



CEYFISH

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கடற்றொழில் அமைச்சு
Ministry of Fisheries

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வருடாந்த அறிக்கை
ANNUAL REPORT



2018

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Ceylon Fisheries Corporation

இலங்கை கடற்றொழில் கூட்டுத்தாபனம்

Ministry of Fisheries

Ceylon Fisheries Corporation Annual Report 2018

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Legal Status and Establishment of Ceylon Fisheries Corporation

The Ceylon Fisheries Corporation was established in 1964 under the State Industrial Corporation Act. No. 49 of 1957 and commenced its commercial operations in 1965. At the commencement the objectives of the corporation covered the entire fisheries sectors. The objectives of the Corporation were given in the Ceylon Government Extraordinary Gazette, No. 14186 of 1st October 1964 are mentioned below.

- The Corporation should directly or through authorized agents engage in fish production using trawlers in deep sea fishing operations.
- The Corporation should directly or through authorized agents engage in fish processing (canning, drying & processing) and in the production of fish by products.
- The Corporation should directly or through authorized engage in fish distribution and sale of fish on wholesale and retail basis.
- The construction and maintenance of fishery harbours, anchorages inclusive of cold storage rooms.
- Import and Export of fish and fishery products.
- Import and sale of fishing gear and necessary equipment's to the fisheries industry.
- The Corporation should act for and on behalf of the department of fisheries or any other Government Department for the purpose of development of the fishing industry.
- The construction of boats and small ships for the fisheries industry.
- To provide facilities for the repair and maintenance of fishing boats.
- Manufacture and sale of fisheries equipment's.

It should be noted that some of these functions have now been withdrawn. But, under the Extraordinary Gazette Notification No. 1712/21 dated 30-06-2011, objective item wxl (v) of the above mentioned gazette was amended and substitutes the following items.

- Engaging in fishing operation within the Exclusive Economic Zone and beyond in accordance with accepted rules of international law.
- The processing of fish.
- Marketing of fish at foreign and local markets
- Wherein appears to be so requires, to carry out such activities as are necessary for the import and export of fish and fish products.
- To enter into joint Venture agreements with local and foreign investors for the carrying out of any of the above activities.
- To represent local and foreign producers and distributors.

In addition to the above revised objectives, at present 04 primary Business activities of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation are being carried out actively.

- Fish trade through Corporate outlets.
- Sale of Packeted Frozen fish.
- Expansion of Business facilities Island wide and Increase the sale of fish.
- Provide ice supply and Cold Room storage facilities.

VISION

To be the Leading Commercial Organization, Guiding and promoting fish production and trade for the benefit of the Consumer and the Producer.

MISSION

- **To be an effective organization to contribute more to the Gross National Product**
- **To be the most significant organization responsible for marketing of fisheries production, processing and marketing.**
- **To (harness) strengthen the economic activity of fishermen and to obtain greater (achievement) development of its production capacity.**
- **Would engage in production and marketing, quality fish and value added products at a reasonable price, using modern technology.**
- **Work to contribute more to the consumer's protein needs.**

❖ Corporate Information

- Name of the Corporation : Ceylon Fisheries Corporation
- Legal Form : Public Corporation
- Date of Incorporated : 1st October 1964
(state Industrial Corporation Act No.49 of 1957)

❖ Directors

- Mr.B.K. Jagath Kumara Perera - Chairman (To 04th May 2018)
- Mr. Hemal Gunasekara - Chairman
(From 15th May 2018 To 31st December 2018)

- Mr. P.A. Sirinimal Perera - Managine Director (01st May 2018)
- Mr. Nipuna Soyza - Managine Director
(From 15th May 2018 To 21st November 2018)

- Mr. H.G. Sumanasinghe - Director Treasury Representative
- Mr. G. Ashoka Wijerathna - Director
- Mr.N.P.K. Ranaweera - Director
- Mr.Sunil Edirisooriya - Director
- Mr. T.H. Ashoka De Mel - Director
- Mr. K.H. Hemachandra - Director
- Mr. D.H. Jayasinghe - Director
- Mr. Hiran Asanka - Director
- Mr. Saman Indika Manawage - Director

