31	Offences under National Thoroughfares Act					855	808	47	95%	1746	1679	67	96%
32	Offences under Prevention of Mosquito Breeding Act					488	440	48	90%	2041	2005	36	98%
33	Offences under Butchers Act					110	99	11	90%	122	115	7	94%
34	Offences under Police Ordinance					11	10	1	91%	90	88	2	98%
35	Offences under Urban Council and Provincial Council Acts					16	16	0	100%	81	75	6	93%
36	Other					1713	1658	55	97%	1403	1351	52	96%

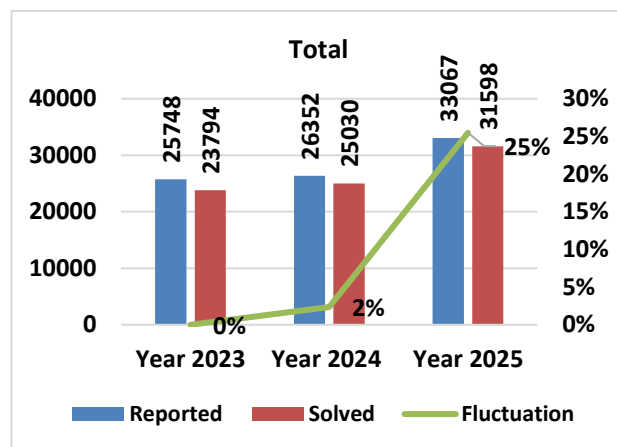
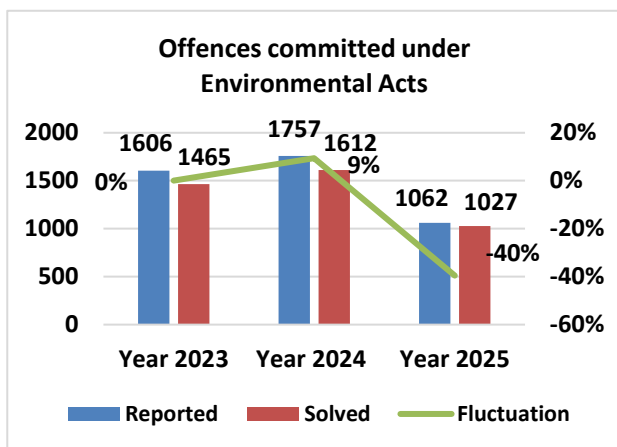
Serial No.	Offence	2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving
37	Duty free cigarettes / public smoking / mobile phones with pornographic contents									441	422	19	96%
Total		25748	23794	1935	92%	26352	25030	1322	92%	33067	31598	1469	96%

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term 'solved' comprehensively means all the number of cases filed, i.e., the number of pending cases in the court, the number of cases closed otherwise, the number of cases that has ended with conviction, and the number of cases that the accused was acquitted or released.)

The following graphs depict the reporting, solving, and changes (fluctuation) relevant to the three years of the several most frequently reported offences among the statutory offences mentioned in the above table.





2.1.6 Vice offences related to immoral acts

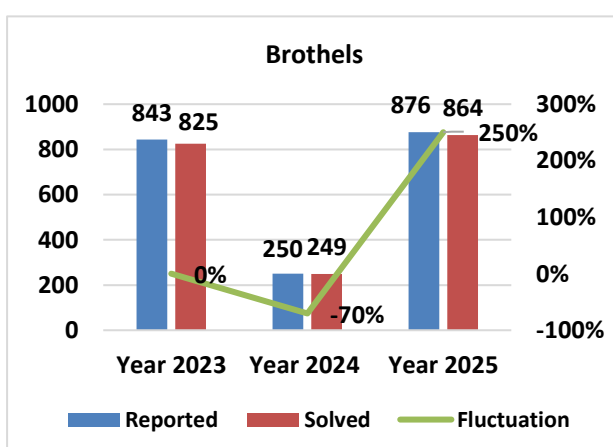
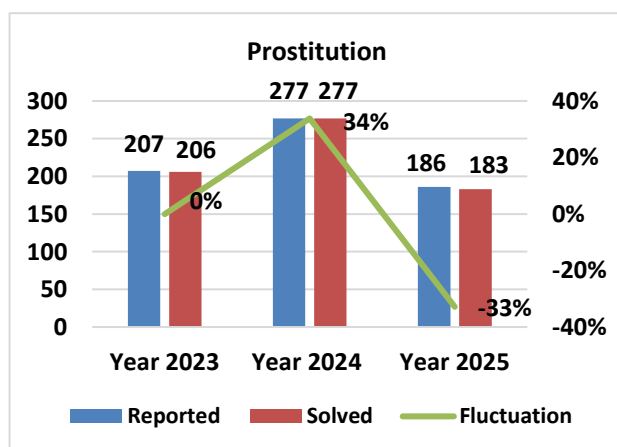
These vice offences have been depicted under six categories in the table below with regard to the past three years, and the graphs further indicate the reporting, prosecution, and comparative changes (fluctuation) in the three years relevant to a few selected offences.

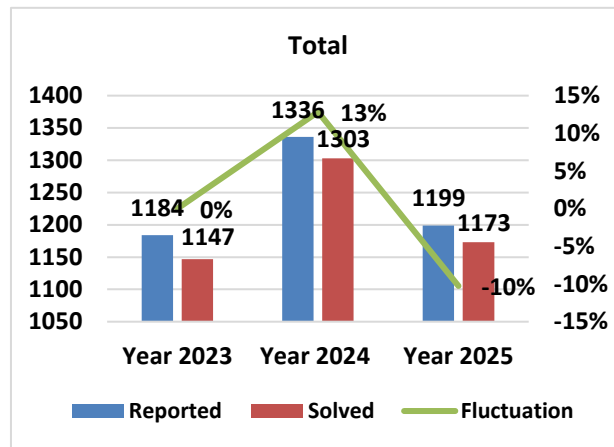
Table No. 17 **Vice offences**

Serial No.	Offence	2023					2024					2025				
		Reported	Number of cases filed	Percentage of prosecutions	Number of persons who have been prosecuted		Reported	Number of cases filed	Percentage of prosecutions	Number of persons who have been prosecuted		Reported	Number of cases filed	Percentage of prosecutions	Number of persons who have been prosecuted	
					Male	Female				Male	Female				Male	Female
1	Prostitution	207	206	100%	24	201	277	277	100%	2	291	186	183	98%	11	263
2	Brothels	843	825	98%	538	2000	250	249	100%	95	494	876	864	99%	393	2262
3	Seduction (a child below 18 years for sexual abuse)	110	107	97%	14	155	2	2	100%	2	0	5	5	100%	0	10
4	Homosexual relationships	3	0	0%	0	0	1	1	0%	0	0	6	6	0%	5	2
5	Exposure of Person, voyeurism & outrage of modesty	21	9	43%	16	0	8	5	63%	7	0	14	9	64%	0	9
6	Illegal Spas						798	769	96%	291	2065	112	106	95%	166	183
Total		1184	1147	97%	592	2356	1336	1303	98%	397	2850	1199	1173	98%	575	2729

Source: Research & Development Division

(NB:- Here, the term “Number of Filed Cases”, comprehensively means all the number of cases filed in the court after concluding investigations by the Police)





2.1.7 Contribution of new technology towards investigation and prevention of crimes

A strong contribution has been made through the analytical functions carried out using the following databases for the investigation of crimes.

- I. Automated Fingerprint Identification System
- II. Facial Recognition System
- III. Arrested Monitoring and Information System
- IV. Criminal Intelligence Analysis System

Through the use of these data systems, the contribution has been made to the investigation of crimes in the following manner.

- In 2025, a number of 189,262 applications of fingerprints have been submitted for examination, and having examined the said applications 37,951 have been identified as previously convicted.
- In 2025, having inspected 8,397 scenes of crime, prints have been identified from 3,033 scenes of crime.
- Officers have identified 54 suspects using fingerprints with regard to crimes that the defendant has not been identified, and the number of suspects identified through fingerprints, based on the suggestions received regarding the suspects in the crimes, is 62.
- Assistance has been given to the criminal investigation and administration of criminals by providing information of criminals to police stations after documenting such information. In 2025, a number of 20,757 individuals were registered as criminals for the first time, and 3,973 individuals were registered as Island Reconvicted Criminals after being reconvicted.
- Suspects have been identified as follows through the Arrested Monitoring and Information System (AMIS).

Table No. 18

Identification of Suspects

Deserted Servicemen			Number of escaped Prisoners	Wanted Suspects	Suspects identified through nominal examination	Identified by AFRS	Number of suspects identified through Modus Operandi (Suggestions)	Island Reconvicted Criminals	L. T. T. E. Suspects	Individuals with open warrants	Suspects identified by fingerprints	Total
N.B. Identifications after the publication of Police Gazette III												
Army	Air Force	Navy	5	1	2948	37	46	-	-	-	-	3039
2	-	-										

Source: Criminal Records Division

- ◆ These tasks could be more accurately and successfully discharged by using GPS technology when conducting raids related to narcotics.
- ◆ With the use of computer software for analysing encrypted telephone data required for crime investigations, the effectiveness of those tasks has been increased.
- ◆ The CCTV camera system is used for surveillance duties carried out for the prevention of crimes, and a broader range of technical assistance has been achieved thereby.
- ◆ The service of police K-9s that were trained through advanced methods has been utilised for crime investigations.

Table No. 19

K-9 Duties

Serial No.	Nature of the duty	No. of raids
1	Explosives investigation duties	9,401
2	Drug investigation duties	4,497
3	Criminal investigation duties	2,302

Source: Police Kennels Division

2.2 Raids conducted by Special Task Force

The Special Task Force also contributes towards the raids conducted by Sri Lanka Police on narcotics, excise offences, weapons, environmental destruction, and all the other raids. In that regard, the following table presents the total number of raids carried out by the Special Task Force in 2025 relevant to the abovementioned fields.

Table No. 20

Raids conducted by Special Task Force

Field of raid	Number of raids	Number of suspects
Armaments & Explosives	304	246
Drug raids	3958	3795
Excise raids	665	674
Raids related to environmental destructions	878	1112
Other raids	459	520
Total	6264	6347

Source: Police Special Task Force



Apprehension of 43 kg and 600 mg of Cocaine, 04 g and 800 mg of narcotic ice and a prohibited knife at Pettah on 14.02.2025



Apprehension of 101 g and 180 mg of Kush, 01 kg and 141 g of Ash, 427 g and 530 mg of Kush, and money worth Rs. 12,50,000.00 on 06.08.2025



Apprehension of 180 bottles of foreign liquor, for which permits have not been obtained, on 12.09.2025



Apprehension of 04 cubes of sand, prepared to be transported without permit, in Welikanda Police Area on 08.02.2025



Apprehension of a Lorry, by which Ceylon Satinwood planks were transported without permit, having been concealed within a stock of teak planks with permits on 23.05.2025



Apprehension of illegal pieces of agar wood without permit on 10.11.2025



Apprehension of 19 persons who were engaging in illegal mining with the respective tools in 06 raids carried out on 17.02.2025



Apprehension of two persons who were transporting 04 cattle by a Cab without permit in Pottuvil Police Area on 23.07.2025