❖ **Senior Management**

- | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| ➤ Mr. Nilan Crishantha Mirenada | - | General Manager |
| ➤ Mr. Dhahamkith Pussella | - | Deputy General Manager – Finance |
| ➤ Mr. Duminda Ruwan Munasinghe | - | Deputy General Manager – Marketing |
| ➤ Mr.U.Janaka Palinda Senarathna | - | Deputy General Manager – HR |
| | | |
| ➤ Miss. A.J.C. Kumuduni | - | Finance Manager |
| ➤ Mr. D.C. Karunathilaka | - | Internal Audit Officer |
| ➤ Mrs.K.V.H.Bandaranayake | - | Legal Officer /Board Secretary |
| | | |
| ➤ Registered Office | - | No. 15 Rock House Lane, Mutwal, Colombo -15 |
| ➤ Auditors | - | Auditor General |
| ➤ Bankers | - | Bank of Ceylon
People's Bank |

Letter Submitted to the Hon. Minister of Fisheries

Rock House Lane,
Mutwal,
Colombo -15.
12th June 2024

Mr. Douglas Devananda
Hon Minister of Fisheries,
Ministry of Fisheries,
Maligawatte,
Colombo – 10.

Hon Minister,

In terms of the Section 14(2) (c) of the Finance Act. No. 38 of 1971 and Section 30 (1) of the State Trading & Industrial Corporation Act. No. 49 of 1957. I submit the Annual Report of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation for the year ended 31st December 2018.

1. Report of the Board of Directors
2. Auditor General's Report for the year ended 31st December 2018.
3. Comprehensive Income Statement for the year ended 31st December 2018.
4. Statement of Financial Position & Cash Flow Statement as at 31st December 2018.
5. Statement of changes in equity
6. Summary of significant Accounting Policies
7. Notes to the Financial Statement
8. Schedule to Income statement & Balance sheet

It is kindly requested that this report to be submitted to the Cabinet.

Yours Faithfully,

Thushara C. Lokukumara
Chairman
Ceylon Fisheries Corporation

Chairman's Review

As a government owned public sector entity which entered in to the Sri Lankan fish market, Ceylon Fisheries Corporation (CFC) has a responsibility to enhance the economic status of Fishermen and ensure the availability of fish to consumers at reasonable prices. This aims to guarantee fish are within the purchasing power of all groups of customers and thereby it is expected to bring down cost of living and provision of nutritious, quality fish to fulfill the protein needs of the nation..

As a government owned public sector entity, there is a huge potential to be success in long run and this is the ideal time to come up with new and expansion projects as the fisheries industry moving towards its highest capacities. Since the fisheries sector is becoming more challenging at the open market, CFC is contributing its fullest strength to face the situation by adopting Attractive Pricing strategies, Product Differentiation, Market Diversification, Promotional Campaigns, to compete in this highly competitive market.

1. Purchase and Sale of Fish

Direct fish purchasing from the fishermen ensures the paying best price for their harvest. To provide effective customer service CFC trade their products at best quality and low price. In the same time the processes finally enhance the organizations viability. CFC has negotiated with many Fishermen and fishing committees at fishing villages such as Trincomalee, Pesalai, Jaffna, for buy their fish harvest in order to strengthen livelihood of fishermen. In the same time opening up of new purchasing centers also support to enhance the purchasing ability of CFC. The Corporation Purchased MT 5876 of fish during the year.

The Corporation has sold 5775 mt of fish through its sales network, mobile service network, supply of fish to Govt. hospitals and other govt. institutions.

During the year 2018 on the basis of grant received from the treasury, fish was supplied to the customers at a concessional price during the festival season (Sinhala Hindu new year) and as the leader of the market, the customers were very successfully provided with the facilities Obtain the necessary fish during that festival season and also to make a very high sale during the period Ceylon Fisheries Corporation was able to.

2. Production and Sale of Ice

Production and sale of Ice is another income generation of CFC where the Ice Plants operated Anuradhapura, Galle, and Hambantota & Mirissa . The annual sales quantity sum up to 10035 Mt and has taken special attention to upgrade the Ice plant production and sale island wide.

3. Canned Fish sales

The Ceylon Fisheries Corporation has given the rental Galle Ice plant Premises Happy Cook Lanka Pvt Ltd for a fish canning factory.

Services

- **Cold Storage Facilities**

The main cold (storage) room facility owned by CFC is located in the premises of Fishery harbor complex and has a capacity of 350MT. It is currently leased to the private sector for 10 years.