2.3 Miscellaneous Complaints

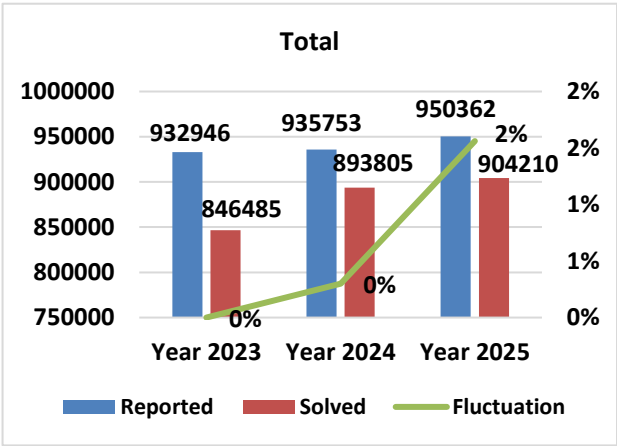
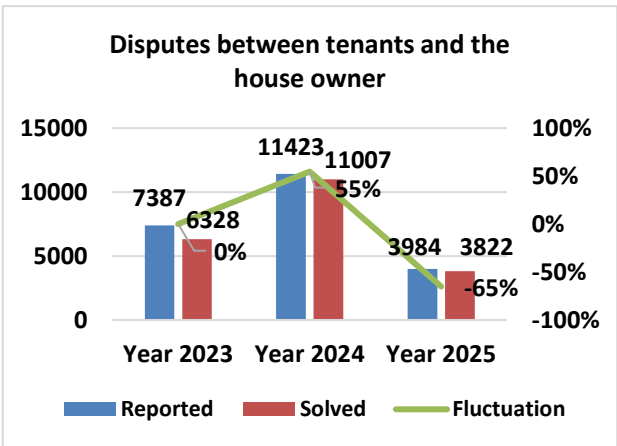
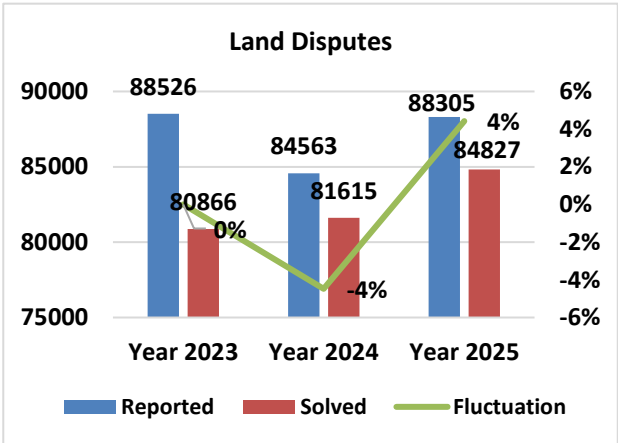
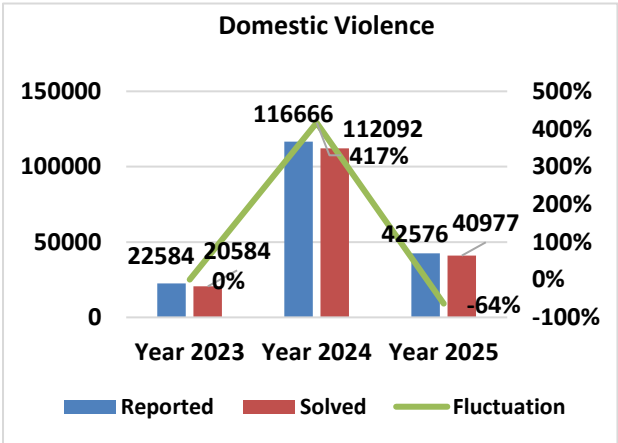
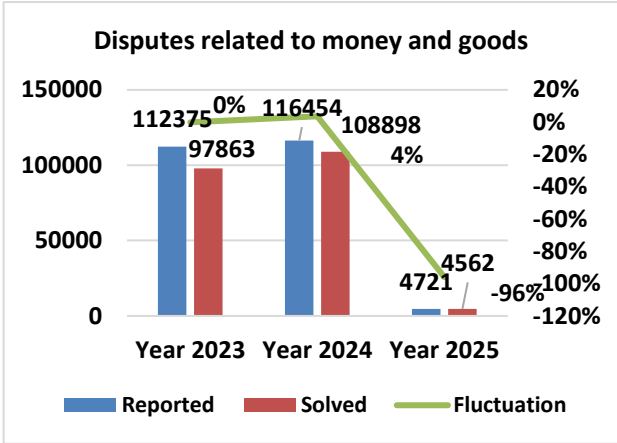
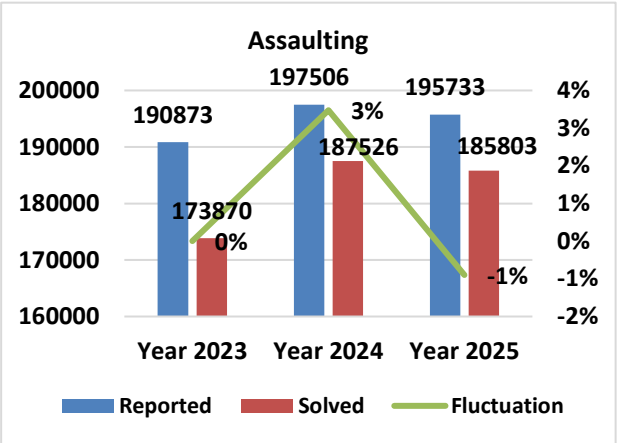
Complaints made regarding the disputes or problems arising from various personal and social activities can be introduced as miscellaneous complaints. Such complaints reported to the police are categorised under 26 categories, and details regarding the reporting and solving of such complaints are indicated in the table below.

Table No. 21

Table No. 21		Miscellaneous Complaints											
Nature of the reported complaint		2023				2024				2025			
		Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving	Reported	Solved	Processing the investigation	Percentage of solving
1	Assaulting	190873	173870	17003	91%	197506	187526	9980	95%	195733	185803	9930	95%
2	Threatening	182269	167385	14884	92%	183865	177456	6409	97%	192049	184684	7365	96%
3	Family disputes (Disputes with the relatives closed to the family)	113188	104706	8482	93%	40037	38927	1110	97%	123509	118191	5318	96%
4	Harassment or ill-treatment of husband/wife, Domestic violence	22584	20584	2000	91%	116666	112092	4574	96%	42576	40977	1599	96%
5	Disputes aroused due to extra marital affairs	10408	9359	1049	90%	13362	12908	454	97%	14649	14098	551	96%
6	Land disputes	88526	80866	7660	91%	84563	81615	2948	97%	88305	84827	3478	96%
7	Issues on breach of peace	2507	2176	331	87%	5024	4835	189	96%	107118	100327	6791	94%
8	Breach of confidence/ promises	12809	10660	2149	83%	13991	13030	961	93%	11598	11044	554	95%
9	Disputes related to finance and goods	112375	97863	14512	87%	116454	108898	7556	94%	4721	4562	159	97%
10	Ill- treating/harassing parents	10877	9742	1135	90%	9482	9152	330	97%	13584	12857	727	95%
11	Disputes between tenants and the house owner	7387	6328	1059	86%	11423	11007	416	96%	3984	3822	162	96%
12	Disputes between the employer and the employee	2863	2418	445	84%	4678	4497	181	96%	1068	1028	40	96%
13	Problems related to damages caused	19317	17287	2030	89%	14732	13986	746	95%	5586	5351	235	96%
14	Problems in creating mental depression	9502	8649	853	91%	15198	14531	667	96%	2300	2089	211	91%
15	Complaints on disappearances	2249	1908	341	85%	2206	1951	255	88%	673	647	26	96%
16	Disputes in relation to animals and vehicles	145212	132684	12528	91%	12818	12255	563	96%	8406	7928	478	94%
17	Problems and disputes related to environmental offences					4172	4093	79	98%	8679	7999	680	92%
18	Disputes related to sacred places and public places					1068	1036	32	97%	2174	2092	82	96%
19	Complaints regarding animal cruelty					806	782	24	97%	16366	14461	1905	88%
20	Complaints related to the misplacement and disputes regarding various documents					6959	6709	250	96%	5779	5517	262	95%
21	Complaints regarding harassment and intimidation					7898	7507	391	95%	10931	10045	886	92%
22	Complaints related to fisheries/water issues and electricity disputes					3031	2963	68	98%	8370	8049	321	96%
23	Complaints regarding damage to public or private property caused by natural causes or human activities					14115	13628	487	97%	13356	12620	736	94%
24	Disputes and complaints regarding the custody of children					5056	4757	299	94%	14170	13571	599	96%
25	Issues related to dangerous/unauthorized constructions and removal					5102	4947	155	97%	4946	4700	246	95%
26	Other complaints					45541	42717	2824	94%	49732	46921	2811	94%
Total		932946	846485	86461	91%	935753	893805	41948	96%	950362	904210	46152	95%

Source: Research & Development Division

The reporting, solving and fluctuation of a few complaints among the miscellaneous complaints shown in the table during the period of three years are comparatively indicated through the following graphs.



2.4 Road Accidents

Road accidents reported to the Sri Lanka Police are divided into 04 categories as, fatal accidents, serious injury accidents, minor injury accidents, and property damage accidents. A comparative analysis regarding road accidents based on data of the years 2022, 2023, and 2024 has been presented by the following table.

Table No.22

Year	Fatal Accidents	Major injury accidents	Minor injury accidents	Accidents which caused property damages	Total number of accidents	Number of deaths	Number of vehicles	Number of accidents per 1000 vehicles
2023	2200	6195	9725	6514	24634	2310	8380103	3
2024	2272	6762	9945	5629	24608	2381	8454513	3
2025	2549	7890	11151	5945	27535	2721	8816613	3.123074

Source: Research & Development Division

2.4.1 Accidents on Expressways

Table No.23

Serial No.	Type of accident			2025
		2023	2024	
1	Fatal Accidents	4	13	16
2	Serious injury accidents	7	9	10
3	Minor injury accidents	82	81	74
4	Property damage accidents	497	530	447
Total		590	633	547
Number of fatalities		5	18	21

Source: Expressway Security Division

2.4.2 Measures taken to prevent road accidents

The Sri Lanka Police has also taken steps to conduct awareness programmes, in addition to the deployment of police officers in traffic duties near the roads for the prevention of road accidents. There, educating various parties of the society who use the road is considered a significant step. For that, awareness seminars, programmes and exhibition stalls are used. Details in this regard are shown through the following table.

Educational programmes conducted during the year

Table No.24

Serial No.	Educational Programmes	From 01.01.2025 to 31.12.2025	
		Total No. of programs	No. of participants
1	Conducting lectures in schools	Lectures 130, Number of Schools attended 129	59069
2	Training traffic warden students	Lectures 88 Number of Schools attended 1053	8503
3	Awareness lectures for Police Officers	15	446
4	Conducting lectures in public institutions	10	1224
5	Conducting awareness lectures for Drivers in public institutions	13	813
6	Conducting lectures in private institutions	1	11
7	Conducting awareness lectures for Drivers in private institutions	25	1712
8	Educating bus drivers	85	14257
9	Educating Three-wheeler drivers	6	885
10	Educating Motorcyclists	1	90
11	Educating other drivers	7	990
12	Traffic demonstrations	69	64250
13	Headquarters courses - other	3	612
14	Senior Traffic Management	1	44
15	Junior Traffic Management	3	280
16	Awareness lectures for Air Force Officers	3	178
17	Awareness lectures for Navy Officers	4	194
18	Awareness lectures for Army Officers	3	257
19	Exhibition Stalls	3	15500

Source: Traffic Management & Road Safety Division



An awareness programme for school students

2.4.3 Revenue generated through fines for traffic offences and from courts

Table No.25

Offence		Number of cases revealed	Number of tickets issued	Income from fines	Revenue received by court
1	Dangerous and reckless driving	22811	34	4,000.00	307,415,145.00
2	Driving too fast	48857	46406	129,506,200.00	25,320,000.00
3	Driving under the influence of liquor	129164	593	893,600.00	3,211,466,050.00
4	Motor vehicles without lights	229909	115975	113,634,300.00	23,978,400.00
5	Violation of traffic rules	225370	213590	397,895,646.00	13,198,100.00
6	Driving without having fitness certificates	36948	13301	12,436,050.00	398,014,250.00
7	Driving with excessive emissions	4246	3061	3,255,000.00	854,500.00
8	Driving without wearing Helmets	327333	314379	312,627,600.00	14,655,500.00
9	Driving without obeying Red Light signals	113023	103991	102,579,000.00	4,284,000.00
10	Failure to stop at the pedestrian crossings	33107	31573	30,859,000.00	3,023,900.00
11	Driving without having an insurance	92475	253	294,500.00	141,301,250.00
12	Issues relating to number plates	29236	25814	25,344,900.00	3,942,600.00
13	Driving without having revenue license	119201	99966	109,075,900.00	34,888,750.00
14	Vehicle parking offences	171287	159266	148,967,800.00	6,478,500.00
15	Driving vehicles on the road which are not roadworthy	1654	118	100,500.00	913,000.00
16	Not obeying the signs and orders of the Police	14710	13269	24,720,506.00	5,668,900.00
17	Loading and transporting goods dangerously	6902	5577	3,575,000.00	3,369,500.00
18	Using forged number plates, revenue license and other documents	799	612	8,025,000.00	62,500.00
19	Other offences	1518233	1188246	1,311,662,337.00	936,525,054.00
	Total	3125265	2336024	2,735,452,839.00	5,135,359,899.00

Source: Research & Development Division

2.5 Other Public Services

In addition to the performing of major duties, Sri Lanka Police extends special services to the public. Services of submitting public complaints directly to the Police Headquarters, 119 emergency call service, issuing clearance reports to the public, and community policing service to obtain public assistance for police duties are a few of them. Apart from that, anti-riot services are also implemented to protect the lives and property of the public in the event of various protests and public disturbances.