Also mobile cold storage facilities have been set up at the head office, Kandy, Galle & Bandarawela regions.

- **Circuit Bungalows**

An attractive experience is given to clients by CFC circuit Bungalows situated in Kalametiya, Minneriya and Nuwara – Eliya where a good demand generated among the people.

Profit and Loss

The CFC had incurred a loss amounting to Rs 34.0 Mn for the year 2018 compared with the corresponding net profit of Rs 2.21 Mn. for the preceding year.

Thushara C. Lokukumara
Chairman
Ceylon Fisheries Corporation

Report of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation takes pleasure in submitting the annual report for the year ended 31.12.2018 together with the audited financial statements for this period.

The Ceylon Fisheries Corporation was established in 1964 under the state Industrial Corporations Act No 49 of 1957.

The CFC is coming under purview of the Ministry of Fisheries.

The activities carried out by the Corporation during the year 2018 could be summarized as follows.

- Local Purchase and import of fish.
- Sale of fish on wholesale and retail basis
- Production and Sale of Ice.
- Providing Cold Storage facilities.

Review of the Business

An assessment of the corporation and its affairs is contained under the Chairman's review which is an integral part of the report of Board of Directors.

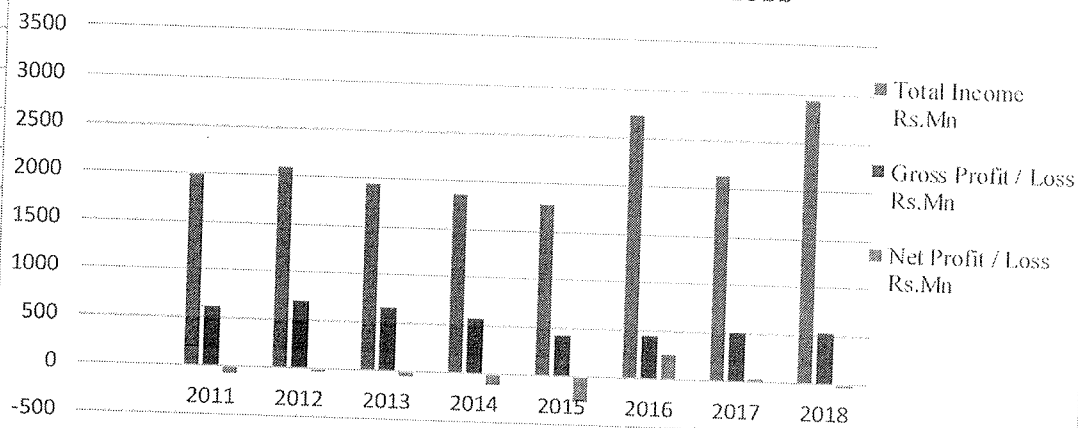
Financial Structure.

Considering the total net profit the year 2013,2014,2015,2016 and 2017 show a net profit of 54.45, 119.19,259.9,247,2.2 billion rupees respectively and the year under review (2018) shows a net Loss of 34.0 million.

Total Income & Profit & Loss

Year	Total Income Rs.Mn	Gross Profit / Loss Rs.Mn	Net Profit / Loss Rs.Mn
2011	1977	605.17	(68.97)
2012	2079	701.19	(41.76)
2013	1940	657.36	(54.45)
2014	1855	563.26	(119.18)
2015	1783	428.97	(259.90)
2016	2736	445.13	247.80
2017	2127	503.16	2.00
2018	2941	521.5	(34.00)

Total Income & Profit & Loss



Staff Strength

Executive	-	37
Clerical , Tech Allied grade staff	}	
Minor Employees		- 313
Junior Staff		- <u>329</u>
		<u>679</u>

Disciplinary Action

No

Recruited for Executive Positions

No

Resignations in Executive Positions

No

Directors Interest in Contracts

Directors have be interest in any contracts with CFC activities.

Acknowledgement

The Board of directors of the corporation expresses thanks to the Hon. Minister of Fisheries for all the valuable advice, support and guidance given towards development and success of the Corporation. The Board of Directors sincerely appreciates the valuable contributions made by the Secretary and the officials of the Ministry of Fisheries. We thanks secretary to the Treasury and all officials of the Ministry of Finance and the General Treasury for cooperation extended to us during the year. We thanks you from our organization to Auditor General of the National Audit office for extended their services.