2.5.1 Specialized Services to handle Public Grievances

Measures have been taken to receive public complaints and provide solutions for public grievances more effectively and efficiently at the provincial level and at the Police Headquarters. The public can forward their complaints directly to the Inspector General of Police or any high-ranking Police officer and receive solutions for their matters. Statistical data on public complaints received for this service depicted in the table below.

Table No. 26 **Complaints reported during 2023-2025**

Serial No	Complaint Type	2023				2024				2025			
		Number of complaints received	Number of complaints Solved	Number of complaints being investigated	Percentage of solving	Number of complaints received	Number of complaints Solved	Number of complaints being investigated	Percentage of solving	Number of complaints received	Number of complaints Solved	Number of complaints being investigated	Percentage of solving
1	Public Day of IGP	245	20	225	8%	1927	701	1226	36%	2211	846	1365	38%
2	Police Officers' Assistance Day	3620	3276	344	90%	3500	2970	530	85%	3813	3188	625	84%
3	Tell I.G.P	3869	1832	2037	47%	3645	2225	1460	61%	5248	3647	1601	69%
4	Public Help Desk	2387	1038	1349	43%	2414	476	1938	20%	1855	597	1258	32%
Total		10121	6166	3955	61%	11486	6372	5154	55%	13127	8278	4849	63%

Source – Police Headquarters

(N.B. Here, resolved refers to the number of cases that have been investigated, prosecuted, settled, or resolved completely. In the case of the Police Officers Assistance Day, resolved refers to the complainant being given a fair solution.)

◆ 119 Emergency Call Service

The 119 police emergency call service can be described as a service that gained popularity rapidly among the public. A considerable number of complaints constantly receive to this service. Once the complaints were received, they were immediately directed to the relevant police stations and investigations were initiated promptly by the relevant police station.

Table No.27

Complaints reported to 119

Year	Number of complaints reported	Number of complaints disposed
2023	829132	829132
2024	975747	975747
2025	1074542	1074542

Source - IG Commanding Information Division

2.5.2 Clearance Reports

Issuance of clearance reports for local and foreign applicants is considered to be a significant task of the Sri Lanka Police. The following table shows the progress made with regard to the issuance of clearance reports in the year 2025.

Table No.28

Application Type	Number of applications received	Number of reports issued	Percentage	Number of reports to be issued	Amount Received (Rs.)
Local Clearance Reports (Online)	171846	168148	98%	3698	824,461,000.00
Foreign Clearance Reports (by Embassies)	671	579	86%	92	0.00
Total	172517	168727	98%	3790	824,461,000.00

Source – Police Headquarters

2.5.3 Community Policing Service

Community policing is a strategy to develop a new bond between the police and the public. It is expected the police and the community to work together to identify and provide solutions for contemporary issues such as crime and drug menace affecting the public. Basically, this process is implemented through Community Policing Committees. The following table shows the information on conducting committees in 2025.

Conducting Community Policing Committees

Table No.29

Serial No	Number of Divisions	Number of Police Stations Established	umber of Committees Established	Number of Committees to be held	Number of Committees held	Number of members participated	Number of OIC Attendance	Number of Attendees of S.P. and A.S.P.s who are in charge of the District	Number of attendees of in charge of Divisions
Conducting the Community Police Advisory Council in the year 2025									
1	1	47	603	2409	243	2961	232	169	-
Conducting the Community Police Security Committees in the year 2025									
2	The Committee has been dissolved by IG Circular 2758/2023 (II)								
Conducting Public Security Committees in the year 2025									
3	3	47	603	56760	180	7690	175	-	-

Source - Community Policing Division



Ice cream Dansala at Police Headquarters



Flood Relief Distribution

2.5.4 Public Order Management

When the public gather in the occasion of protests, disputes, *satyagraha*, there is a possibility of the public becoming provocative and violent. In such cases, the Police has the responsibility of protecting the lives and property of the public and maintaining public order. Therefore, dispersal of such gatherings will be done in good faith, and the dispersals made in 2025 and the human and physical resources used for such dispersals are shown below.

Table No.30

Serial No.	Duty	Quantity Used
1	Deploying Teams	566
2	Dispersal of violent protesters	No
3	Using teargas	No
4	Using teargas grenade	No
5	Water cannons (Number of water attacks)	No
6	Total Water capacity (Liters)	No
7	Deploying Water cannons	226

Source - Public Order Management Division

2.6 Police Medical Service

A police hospital system with high quality and standard medical facilities is functioning for Sri Lanka Police officers, benefiting a large number of police officers as well as their families.

The following table shows the details of the medical services provided by the Police Hospitals for a period of three years from 2023 to 2025.

**Medical Treatments provided by
Police Hospitals**

Table No.31

Serial No.	Illness	Number of patients in 2023	Number of patients in 2024	Number of patients in 2025
1.	Diabetes and high blood pressure	5363	85984	51916
2.	Heart disease	2495	11842	11903
3.	Other diseases (clinical patients)	6479	51914	82942
4.	Outpatients	9256	125710	106466
5.	Inhouse patients	5891	6646	7274
Total		29484	282096	260501

Source - Police Medical Services Division

2.6.1 Deaths of Police Officers

Police officers recruited for the purpose of maintaining law and order of the country incur considerable costs and also special attention is paid to their health care. In such a context, special attention should be paid to the number of deaths caused by non-communicable diseases when focusing on the deaths of police officers, every year. The table below provides information regarding the deaths of police officers over the past three years and by that, a comparative analysis can be obtained regarding the causes of such deaths.

Table No.32

Deaths of Police Officers

Serial No.	Cause of death	2023		2024		2025	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
1	Various diseases	-	63	1	43	1	49
2	Heart attacks	-	79	1	71	2	69
3	Cancers	2	18	-	20	2	24
4	Kidney diseases	1	18	-	41	2	23
5	Suicides	-	11	-	14	-	7
6	Traffic accidents	1	30	2	32	2	43
7	Other	-	19	-	10	-	13
Total		4	238	4	231	9	228

Source - Police Welfare Division

2.7 Recruitments, Promotions, and Transfers

Timely recruitments have been made human resources available to carry out police duties efficiently and appropriate promotions will be implemented with a view to enhance service satisfaction for the officers who are in active duty. The following tables depict information on recruitments and promotions made in 2025.

Recruitments

Table No.33

Rank	S. I	W. S. I	P. C	W. P. C	P. C. D	Total
Police Regular Service	0	0	480	0	130	610
Special Task Force	0	0	225	0	0	225
Support Services	10	0	0	0	0	10
Total	10	0	705	0	130	845

Source - Police Recruitment Division



Passing out parade of new officers

Table No.34

Serial No.	Granting Promotions		Number of officers			
	Previously held rank	Promoted rank	Regular Service	S.T.F	Support Service	Total
1	S.D.I.G	I.G	1	-	-	1
2	D.I.G	S.D.I.G	2	-	-	2
3	S.S.P	D.I.G	36	1	1	38
4	W. S.S.P	W.D.I.G	4			4
5	S.P	S.S.P	36	1	-	37
6	W.S.P	W.S.S.P	1			1
7	A.S.P	S.P	24	1	-	25
8	W.A.S.P	W.S.P	-	-	-	0
9	I. P /C.I.P	A. S.P	39	2	-	41
10	W.I.P/W.C.I.P	W. A.S.P	3	-	-	3
11	I. P	C.I.P	142	11	1	154
12	W.I.P	W.C.I.P	9	-	-	9
13	S.I	I.P	635	50	-	685

Serial No.	Granting Promotions		Number of officers			
	Previously held rank	Promoted rank	Regular Service	S.T.F	Support Service	Total
14	W.S.I	W.I.P	72	5	-	77
15	P.S.	S.I	471	120	-	591
16	W.P.S	W.S.I	58	-	-	58
17	P.S.D	Sergeant Major/Driver	60	2	-	62
18	P.C	P.S	2157	72	3	2232
19	W.P.C	W.P.S	336	-	-	336
20	P.C.D	P.S.D	176	6	-	182
Total			4262	271	5	4538

Source –Human Resource Management Division

Table No.35

Transfers 2025

Transfers 2025 (Excluding S.T.F)				
Serial No.	Rank	Transfers		Total
		Number of Officers	Number of Female Officers	
1	Senior Deputy Inspector General of Police	13	0	13
2	Deputy Inspector General of Police	52	4	56
3	Senior Superintendent of Police	87	3	90
4	Superintendent of Police	21	0	21
5	Assistant Superintendent of Police	144	3	147
6	Chief Inspector of Police	228	26	254
7	Inspector of Police	301	33	334
8	Sub Inspector of Police	701	104	805
9	Sub Inspector of Police (Transport)	3	0	3
10	Police Sergeant	2825	153	2978
11	Police Constable	3615	674	4289
12	Police Sergeant/ Driver	129	0	129
13	Police Constable/ Driver	556	0	556
Total		8675	1000	9675

Source –Human Resource Management Division

2.8 Material Resources Development

The supply of material resources is an important factor in increasing service productivity by achieving the utmost level of efficiency in the human resources of an institution. Sri Lanka Police is annually expending a large amount of money in this regard and carries out the tasks of construction and renovation of buildings, establishment of new Police stations, Police divisions, and Police points, maintenance activities, and supply of other goods and services required for Police duties. Accordingly, the performance regarding material resources in 2025 is as follows.

2.8.1 Constructions and Renovations

Table No.36

Table No. 36	Progress of new constructions and renovations				
Serial No.	Type of Building	Quantity	Expenditure for the total project (Rs. Mn)	Allocations for year 2025 (Rs. Mn)	Progress as at 31.12.2025
1	Construction of Police Stations	10	1,486.59	214.03	204.46
2	Construction of barracks	4	183.30	18.40	52.21
3	Construction of quarters	1	1,213.77	158.00	167.94
4	Construction of other buildings	8	2,014.15	18.50	11.28
5	Other payments	2	-	-	10.25
6	Renovation of Police Stations	12	718.71	142.40	138.44
7	Renovation of barracks	3	39.82	10.42	9.79
8	Renovation of quarters	92	639.65	225.08	151.36
9	Other renovations	95	2,908.28	292.10	305.25
10	Other payments	35	37.26	-	37.26
11	Development of National Police Academy	2	333.27	23.00	13.75
12	Development of Police College	1	484.30	80.00	79.53
Total		265	10,059.10	1,181.93	1,181.52

Source –Building Division

2.8.2 Establishment of Police Stations, Police Divisions, and Police Points.

Table No. 37 shows the number of Police Stations, Police Functional Divisions, Police Territorial Divisions, and Police Points that have been established in year 2025, and the total number of Police Stations, Police Divisions, and Police Points as at 31.12.2025.

Table No.37

	Police Stations	Police Functional Divisions	Police Territorial Divisions	Assistant Superintendent Districts	Police Points
Commenced within the year 2025	1	10	2	3	0
Total as at 31.12.2025	608	77	47	199	277
The number of establishments to be commenced in the future	91	3	0	0	77

Source –Research & Development Division

◆ Grading of Police Stations

Table No.38

Table No.38		
All police station island wide have been graded as at 31.12.2025		
Serial No.	Grade	No. of Police Stations
1	A 1 Super Grade	0
2	A1	82
3	A2	103
4	A3	142
5	B	152
6	C	75
7	D	54
Total		608

Source –Research & Development Division

2.8.3 Vehicles owned by Sri Lanka Police

While there were no vehicles purchased by the Sri Lanka Police in 2025, the total number of vehicles in the possession of the Sri Lanka Police as of 31.12.2025 and information on vehicle repairs is given in the tables below.

Table No.39

Nature of Repair	Jeeps	Cabs	Cars	Trucks	Buses	Three-wheelers	Motor Bicycles	Others	Total
Main Repairs	425	257	405	87	76	47	327	83	1707
Minor Repairs	6407	4169	5616	412	424	2960	8245	11006	39239
Vehicle Service	1439	971	1344	112	178	1718	4570	321	10653
Total	8271	5397	7365	611	678	4725	13142	11410	51599
Mobile Service	503								

Source –Transport Division

**Vehicles/Motor Bicycles owned by the
Sri Lanka Police as at 31.12.2025**

Table No.40

Serial No.	Vehicle Type	Vehicles registered under the IGP	Vehicles registered under the Commanding Officer Special Task Force	Total
1	Jeeps	1866	2	1868
2	Cars	701	-	701
3	Radio Cars	114	-	114
4	Single Cabs	693	1	694
5	Double Cabs	117	3	120
6	Vans	80	8	88
7	Ambulances	52	-	52
8	Trucks	127	19	146
9	DIMO Batta Vehicles	4	-	4
10	Busses	151	-	151
11	Water Bowsers	60	3	63
12	Tractors	112	19	131
13	Two-Wheel Tractors	10	-	10
14	Gully Bowsers	13	2	15
15	Three-wheelers	2346	7	2353
16	Motor Bicycles	3986	117	4103
17	Horse Carriers	5	-	5
18	Vehicles to transports K-9s	14	-	14
19	Water Cannons	15	-	15
20	Armoured Vehicles	1	-	1
21	Breakdown Vehicles	7	-	7
22	Unicorn Vehicles	5	1	6
23	Boom Trucks	3	-	3
24	Boats	29	-	29
25	Backhoe/Bulldozer/Caterpillar	6	3	9
26	Folklifts	10	1	11
27	Beach Rovers	5	-	5

Serial No.	Vehicle Type	Vehicles registered under the IGP	Vehicles registered under the Commanding Officer Special Task Force	Total
28	Mobile Service Vehicles	4	-	4
29	Recreational Vehicles	1	-	1
30	Tractor Trailers	132	-	132
31	Tractor trailer bowsers	80	-	80
32	Tractor Gully Vehicles	5	-	5
33	Fire Trucks	1	-	1
34	Tipper Trucks	1	-	1
35	Mobile Search Vehicles	2	-	2
36	Road Rollers	1	-	1
37	Car Carriers	1	-	1
38	Amphibious Vehicles	-	2	2
39	Barriers	-	-	0
Total		10760	188	10948

Source –Transport Division

2.8.4 Other Material Resources

Police hounds and horses that are used for various events, including crime investigations, traffic control, trainings and escort duties, are also important resources of Sri Lanka Police. Sri Lanka Police expends a large amount of money for getting their service, and details regarding these assets as at 31.12.2025 are shown in the following table.

Table No.41 **Details of K-9s owned by Sri Lanka Police**

Serial No.	Description	Quantity	Total value of K-9s based on their original value Rs.	Total value as per the value assessed as at 15-12-2025 Rs.
1	Imported K9s	50	85,316,371.44	84,967,778.40
2	K-9s received as donations	111	3,785,000.00	24,321,150.00
3	K-9s Bred at Police Kennel Division	108	33,630,000.00	45,247,700.00
4	K-9s purchased locally	7	105,000.00	540,600.00
5	Total Number of K-9s	276	122,836,371.44	155,077,228.40

Source –Police Kennel Division

Table No.42 **Details of Horses owned by Sri Lanka Police**

Number of Horses	Value of Horses Rs.
33	110,923,033.00

Source –Police Mounted Division

2.8.5 Utilization of lands and buildings

Details and information regarding the nature of the ownership of lands and buildings utilized for Police stations, Police offices, barracks, quarters, and other various requirements, and the amounts paid annually and monthly for buildings obtained on rental basis are depicted in the below table No.43.

Table No.43 **Lands and buildings owned and leased by the Sri Lanka Police**

Amount of land owned by Sri Lanka Police as of 31.12.2025				Number of buildings owned and leased by the Sri Lanka Police on of 31.12.2025		Amount of money paid for buildings acquired on lease during the year 2025			
Place	Quantity of Land					Purpose of obtaining buildings	Quantity	Amount of rent paid monthly(Rs.)	Amount of rent paid annually(Rs.)
	Acres	Roods	Perches						
Police Stations - 457	20	2	12.8	Police Offices	77	Police Offices	73	25,728,434.08	308,741,208.96
Police Offices	16	-	26.88	Police Stations	121	Police Stations	110	8,991,920.00	107,903,040.00
Police Posts	-	3	24.54	Police Posts	14	Police Posts	8	97,222.50	1,166,670.00
Quarters	3	1	20	Quarters and Barracks	104	Quarters and Barracks	89	3,597,077.25	43,164,927.00
	-	-	-	Stores and other	9	-	-	-	-
Total	41	-	4.22	Total	325	Total	280	38,414,653.83	460,975,845.96

Source - Chief Accountant, Physical Assets Management Division

2.8.6 Progress of getting goods and services supplied

Sri Lanka Police annually supplies many goods and services that are required to perform all the activities that fall under police duties efficiently and productively. Goods and services required for all tasks of the police, such as the activities from the recruitment of officers to providing them training, deploying them in service, crime investigation, riot control, and drug prevention are supplied under this. Details regarding the supply of goods and services in year 2025 by Sri Lanka Police depicted in the following table.

Table No.44

Serial No.	Programme/Project	Implemented Projects/Tasks	Allocations received as at the first quarter in year 2025 (Rs.Mn)	Allocations received in year 2025 (31.12.2025) as per IT Mis (Rs.Mn)	Expenditure (Rs.Mn.) (31.12.2025)	Outstanding bills (Rs.Mn)	Progress as at Present (%) according to the allocations mentioned in No. II (31.12.2025)
			(I)	(II)	(III)	(IV)	(V)
		Recurrent Expenditure					
1	1201	Stationary	0.90	1.19	1.19	-	100%
Total			0.90	1.19	1.19	-	100%
2	1203-(1)	Diets	200.00	74.00	74.00	-	100%
3	1203-(2)	Uniforms	4,600.00	2,188.00	2,188.00	-	100%
Total			4,800.00	2,262.00	2,262.00	-	100%
4	1205-(5)	Storage Equipment	396.00	593.00	79.00	-	14%
5	1205-(6)	Ammunition	234.00	250.00	102.00		41%
6	1205-(7)	Fingerprint Equipment	10.00	20.00			-
7	1205-(8)	Photography Equipment / SOCO Equipment	90.00	30.00		-	-
Total			730.00	893.00	181.00	-	21%
8	1409-(138)	Service of Machine and office equipment	0.31	0.31	0.31	-	100%
9	1409-(140)	Publishing paper advertisements/For Procurement Committees	7.52	7.46	7.46	-	100%
Total			7.83	7.77	7.77	-	100%
Total of Recurrent Expenditure			5,538.73	3,163.96	2,451.96	-	78%
		Capital Expenditure					
10	2102-(1)	Furniture	25.00	1.00		-	-
11	2102-(3)	Welfare	25.00	1.00		-	-
12	2102-(4)	Office Equipment	50.00	19.00	18.00	-	95%
13	2102-(5)	Electrical Equipment	100.00	71.00	70.00	-	98%
14	2102-(6)	Computers	300.00	38.00	37.00	-	97%
Total			500.00	130.00	125.00	-	96%
15	2103-(1)	Weapons	5.00				-
16	2103-(3)	Photography Equipment / SOCO Equipment	50.00	41.00	39.00	-	95%
17	2103-(4)	Vehicles	5.00			-	-
18	2103-(4)	Fingerprint Equipment	5.00			-	-
19	2103-(6)	Musical Instruments	5.00			-	-
20	2103-(7)	Riot Control Equipment	5.00			-	-
21	2103-(8)	Equipment for Horses	5.00			-	-

Serial No.	Programme/Project	Implemented Projects/Tasks	Allocations received as at the first quarter in year 2025 (Rs.Mn)	Allocations received in year 2025 (31.12.2025) as per IT Mis (Rs.Mn)	Expenditure (Rs.Mn.) (31.12.2025)	Outstanding bills (Rs.Mn)	Progress as at Present (%) according to the allocations mentioned in No. II (31.12.2025)
22	2103-(9)	Equipment for K-9s	5.00			-	-
23	2103-(17)	Other Equipment	235.00	216.00	214.00	-	99%
Total			320.00	257.00	253.00	-	98%
24	2106	Software Development	1,000.00	25.00	23.00	-	90%
Total			1,000.00	25.00	23.00	-	90%
25	12-2509	Purchasing horses	100.00	-	-	-	-
Total			100.00	-	-	-	-
Total of Capital Expenditure			1,920.00	412.00	401.00	-	97%
Total			7,458.73	3,575.96	2,852.96	-	80%

Source –Police Supply Division

2.9 Future Goals of Sri Lanka Police

In order to discharge the duties of Sri Lanka Police more efficiently and productively, it is expected to implement the target projects and programs under the aspects of curbing crimes, preventing drug menace, using new technological strategies, minimizing road accidents, and developing material and human resources.

2.9.1 Future goals regarding crime investigation and prevention of narcotics

- I. Establishing a database with criminal records and fingerprints, further expanding the automated fingerprint recognition system to solve unsolved crimes.
- II. Developing software to identify palm prints and soleprints as a method of investigating crime scenes and implementing preliminary work to obtain the necessary legal provisions to photograph palm prints and soleprints with digital cameras.
- III. To accelerate crime prevention efforts in the island by upgrading the existing old crime charts and maps to a modernized version.
- IV. Conducting local and foreign training courses to provide officers with new technical knowledge for crime scene investigation.
- V. Monitoring the activities of registered criminals in the island through modern technological methods, thereby minimizing their tendency to re-offend.

- VI. Conducting data analysis related to organized crime investigations using modern technology to successfully conduct such investigations.
- VII. Conducting data analysis related to organized crime investigations using modern technology to successfully conduct such investigations.
- VIII. Public complaints received through 118 are currently being forwarded by telephone to police stations and offices for investigation, and in the coming year, the system will be improved so that such complaints can be forwarded directly to the relevant police stations through the link www.pubsec.118.gov.lk.
- IX. Accelerating the process of serving justice by fully regulating the entire process of investigation of complaints of crimes and violence against children and women and forwarding such complaints for court proceedings.
- X. Taking immediate action on information referred to the 109 Special Operations Room to minimize violence against children and women.
- XI. Taking steps to follow up on victimized, vulnerable, and suspicious children, as well as taking steps to minimize child abuse by taking into custody street children, begging children, and vulnerable children.
- XII. Conducting immediate raids to minimize violence against women on public transport.
- XIII. Using NCMECCMT to investigate child sexual exploitation on the internet.
- XIV. Taking compulsory measures including protecting the general from cyber and computer crimes and raising their awareness of such crimes.
- XV. To prepare and implement necessary projects to minimize crimes and social problems affecting the lives of the general public at the Grama Niladhari Division level and police stations.

2.9.2 Future goals regarding prevention of road accidents

- I. Regularly implement police mobile patrols and motorcycle patrols to minimize expressway-related accidents.
- II. Use electronic and print media to inform drivers about the most likely driving times and weather conditions on the expressway which accident can happened, as well as other special issues, and involve expressway entrance gate officers in this regard.
- III. Expanding the accident data management system to identify accident-prone areas analytically through scientific approaches using accident data and accelerate the process of addressing the causes of accidents.
- IV. Further expansion of operations to inspect vehicles that are responsible for road accidents and issue prohibitory orders.

- V. To further study extensively on traffic flow and the physical nature of roads to minimize road congestion and present short-term and long-term solutions.
- VI. Promoting the use of knowledge and technological tools necessary for the use of new technological strategies to prevent road accidents.
- VII. Taking steps to minimize road accidents by conducting awareness programmes representing all strata of society.
- VIII. Providing the necessary equipment to all provinces and divisions of the island to identify drivers who are driving under the influence of drugs and training officers in the use of such equipment.
- IX. Obtaining highly accurate information on speed limits by providing modern speed cameras with video to every police station.
- X. Facilitating the process of paying fines for traffic violations by providing the facility to do so over the phone.
- XI. Providing every officer on duty on the roads with a camera that can be worn on their uniform.

2.9.3 Future goals regarding Development of Human Resources

- I. Deploying officers of the Special Task Force for the United Nations Peacekeeping Police Mobilization duties.
- II. Educating officers of Sri Lanka Police on modern police methods use in worldwide and making them participated in local and foreign training programmes.
- III. Taking measures to provide required knowledge through universities and higher education institutes in order to enhance the computer literacy of officers.
- IV. Improving the training courses currently being conducted by the National Police Academy, Police Colleges and In-service Training Institutes to ensure that a competent police officer equipped with theoretical and practical training required for the existing society is deployed for police duties.
- V. Conducting programmes and workshops to enhance knowledge, skills of the officers who are implementing community policing concept.
- VI. Taking measures to fill the vacancies through recruitments and promotions on time, having adhered to the recruitment and promotion procedures.

VII. The recruitments scheduled to be done in future, will be carried out as follows.

Table No.45

Recruitments to be done

Serial No.	Rank	Units to be recruited	Number of persons to be recruited		Current Progress
			2025	Proposed in 2026	
1	Sub Inspector of Police	Police Regular Service		300	Background checks have been initiated to recruit 200 persons to the rank of S. I. and 1300 to the rank of P.C. Gazette Notifications have already been drafted to call for the applications for all remaining vacancies in the Police Regular Service and Special Task Force.
2	Women Sub Inspector of Police			50	
3	Police Constable			2150	
4	Women Police Constable			1000	
5	Police Constable Driver			250	
6	Sub Inspector of Police	Special Task Force ^a		50	
7	Police Constable			320	
8	Women Police Constable			80	
9	Police Constable Driver			50	

Source – Recruitment Division

*Letters have been forwarded to the Ministry of Defence to get the approval for the recruitment of S. I., P.C. and P. C. D. ranks which the approval has been given by the Public Management Service to recruit for the year 2025, which were the rest of the recruitment that had to be made after recruitment made in the year, 2024 in relation to the Gazette notification bearing No. 2378 dated 28. 03. 2024.

- VIII. Conducting medical clinics in order to improve the physical and mental health of officers, and taking measures to promote healthy meals in the canteens and messes to combat non-communicable diseases.
- IX. Taking required measures to make Making sure that the officers would take a medical examination in every six months to understand their health condition can be accurately identified and necessary steps taken.
- X. Providing a minimum of 12 hours of training for capacity development to each officer in line with the human resource development plan.

2.9.4 Future goals regarding Development of Material Resources

- I. Taking measures to withdraw the divisions established in several private-owned buildings that were rented bearing a huge expenses in Colombo and its suburbs for the use of the Sri Lanka Police in order to minimize government expenses.
- II. Establishing transport sub-units to further expand the activities of the Police Transport Division.
- III. Getting vehicles under the coordination of the Indian Credit Line and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) to expand and strengthen the police transport systems.
- IV. Taking necessary steps select Kennels from imported K9s for the reproduction process.
- V. Submitting proposals to enhance the Research and Analysis Unit which has already been established, to establish as Research, Analysis and Development Unit.
- VI. Finalizing the delimitation of the DIG jurisdictions coincide with the boundaries of the administrative districts.
- VII. Delimitate the district in charge of Assistant Superintendent of Police and publication in the Gazette Notifications.
- VIII. Launching a photo gallery showcasing important aspects of the history of the Sri Lanka Police.
- IX. The construction and renovations scheduled to be carried out are as follows.

Table No.46

Projects to be carried out

Serial No.	Type of Buildings	Quantity	Cost incurred for the entire project (Rs.Mn.)	Allocation for the year 2025 (RS.Mn.)
1	Construction of Police Stations	9	1,616.86	170.00
2	Construction of Barracks	2	180.60	47.50
3	Construction of Quarters	1	1,213.77	20.00
4	Construction of other buildings	14	2,445.50	202.75
5	Renovation of Police Stations	12	657.66	130.00
6	Renovation of Barracks	5	132.88	31.66
7	Renovation of Quarters	98	1,043.32	322.16
8	Other renovations	89	3,047.48	371.18
9	Expansion of National Police Academy	1	1,185.13	100.00
10	Development of Police College	1	484.30	100.00
Total		232	12007.5	1495.25

Source – Building Division

- X. The police stations, police posts, territorial and functional divisions to be established are as follows.

Table No.47

Serial No.	Type	Quantity
1	Police Stations	608
2	Police Post	277
3	Territorial Divisions	47
4	Functional Divisions	77
Total		1009

Source –Research & Development Division

2.9.5 Future Goals regarding the Use of New Technology

- I. Establishing a Cyber Security and Open Source Analysis Unit.
- II. To further advance the field by photographing fingerprints and palm prints through digital media and thereby speed up criminal investigations.
- III. Monitoring and issuing traffic fines through CCTV technology to reduce traffic violations.
- IV. Providing high-tech TRU CAM speed cameras with video facilities to every police station'
- V. Developing a new technological system to collect spot fines for traffic violations and implement the driver demerit points system
- VI. Developing methods to reduce traffic violations by utilizing the SLADMS software and data security system donated to the Sri Lanka Police by the World Health Organization as a key tool for maintaining traffic accident statistics in Sri Lan
- VII. Promoting the use of breathalyzer machines in addition to the currently used breathalyzer tubes to identify drivers who are under the influence of alcohol
- VIII. Taking measures to prevent child abuse by joining with Google and TikTok Low Enforcement Portal.
- IX. In order to utilize time and energy efficiently, all discussions and conferences have already initiated to be held online using TEAM and ZOOM technology, and using this technology will be further expanded in the future.

- X. As an organization that receives a large volume of reports daily, saving time and effort by submitting them using technological methods such as Google forms and Microsoft forms.
- XI. Through web-based computer
- XII. systems and cloud-based technology, the huge amount of data maintained related to files and documents can be entered into computer programmes and maintained in a very efficient manner, and an office environment without physical documents.
- XIII. Enhancing the efficiency of the service provided to the public by training police officers on the use of Microsoft 365 accounts.
- XIV. Crime scene laboratories established throughout the island are currently networked, and related paperwork is being carried out entirely via email.
- XV. Obtaining mobile vehicles equipped with modern technological facilities, including CCTV drone cameras, and deploying them for traffic and other surveillance duties.
- XVI. Extensive use of modern drone camera technology to take necessary measures by properly studying incidents such as, public agitations, protests, etc.
- XVII. Creating a computer system for easy management of criminal investigations carried out by Police stations and various Investigation Units.
- XVIII. Continuing the process of developing the technical knowledge of officers which is an essential factor for technology-based crime investigation.
- XIX. Providing advanced technological knowledge to police officers, for getting the computer systems required for Sri Lanka Police, set up by the officers themselves.



Priyantha Weerasooriya
Inspector General of Police

Priyantha Weerasooriya
AAL - LLM, LLB, MBA (HRM)
Inspector General of Police
Police Headquarters
Columbo - 02.

Chapter 03

Overall Financial Performance of the Year

3.1 Financial Performance Statement

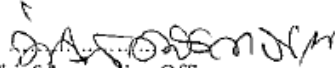
Budget Estimates (Revised) 2025		Note	Actual		
			2025	2024	
Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	
-	REVENUE		-	-	
-	Income Tax	1	-	-	
-	Taxes on Domestic Goods & Services	2	-	-	ACA-1
-	Taxes on International Trade	3	-	-	
-	Non Tax Revenue & Others	4	-	-	
-	TOTAL REVENUE (a)		-	-	
-	Non Revenue Receipts		-	-	
-	Treasury Imprests		127,835,578,000	120,104,698,000	ACA-3
-	Deposits		808,138,185	466,598,315	ACA-4
-	Advance Account		1,042,048,908	895,187,583	ACA-5
	Other Main Ledger Receipts		-	-	
-	Total Non Revenue Receipts (B)		129,685,765,094	121,466,483,898	
-	Total Revenue Receipts and Non Revenue Receipts C = (A) + (B)		129,685,765,094	121,466,483,898	
	Remittance to the Treasury (D)		-	-	
	Net Revenue Receipts and Non Revenue Receipts E = (C) - (D)		129,685,765,094	121,466,483,898	
	Less : EXPENDITURE				
	Recurrent Expenditure		-	-	
84,435,000,000	Wages, Salaries and Other Employment Benefits	5	82,686,026,050	100,372,885,765	
47,780,000,000	Other Goods & Services	6	40,611,554,904	16,107,997,111	2(ii)
702,169,716	Subsidies, Grants and Transfers	7	424,238,586	293,593,456	
-	Interest Payments	8		241,378,301	
2,830,284	Other Recurrent Expenditure	9	2,830,284	839,469	
132,920,000,000	Total Recurrent Expenditure (F)		123,724,649,825	117,016,694,102	
	Capital Expenditure				
3,790,000,000	Rehabilitation & Improvement of Capital Assets	10	3,543,781,093	1,867,928,861	
4,770,000,000	Acquisition of Capital Assets	11	3,269,149,909	2,003,084,126	
-	Capital Transfers	12	-	-	2(ii)
-	Acquisition of Financial Assets	13	-	-	
200,000,000	Capacity Building	14	186,142,763	117,555,397	
620,000,000	Other Capital Expenditure	15	-	75,291,527	
9,380,000,000	Total Capital Expenditure (G)		6,999,073,765	4,063,859,911	
	Deposit Payments		638,757,096	461,870,476	ACA-4
	Advance Payment		1,946,118,739	1,338,326,534	ACA-5
	Other Main Ledger Payments		-	-	
	Total Main Ledger Expenditure (H)		2,584,875,835	1,800,197,010	
	Total Expenditure I = (F + G + H)		133,308,599,425	122,880,751,022	
-	Balance as at 31st December J = (E - I)		(3,622,834,331)	(1,414,267,124)	
	Balance as per the Imprest Reconciliation Statement		(3,622,834,331)	(1,414,267,124)	ACA-7
	Imprest Balance as at 31st December				ACA-3
			(3,622,834,331)	(1,414,267,124)	

3.3 Statement of Financial Situation

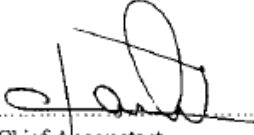
ACA P				
Statement of Financial Position				
as at 31st December 2025				
Actual				
	Note	2025	2024	
		Rs.	Rs.	
Non Financial Assets				
Property, Plant & Equipment	ACA-6	172,586,367,028	112,404,526,604	
Financial Assets				
Advance Accounts	ACA-5	2,167,077,174	1,263,007,342	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	ACA-3	-	-	
Total Assets		174,753,444,202	113,667,533,946	
Net Assets/ Equity				
Net Worth to Treasury		1,757,437,088	1,022,754,706	
Property, Plant & Equipment Reserve		172,586,367,028	112,404,526,604	
Rent and Work Advance Reserve	ACA-5(b)			
Current Liability				
Deposits Accounts	ACA-4	409,640,086	240,252,636	
Imprest Balance	ACA-3	-	-	
Total Liability		174,753,444,202	113,667,533,946	

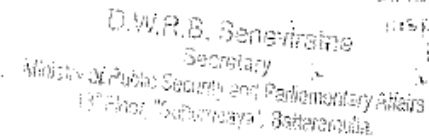
Detail Accounting Statement in Forms ACA 1 to ACA 7 presented in pages 1 to 29 and Annexure to accounts presented in pages from 30 to 113 from an internal part of these Financial Statements. The Financial Statements have been prepared in complying with the provisions of Financial Regulations 150 and 151 and Public Accounts Guidelines No. 02/2025 dated 17.12.2025. We hereby certify that figures in these Financial Statements, Notes to accounts and other relevant accounts were reconciled with the Treasury Books of Accounts and found in agreement.

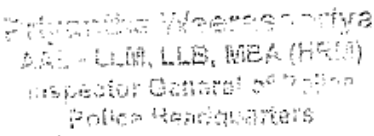
We hereby certify that, in terms of the Section 38 (1) (c) of the Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, an effective internal control system for financial control exists in the Reporting entity and carried out periodic reviews to monitor the effectiveness of internal control system for the financial control and accordingly make alterations as required for such systems to be effectively carried out.

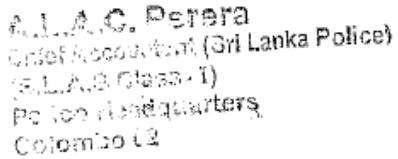

 Chief Accounting Officer
 Name : D.W.R.B. Seneviratne
 Designation : Secretary Ministry of Public
 Security and Parliamentary Affairs
 Date :2026.02. 27


 Accounting Officer
 Name : Priyantha Weerasuriya
 Designation : IGP
 Date :2026.02. 25


 Chief Accountant
 Name :A.L.A.C. Perera
 Date :2026.02. 26


 D.W.R.B. Seneviratne
 Secretary
 Ministry of Public Security and Parliamentary Affairs
 11, Phor, "Sudurawaya", Battaramulla


 Priyantha Weerasuriya
 AAL - LL.M, LL.B, MBA (HRM)
 Inspector General of Police
 Police Headquarters
 Colombo 13


 A.L.A.C. Perera
 Chief Accountant (Sri Lanka Police)
 (S.L.A.S Glass-I)
 Police Headquarters
 Colombo 13

3.4 Statement on Cash Flow

		ACA-C
for the Period ended 31st December - 2025		
	Actual	Amended
	2025	2024
	Rs.	Rs.
<u>Cash Flow from Operating Activities</u>		
Total Tax Receipts		
Fees, Fines, Penalties and Licenses	-	-
Profit		
Non Revenue Receipts	-	-
Revenue collected on behalf of Other Revenue Heads	-	-
Imprest Received	-	4,079,163,159
Recoveries from Advance	-	120,104,698,000
Deposit Received	1,037,156,412	899,177,715
Total Cash generated from Operations (A)	127,835,578,000	466,598,315
	128,872,734,412	125,549,637,189
<u>Less - Cash disbursed for</u>		
Personal Emoluments & Operating Payments		
Subsidies & Transfer Payment	(122,291,368,689)	116,979,811,111
Rehabilitation and improvement of capital assets, capital transfers, capacity building and other capital expenditures	-	241,378,301
Expenditure incurred on behalf of Other Heads	-	
Imprest Settlement to Treasury	-	4,797,483,175
Advance Payment		-
Deposit Payment	1,951,141,043	1,341,004,347
Total Cash disbursed for Operations (B)	-	461,870,476
	(120,340,227,647)	123,821,547,410
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities (C) = (A) - (B)	249,212,962,059	1,728,089,780
<u>Cash Flow from Investing Activities</u>		
Interest		
Dividends	-	-
Divestiture Proceeds & Sale of Physical Asset	-	-
Recoveries from On Lending	-	-
Total Cash generated from Investing Activities (D)	-	-
	-	-
<u>Less : Cash disbursed for:</u>		
Purchase or Construction of Physical Asset & Acquisition of Other Investment		
Total Cash disbursed for Investing Activities (E)	-	1,728,089,780
	-	1,728,089,780
Net Cash From Investing Activities (F)=(D)-(E)	-	(1,728,089,780)
Net Cash Flows from Operating & Investing Activities (G)= (C) + (F)	249,212,962,059	(0)
<u>Cash Flow from Financial Activities</u>		
Local Borrowing		
Foreign Borrowing	-	-
Grants Received	-	-
Total Cash generated from Financial Activities (H)	-	-
	-	-
<u>Less - Cash disbursed for</u>		
Repayment of Local Borrowing		
Repayment of Foreign Borrowing	-	-
Total Cash disbursed for Financial Activities (I)	-	-
	-	-
Net Cash Flows from Financial Activities (J)= (C) - (I)	-	-
Net Movement in Cash (K) = (G) + (J)	249,212,962,059	(0)
Opening Cash Balance as at 01st January	(249,212,962,059)	-
Closing Cash Balance as at 31st December	-	-

3.5 Financial Statement Notes

The financial statements of the Sri Lanka Police as of 31.12.2025 have been prepared and submitted to the National Audit Office on 28 February 2026. All financial statements have been included in the report.

3.6 Performance of Revenue Collection

Table No.48

Rs.,000

Revenue Code Description	Estimated Revenue		Revenue Collected	
	Cash Estimate	Final Estimate	Amount (Rs.)	Final Estimate as a percentage of the estimate
Government Building Rents	119,000	119,000	153,078	129%
Police - Other	30,000	30,000	67,681	226%
Other receipts	125,000	125,000	203,321	163%
Sales and charges	800,000	800,000	1,259,702	157%
Social security contribution			3,734,954	

Source – Chief Accountant, Computer Estimates

3.7 Performance of Utilization of Allocated Provisions

Table No.49

Rs.,000

Type of allocations	Reserved allocation	Final allocation	Actual expenditure	Utilized allocations as a percentage of the final allocations
Recurrent expenditure	136,100,000	132,920,000	123,724,650	93%
Capital expenditure	8,200,000	9,380,000	6,999,074	76%

Source - Chief Accountant, Computer Estimates

3.8 Allocations granted to this Department/ District Secretariat/ Provincial Council as a representative of Other Ministries/ Departments as per of F.R. 208

Table No.50

Rs.,000

Serial No.	Ministry / Department to which Allocations have been granted	Purpose of Allocation	Allocation		Actual Expenditure	Percentage of allocation utilized from final allocation
			Initial Allocation	Final Allocation		
1	Department of Treasury Operations	Payment of fuel bills	767,778	767,778	767,778	100%
2	Sri Lanka Customs	Payment of custom duties	144,490	144,490	144,490	100%
3	Department of Government Factory	Repair of typewriter machines	6,409	6,409	6,409	100%
4	Ministry of Defence	Transport Allowance Fuel Allowance	70,468	70,468	70,468	100%
5	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	INTERPOL Subscription	27,499	27,499	27,499	100%
6	Department of Railways	Payment for free railway warrants	107,502	107,502	107,502	100%
7	Department of Buildings	Construction and renovation of buildings	582,255	582,255	582,255	100%
8	Department of Government Printing	Payment of printing	36	36	36	100%
9	Government Analyst's Department	Payment for D. N. A. Analysis reports	32,378	32,378	32,378	100%
10	Ministry of Health	Payment of salaries & allowances, Telephone bills for Medical Officers	86,246	86,246	86,246	100%

Source - Chief Accountant, Computer Estimates

3.9 Performance of Reporting Non-Financial Assets

Table No.51

Rs.,000				
Code Description	Balance as per Board of Survey as at 31.12.2025	Balance as per Financial Report as at 31.12.2025	To be Accounted	Reporting Progress as a percentage
Building and Structures		57,790,578		
Machinery		38,550,696		
Lands		73,182,743		
Intangible Assets		150,305		
Biological Assets				
Work in progress		2,913,044		
Leased Assets				

Source - Chief Accountant, Physical
Assets Management Division

3.10 Auditor General's Report

Chapter 04

Performance Indicators

4.1 Performance Indicators of the Institution (Based on Action Plan)

Table 52 Performance Indicators of the Institution (Based on the Action Plan)

Specified Indicator	Actual Output as a percentage (%) of the expected output		
	100% 90%	75% - 89%	50% - 74%
Percentage of solving crimes		√	
Number of raids carried out with the assistance of the Special Task Force	√		
Number of awareness programmes conducted with the contribution of active Civil Security Committees			√

Source – Research and Development Division

Chapter 05

Performance of Achieving Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)

5.1 Relevant Sustainable Developments Goals Identified

Table No 53

Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030								
	Sustainable Development Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
1	03. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	3.6 By 2030, the number of deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents.	3.6.1 Number of deaths due to road accidents (percentage) in the previous 12 months	"By 2030, reduce by 20% from the base year(2015)" (10.74 100000 for population) (13.43-10.744)/13.43	√			
2	08. Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all	8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms.	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5–17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	As Sri Lanka Police is not the Institution that implements and regulates the target of this indicator, specific date cannot be provided (Department of Labor has to determine based on the data obtained from the surveys conducted by Department Census and Statistics. Currently, the value given by the Sustainable Development Council is 0)	√			Further, only administrative data (Number of incidents advanced to prosecute based on criminal charges) can be provided

Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030								
	Sustainable Development Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
3	11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	11.7. By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	11.7.2. Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months	Targets can be determined having identified the current nature of this indicator by evaluating a survey conducted by Department Census and Statistics.				Department Census and Statistics.
4	16. Promotion of peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, the provision of access to justice for all, and building effective, accountable institutions at all levels	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population by sex and age, in the previous 12 months	"By 2030, reduce by 33% from the base year (2015) (Reduce by 1.5 per 100000 population) ((2.27-1.5)/2.27)"				
5			16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and division, where the incident took place in the previous 12 months	By 2030, make the number of victims 0 (100%)				Data Reports have already been called, and measures will be taken to submit them accordingly

Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030								
	Sustainable Development Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
6			16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to physical violence, psychological violence and sexual violence in the previous 12 months	"By 2030, reduce by 45% from the base year (2015)" 18 per 100,000 Population. 32.6 -18/32.6				Data Reports have already been called, and measures will be taken to submit them accordingly
7			16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live	Targets can be determined having identified the current nature of this indicator by evaluating the survey conducted by Department Census and Statistics.				Department Census and Statistics
8		16.2 End brutal torture, abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	16.2.1 Number of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by guardians/ caregivers/ servant in the past month (Proximity index) Crimes against children	By 2030, reduce by 25% from the base year (2015)" 3932-2900/3932. Sri Lanka Police provides only administrative data	√			

	Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030							
	Sustainable Development s Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
9			16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population by sex, age nature of abuse in the previous 12 months	By 2030, make the number of victims of human trafficking 0 (100%)	√			
10			16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18–29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18, reported in the previous 12 months	Target value can be determined having identified the current nature of this indicator by evaluating the survey conducted by Department Census and Statistics.				Department Census and Statistics.
11		16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.3 Number of complaints reported to Sri Lanka Police (Proximity index)	Sri Lanka Police provides only administrative data. Ministry of Justice holds the responsibility of this indicator				Ministry of Justice holds the responsibility of this indicator and Sri Lanka Police provides only administrative data Proportion is 4,194 complaints per 100,000 population

Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030								
	Sustainable Development Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
12		16.4 by 2030 significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen recovery and return of stolen assets, and combat all forms of organized crime	16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward illicit financial flows (in current United States dollars)	"No data has been provided by the Sri Lanka Police so far and the Central Bank and Department of Island Revenue should collaborate for this purpose.				It is not practical for the Central Bank and Department of Island Revenue to setup collaborated targets
13			16.4.2 Proportion of seized, found or surrendered arms whose illicit origin or context has been traced or established by a competent authority in line with international instruments in the previous 12 months	Setting expected targets for 2030 is not practical.				(It is beyond practical to be aware of the illegal weapons in the island at present)

Target values of Sustainable Development Goals covered by the duties of Sri Lanka Police in 2030								
	Sustainable Development Goals	Sustainable Developments Target	Indicators of the achievement	Expected targets by 2030	Progress of the Achievement to date			Other
					0%-49%	50% - 74%	75% - 100%	
14		16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements	16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months	By 2030 make the value of this indicator to 0 (100%)				Statistics related only on journalists have been calculated in relation to this goal.
15			16.10.1.a. Nature of abuse or nature of abuser by sex, age, reported to Sri Lanka Police on district bases (e. g. - Government and Non-government	The data is provided by the National Child Protection Authority The National Child Protection Authority should determine the target values				The National Child Protection Authority

Source – Research and Development Division

Chapter 06

Human Resource Profile

6.1 Cadre Management

Table No 54

Cadre of Police Regular Service as at 31 – 12 – 2025

A	B	C	D	E	F
				B-C=E	B-C-D=F
				B - C = E	
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre		Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
		Within Approved cadre	Within Excess cadre		
Senior Level	745	512		233	0
Tertiary Level	3811	2436	1616	1375	-
Secondary Level	97544	53273	17262	44271	-
Primary Level	0	0	0	0	-
Total	102100	56221	18878	45879	0
	102100	75099		27001	
* When the vacancies in tertiary and secondary level have been calculated, the number vacancies have been calculated, having removed the number of officers promoted as personal to the holder.					
N. B.- Promotions have been granted to the ranks in the tertiary and secondary levels on 01. 01. 2019, 071. 07. 2019, 01. 01. 2020, 071. 07. 2020 levels as personal to the holder irrespective of the approved cadre. Therefore, since the approved Cadre of all ranks in Sri Lanka Police is 102100, new recruitments should be made only for the actual vacancies of 27001, without exceeding the approved Cadre.					
* Since the number of vacancies should be calculated, the actual cadre has been calculated including the ones who have vacated the post.					

Cadre of Police Security Assistants as of 2025.12.31					
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre		Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
Primary Level	0	68	0	-	-
* The primary level here is considered to be Police Security Assistant Officers.					

Source - Human Resource Management Division

Table No 55

Cadre of Police Support Service as at 31 – 12 - 2025

A	B	C	D	E
			B-C=D	
Category	Approved cadre	Actual cadre	Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
Senior	204	7	46	151
Tertiary	582	247	19	316
Secondary	2038	824	5	1209
Primary	-	-	-	-
Total	2824	1078	70	1676
Since vacancies should be calculated, the actual cadre has been calculated including the ones who have vacated the post				

Source - Human Resource Management Division

Table No 56

Cadre of Special Task Force as at 31 – 12 - 2025

A	B	C	D	E	F
				B-C=E	B-C-D=F
Category	Approved Cadre	Existing Cadre		Number of Vacancies	Excess Cadre
		Within Approved cadre	As personal to the holder		
Senior	70	37	-	33	-
Tertiary	346	241	126	105	21
Secondary	10329	6500	702	3829	-
Primary	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10745	6778	828	3967	21
	10745	7606		3139	
* When the vacancies in tertiary and secondary level have been calculated, the number vacancies have been calculated, having removed the number of officers promoted as personal to the holder.					
N. B.- Promotions have been granted to the ranks in the tertiary and secondary on 01. 01. 2019, 07. 2019, 01. 01. 2020, 07. 2020 levels as personal to the holder irrespective of the approved cadre. Therefore, since the approved Cadre of all ranks in Sri Lanka Police is 102100, new recruitments should be made only for the actual vacancies of 27001, without exceeding the approved Cadre.					
* Since the number of vacancies should be calculated, the actual cadre has been calculated including the ones who have vacated the post.					

Source - Human Resource Management Division

Table No 57

Civil Staff of Sri Lanka Police

Table 57		Civil Staff of Sri Lanka Police					
Serial No.	Post	Service	Grade/ Class	Service Level	Approved Cardre as at 31. 12. 2025	Actual Cardre as at 31. 12. 2025	Vacancies
1	Direct (Civil Administration)	S. L. A. S.	I	Senior Level	1	1	0
2	Chief Accountant	S. L. Ac. S.	I	Senior Level	18	8	10
3	Chief Internal Auditor	S. L. Ac. S.	I	Senior Level	1	1	0
4	Deputy/ Assistant Director	S. L. A. S.	II/III	Senior Level	2	0	2
5	Deputy/ Assistant Director (Planning)	S. L. P. S.	II/III	Senior Level	1	1	0
6	Accountant	S. L. Ac. S.	III	Senior Level	48	52	-4
7	Civil Engineer	S. L. E. S.	III	Senior Level	1	1	0
8	Medical Officer	S. L. M. S	II	Senior Level	2	0	2
9	Criminologist	Departmental	-	Senior Level	1	1	0
10	Research Officer	Departmental	-	Senior Level	1	0	1
11	Administrative Officer	M. S. O. S.	Supra	Tertiary Level	12	9	3
12	Translator	T. S.	II/I	Tertiary Level	6	5	1
13	Development Assistant	Departmental	-	Secondary Level	117	87	0
14	Development Officer	D. O. S.	III	Secondary Level	533	223	310
15	News Editor	Departmental	-	Secondary Level	2	1	1
16	Management Service Officer	M. S. O. S.	III/II/I	Secondary Level	1703	1482	221
19	Civil Assistant	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Secondary Level	228	228	0
20	Information and Communication Technology Assistant	S. L. I. C. T. S.	III	Secondary Level	3	2	1
21	Office Assistant	O. E. S.	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	2072	1875	197
25	Station Labourer	Departmental	-	Primary Level	332	332	0
26	Hostler	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	55	41	14
27	Mahouts	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	2	2	0
28	Attendant	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	183	133	50
29	Police Security Assistant	Departmental	-	Primary Level	68	68	0
30	Chef	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	1169	721	448
31	Kitchen Assistant	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	1169	885	284
32	Electrician (Automotive)	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	42	0	42
33	Motor Mechanic	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	210	0	210
34	Welder	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	22	0	22
35	Injector Pump Mechanic	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	10	0	10
36	Battery Technician	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	12	0	12
37	Service Technician	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	32	0	32
38	Paint Technician	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	22	0	22
39	Motorcycle Mechanic	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	40	0	40
40	Tinker Technician	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	70	0	70
41	Telephone and Intercom System Repairer	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	10	0	10
42	Gas welder	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	2	0	2
43	Painter	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	34	0	34
44	Carpenter	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	344	0	344
45	Mason	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	344	0	344
46	Electrician (Domestic)	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	225	0	225
47	Plumber	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	182	0	182
48	Hairdresser	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	503	26	477
49	Gardener	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	27	21	6
50	Waiter	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	217	0	217
51	Tire Technician	Departmental	III/II/I/SP	Primary Level	12	0	12
52	Casual/ Temporary Labourer	Departmental	-	Primary Level	-	0	0
Total					10090	6206	3854

Source - Director, Civil Administration

6.2 How the shortage or excess in human resources affect the performance of Sri Lanka Police

Sri Lanka Polices does have a shortage in human resource and it has direct affected on the performance and primary duties of Sri Lanka Police as such prevention of crimes, maintain law and order and law enforcement.

As of 31- 12 - 2025, the total number of vacancies in Regular Police Service of Sri Lanka Police was 27001. Further, 3967 vacancies were in the Police Special Task Force and 1676 vacancies in the Police Support Services. In addition to that, vacancies of civil staff in Departmental and Non-Departmental posts were 3854. The shortage of the human resource has affected the performance of Sri Lanka Police as follows.

- i. Since there are not adequate number of officers to be deployed for the duties, efficiency and the effectiveness of the service rendered to the Public can be poor.
- ii. Due to the enormous workload assigned to one person, and extended working hours, Job satisfaction may be loosen.
- iii. Due to the physical and mental stress that can arise from excessive workload, the mental and physical health of officers deteriorates, resulting in a decrease in service productivity due to the inability to achieve the desired goals.
- iv. Due to the message conveyed to the society by those officers who are under stress, possibility of experiencing a drop in the number of people and exhibiting a feeling of reluctance in joining the police service when recruiting new officers.

Training programmes conducted by Police College

Table No 58

Name of the Program	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme	Total Investment		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained
		(Months)	(Rs. 000)			
			Local	Foreign		
Basic Training Course for probationary Officers	1354	09 Months 07 Months 06 Months 03 Months	20,945,065.00		Local	Basic Training
Capacity Building Programme	291	01 Month			Local	Developing the attitudes and skills of officers by enhancing their knowledge

Name of the Program	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme	Total Investment		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained
		(Months)	(Rs. 000)			
			Local	Foreign		
Orientation Programmes	741	03 Months 03 Weeks 01 Week 03 Days	614,460.00		Local	Enhancing the knowledge and skills required for the new post
English Course	378	03 Months	-	-	Local	Enhance the English proficiency of officers
Tamil Language Proficiency Courses	134	02 Months				Enhance the Tamil proficiency of officers
Computer Training Course	269	03 Weeks			Local	Enhance the computer literacy of officers
Combat Training Courses	410	03 Weeks	3,107,800.00			Providing basic Weapons and Combat Training
SOCO Course	28	22 Weeks	480,000.00			Providing knowledge similar to NVQ Level 5
Basic Intelligence Training Course	137	02 Days 03 Days	-	-	Local	Developing knowledge, attitudes and skills of officers attached to Special Branch
Leadership Training Course	204	01 Day 03 Days	-	-	Local	Developing leadership qualities
Course conducted for the officers who transferred from Special Protection Range	832	02 Weeks 03 Weeks	-	-	Local	Improving Practical knowledge

Name of the Program	No. of staff trained	Duration of the programme	Total Investment		Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)	Output/ Knowledge Gained
		(Months)	(Rs. 000)			
			Local	Foreign		
VIP Security Course	137	02 Days 03 Days			Local	Deploying intelligent and efficient police officers, having developed knowledge and skills required for the post
Training Course for probationary Sub Inspector of Police	1	08 Months	1,059,524.70		Local	Basic Training
Training Course for Junior Police Officers	336	03 Weeks				Improving knowledge of Officers
Training Course for Inspector Grade Officers	115	04 Weeks				Improving knowledge of Officers

Source – Police College

**Training programmes conducted by National
Police Academy, Katana**

Table No 59

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S.No.	Name of the course	Number of Courses conducted	Number of Targeted Course Participants	Number of staff trained	Number of those who are following courses	Duration of courses	Nature of the Programme (Abroad/ Local)
1	Advanced Diploma Course in Police Science	2	100	0	94	2 years (Week ends)	Local
2	Diploma Course in Community Counseling Psychology	2	100	38	50	1 year (Week ends)	Local
3	Diploma Course in Investigation of Various Complaints	1	50	26	0	16 Weeks	Local
4	Diploma in Criminal Investigation Course	1	50	39	0	16 Weeks	Local
5	Crime Scene Investigation Officer Diploma Course	1	28	28	0	22 Weeks	Local
6	Diploma Course on Gender-Based Violence	1	40	34	0	16 Weeks	Local
7	Position Adaptation Course for Assistant Superintendents of Police	1	42	42	0	06 Weeks	Local
8	2nd Efficiency Bar Training Course for Superintendents of Police	1	18	17	0	06 Weeks	Local
9	3rd Efficiency Bar Training Course for Senior Superintendents of Police	2	55	51	0	04 Weeks	Local
10	Training Course for Basic Police Duties	3	225	115	0	03 Weeks	Local
11	Training of Trainers Course on Human Dignity and Diversity	4	80	78	0	01Weeks	Local
12	Basic Computer Training Course	20	620	548	0	03 Weeks	Local
13	Training course on community counseling psychology	10	400	393	0	02 Weeks	Local
14	Community Policing Training Course	8	320	258	0	02 Weeks	Local
15	Training course on computer crime investigation	3	120	87	0	03 Weeks	Local

16	Counter-Terrorism and Applied Intelligence Training Course	9	360	358	0	02 Weeks	Local
17	Training course on litigation	14	560	415	0	03 Weeks	Local
18	Training course on weapons storage management	1	58	0	58	04 Weeks	Local
19	Training course on environmental law enforcement	7	280	222	0	02 Weeks	Local
20	Training course on Forensic Science and Forensic Medicine	3	120	93	0	02 Weeks	Local
21	Training course on human resource management	8	320	286	0	02 Weeks	Local
22	Human Rights Training Course	9	360	289	0	02 Weeks	Local
23	Training Course on Human Trafficking and Human Smuggling Investigation	9	360	334	0	02 Weeks	Local
24	Training course on investigating various complaints	9	360	313	0	02 Weeks	Local
25	Police Administration Training Course	9	360	420	0	02 Weeks	Local
26	Training course on procurement process	11	440	432	0	02 Weeks	Local
27	Procurement Management Training Course (for Government Certified Officers)	17	605	360	0	01 Weeks	Local
28	Training course on public order management	2	60	50	0	03 Weeks	Local
29	Basic training course on gender-based violence	15	600	430	0	01 Weeks	Local
30	Training course on gender-based violence	4	160	135	0	02 Weeks	Local
31	Intermediary course on gender-based violence	4	160	115	0	03 Weeks	Local
32	Special Needs Communication Training Course	3	120	99	0	02 Weeks	Local
33	Traffic Control and Road Safety Training Course	2	80	67	0	01 Weeks	Local
34	Training course on police office management	4	160	140	0	02 Weeks	Local
35	Training of Trainers Course	10	300	289	0	02 Weeks	Local

36	Training course on prevention of money laundering	2	90	84	0	02 Weeks	Local
37	English Language Certificate Course	4	560	498	0	12 Weeks	Local
38	Official Language Proficiency Tamil Language Course (200 hours)	4	400	290	101	200 hours	Local
39	Official Language Proficiency Tamil Language Course (150 hours)	54	3950	3435	0	150 hours	Local
40	Official Language Proficiency Tamil Language Course (100 hours)	6	600	227	194	100 hours	Local
41	Official Language Proficiency Secondary Level 150-hour Sinhala Language Training Course	7	350	341	0	150 hours	Local
42	Basic Arabic language training course	2	60	24	29	32 days	Local
43	Advanced Russian Language Training Course	1	20	19	0	24 days	Local
44	Basic Russian language training course	2	40	19	17	24 days	Local
45	Basic Chinese language training course	1	26	24	0	32 days	Local
46	Chinese Language Training Course (Second Stage)	1	33	28	0	32 days	Local
47	Chinese Language Training Course (Third Stage)	1	23	23	0	32 days	Local
48	Korean Language Certificate Course (First Stage)	1	30	21	0	40 days	Local
49	Korean Language Certificate Course (Second Stage)	2	52	38	0	40 days	Local
50	Korean Language Advanced Certificate Course (Second Stage)	1	12	12	11	40 days	Local
	Total	299	14317	11684	554		

Source - National Police Academy

Table No 60

**Training Programmes conducted by Computer
Training Centre**

Serial Number		C.I	W.C.I	I.P.	W.I.P	S.I.P	Tec./W.S.I	W.S.I	C.I	P.S	Tec. C.I	W.P.S	P.C	W.P.C	P.C.D	Total
1	Batch No. 01	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	19	-	2	39	10	-	74
2	Batch No. 02	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	6	-	2	52	14	-	76
3	Batch No. 03	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	14	-	1	44	16	-	76
4	Batch No.04	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	8	-	1	46	17	-	75
5	Batch No. 05	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	7	-	2	39	19	-	72
6	Batch No. 06	1	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	12	-	1	40	18	-	75
7	Batch No. 07	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	16	-	2	49	6	-	76
8	Batch No. 08	1	-	1	2	3	-	2	-	13	-	-	43	10	1	76
9	Batch No. 09	2	-	2	-	3	-	1	-	14	-	3	40	8	1	74
10	Batch No. 10	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	-	15	-	2	36	14	-	73
Total		9	0	6	5	18	0	7	0	124	0	16	428	132	2	747

Source - Information Technology Division

◆ Contribution of the training programmes towards the performance of the institution

The training programmes are aimed at imparting theoretical and practical knowledge to the officers to enhance the performance of the Sri Lanka Police through successfully performing its tasks. Accordingly, formal training for the human resource over 98,000 is provided by the Police Colleges, Police Academy and In-Service Training Division of the Sri Lanka Police, and these training programmes make a major contribution to curb crimes and build social security, through new technological knowledge, language skills, as well as law enforcement.

Training programmes also include courses relevant to developing the mental capacity required to perform duties properly. In addition, imparting sociological knowledge and enhancing the knowledge and attitudes of the officers towards the society also contributes to the performance of the institute.

Chapter 07

7.1 Compliance Report

Table No 61

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
1	The following Accounting Statements/ Accounts have been submitted on due date	Complied		
1.1	Annual Financial Statements	Complied		
1.2	Public Officers' Advance Account	Complied		
1.3	Trading and Manufacturing Advance Accounts (Commercial Advance Accounts)	Complied		
1.4	Stores Advance Accounts	Complied		
1.5	Special Advance Accounts	Complied		
1.6	Other			
2	Maintenance of Books and Registers			

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
2.1	Fixed Assets Register had been maintained and updated in terms of Public Administration Circular 267/2018	Complied		
2.2	Personal Emoluments Register/ Personal Emoluments Cards had been maintained	Complied		
2.3	Register of Audit Queries had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.4	Register of Internal Audit Reports had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.5	All the monthly account summaries (CIGAS) are prepared and submitted to the Treasury on due date	Complied		
2.6	Register for Cheques, and Money Orders had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.7	Inventory Register had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.8	Stocks Register had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.9	Register of Losses had been maintained and updated	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
2.10	Commitment Register had been maintained and updated	Complied		
2.11	Register of Counterfoil Books (GAN20) had been maintained and updated	Complied		
3	Delegation of functions for financial control (FR 135)			
3.1	The financial authority had been delegated within the institution	Complied		
3.2	The delegation of financial authority had been communicated within the institution	Complied		
3.3	The authority had been delegated in such manner so as to pass each transaction through two or more officers	Complied		
3.4	The controls had been adhered to by the Accountants in terms of State Account Circular 171/2004 dated 11.05.2014 in using the Government Payroll Software Package	Complied		
4	Preparation of Annual Plans			

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
4.1	The Annual Action Plan had been prepared	Complied		
4.2	The Annual Procurement Plan had been prepared	Complied		
4.3	The Annual Internal Audit Plan had been prepared	Complied		
4.4	The annual estimate had been prepared and submitted to the NBD on due date	Complied		
4.5	The Annual Cash Flow had been submitted to the Treasury Operations Department on time	Complied		
5	Audit queries			
5.1	All the audit queries had been replied within the time specified by the Auditor General	Complied		
6	Internal Audit			
6.1	The internal audit plan had been prepared at the beginning of the year after consulting the Auditor General in terms of	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
	Financial Regulation 134(2)) DMA/1-2019			
6.2	All the internal audit reports had been replied within one month	Not Complied	Sri Lanka Police issues 90 to 100 internal audit inquiries every quarter. There is a delay in providing answers, as replies need to be received from several Units.	Necessary steps have been taken to submit audit queries and receive replies via email. It has been informed to forward replies on the due date
6.3	Copies of all the internal audit reports had been submitted to the Management Audit Department in terms of Sub-section 40(4) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018	Complied		
6.4	All the copies of internal audit reports had been submitted to the Auditor General in terms of Financial Regulation 134(3)	Complied		
7	Audit and Management Committees			
7.1	Minimum 04 meetings of the Audit and Management Committee had been held during the year as per the DMA Circular 1-2019	Complied		
8	Assets Management			

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
8.1	Submitting the details of purchasing and disposing of assets to Comptroller General's Office in terms of Paragraph 07 of the Assets Management Circular No. 01/2017	Complied		
8.2	As per the Paragraph 13 of the aforesaid circular, appointing a viable liaison officer to coordinate the implementation of the provisions of the said Circular and subsequently sending the details of the officer to the Comptroller General's Office	Complied		
8.3	Conducting board of surveys in terms of Public Finance Circular No. 05/2016 and submitting the relevant reports to the Auditor General on due date.	Complied		
8.4	The excesses and deficits that were disclosed through the board of survey and other relating recommendations, actions were carried out during the period specified in the circular	Complied		
8.5	The disposal of condemned articles had been carried out in terms of FR 772	Complied		
9	Vehicle Management			
9.1	The daily running charts and monthly summaries of the pool vehicles had been prepared and submitted to	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
	the Auditor General on due date			
9.2	The condemned vehicles had been disposed of within a period of less than 6 months after condemning	Complied		
9.3	The vehicle logbooks had been maintained and updated	Complied		
9.4	The action has been taken in terms of F.R. 103, 104, 109 and 110 with regard to every vehicle accident	Complied		
9.5	The fuel consumption of vehicles has been re-tested in terms of the provisions of Paragraph 3.1 of the Public Administration Circular No. 30/2016 of 29.12.2016	Complied		
9.6	The absolute ownership of the leased vehicle log books has been transferred after the lease term	Complied		
10	Management of Bank Accounts			
10.1	The bank reconciliation statements had been prepared, got certified and made ready for audit by the due date	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
10.2	The dormant accounts that had existed in the year under review or since previous years have been settled	Complied		
10.3	The action had been taken in terms of Financial Regulations regarding balances that had been disclosed through bank reconciliation statements and for which adjustments had to be made, and had those balances been settled within one month	Complied		
11	Utilization of Provisions			
11.1	The provisions allocated had been spent without exceeding the limit	Complied		
11.2	The liabilities not exceeding the provisions that remained at the end of the year as per the FR 94(1)	Complied		
12	Public Officers' Advance Account			
12.1	The limits had been complied with	Complied		
12.2	A time analysis had been carried out on the loans in arrears	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
12.3	The loan balances in arrears for over one year had been settled	Not Complied	Sri Lanka Police employs approximately 85,000 personnel. The debt balances shall exist due to suspensions, vacation of posts, and dismissals of the officers.	Measures have been taken to write off long-standing unsettled loan balances in terms of P. A. Circular No. 1/2020. Debt Recovery Committees have been established at the divisional level to recover recoverable loan balances.
13	General Deposit Account			
13.1	The action had been taken as per F.R.571 in relation to disposal of lapsed deposits	Complied		
13.2	The control register for general deposits had been updated and maintained	Complied		
14	Imprest Account			
14.1	The balance in the cash book at the end of the year under review remitted to the Department of Treasury Operations	Complied		
14.2	The ad-hoc sub imprests issued as per F.R. 371 settled within one month from the completion of the task	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
14.3	The ad-hoc sub imprests had been issued exceeding the limit approved as per F.R. 371	Complied		
14.4	The balance of the imprest account had been reconciled with the Treasury books monthly	Complied		
15	Revenue Account			
15.1	The refunds from the revenue had been made in terms of the regulations	Complied		
15.2	The revenue collection had been directly credited to the revenue account without credited to the deposit account	Complied		
15.3	Returns of arrears of revenue forward to the Auditor General in terms of FR 176	Complied		
16	Human Resources Management			
16.1	The staff had been paid within the approved cadre	Complied		
16.2	All members of the staff have been issued a duty list in writing	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
16.3	All reports have been submitted to MSD in terms of their circular no.04/2017 dated 20.09.2017	Complied		
17	Providing information to the Public			
17.1	An information officer has been appointed and a proper register of information is maintained and updated in terms of Right To Information Act and Regulation	Complied		
17.2	Information about the institution to the public have been provided by Website or alternative measures and has it been facilitated to appreciate / allegation to public against the public authority by this website or alternative measures	Complied		
17.3	Bi- Annual and Annual reports have been submitted as per section 08 and 10 of the RTI Act	Complied		
18	Implementation of Citizens' Charter			
18.1	Citizens'/ Client's Charter has been formulated and implemented by the Institution in terms of the circular number 05/2008 and 05/2018(1) of Ministry of Public Administration and Management	Complied		

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
18.2	A methodology has been devised by the Institution in order to monitor and assess the formulation and the implementation of Citizens'/ Client's Charter as per paragraph 2.3 of the circular	Complied		
19	Preparation of the Human Resource Plan	Complied		
19.1	A human resource plan has been prepared in terms of the format in Annexure 02 of Public Administration Circular No.02/2018 dated 24.01.2018.	Not Complied	Necessary measures will be taken, having appointed a committee under the leadership of a Senior Inspector General of Police and 03 sub-committees subsequent to that.	Further actions are to be taken after submitting the relevant committee reports to the IGP
19.2	A minimum training opportunity of not less than 12 hours per year for each member of the staff has been ensured in the aforesaid Human Resource Plan	Not Complied	Necessary measures will be taken, having appointed a committee under the leadership of a Senior Inspector General of Police and 03 sub-committees subsequent to that.	Further actions are to be taken after submitting the relevant committee reports to the IGP
19.3	Annual performance agreements have been signed for the entire staff based on the format in Annexure 01 of the aforesaid Circular	Not Complied	Necessary measures will be taken, having appointed a committee under the leadership of a Senior Inspector	Further actions are to be taken after submitting the relevant committee reports to the IGP

No.	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Status (Complied/Not Complied)	Brief explanation for Non Compliance	Corrective actions proposed to avoid non-compliance in future
			General of Police and 03 sub-committees subsequent to that.	
19.4	A senior officer was appointed and assigned the responsibility of preparing the human resource development plan, organizing capacity building programmes and conducting skill development programmes as per paragraph No.6.5 of the aforesaid Circular	Complied		
20	Replying to Audit Paragraphs	Complied		
20.1	The shortcomings pointed out in the audit paragraphs issued by the Auditor General for the previous years have been rectified	Complied		

Source - Chief Internal Auditor