Our dearest asset is our employees, we thank all employees of the Corporation for their service and cooperation during the year.

The Board of Director also thanks our valued customers, state institutions, and special thanks for official of Bank of Ceylon People's Bank for their continued support and the confidence they placed on us.

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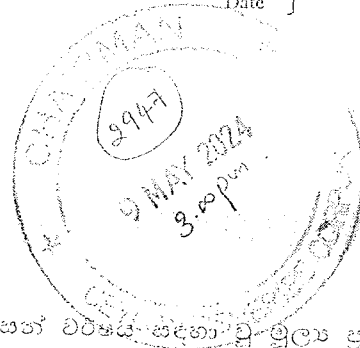
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2024 මැයි 06 දින



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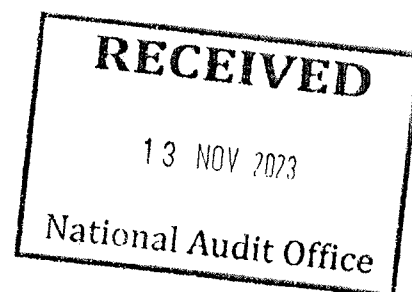
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CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
Financial Statements 2018



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CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER

		2018	2017
		Rs	Rs
	Schedule no	Note	
Revenue	2		2,941,767,445
Cost of sales			(2,420,227,594)
Gross profit			521,539,850
Other income	3		237,207,437
Administrative expenses			(671,354,478)
Sales & distribution cost			(113,767,262)
Results from operating activities			(26,374,453)
Finance costs	4		(7,646,393)
Profit/(loss) before tax			(34,020,846)
Tax expense			-
Profit/(loss) for the year			(34,020,846)
Other comprehensive income			
Acturial gain/loss on pensionplans			1,496,830
Total comprehensive income			(35,517,676)

Figures in brackets indicate deductions or losses

The financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the financial statements of the Corporation set out on pages 5 to 12.

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31ST DECEMBER

	Note	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
ASSETS			
Non current asset			
Property plant and equipment	5	1,367,837,080.37	1,425,153,530
Investment property	5	71,211,250.00	72,129,800
Investment in joint venture	6	110,000,000.00	110,000,000
Financial Assets at Amortized cost	8	7,867,260.27	200,000
Distress loan		5,370,627.42	2,807,293
Total non-current assets		1,562,286,218	1,610,290,623
Current asset			
Inventories	7	34,920,299	57,314,772
Trade and other receivables	8	348,961,758	358,447,283
Distress loan		3,711,113	1,855,555
Cash and cash equivalents	9	34,463,023	25,024,012
Total current asset		422,056,192	442,641,622
Total assets		1,984,342,411	2,052,932,245

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Equity

Capital contribute by Government		326,609,805	326,609,805
Capital reserve	10	24,258,241	24,258,241
Revaluation reserve	11	1,171,012,386.50	1,216,341,016
Accumulated losses		(1,125,066,695.26)	(1,041,875,104)
Total equity		396,813,738	525,333,957

Non-Current Liabilities

Loans and borrowings	12	142,922,000	142,922,000
Differred Income - Government grant & assistants	13	565,573,882	536,823,086
Retirement gratuity liability	14	38,565,942	36,884,879
Lease creditor	15	422,309	1,518,803
Total-non current liabilities		747,484,133	718,148,768

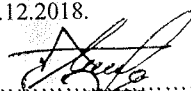
Current liabilities

Lease creditor	15	1,320,540	1,320,540
Trade and other payables	16	776,707,985	741,814,493
Amounts due to related parties	17	17,049,279	14,800,509
Bank overdraft	9	44,966,736	99,187,891
Total current liabilities		840,044,540	857,123,433
Total liabilities		1,587,528,673	1,575,272,200
Total equity and liabilities		1,984,342,411	2,100,606,158

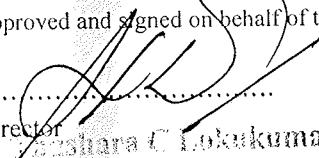
Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

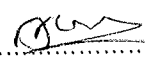
The financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the financial statements of the Corporation set out on pages 5 to 12.

These financial statements give a true and fair view of affairs of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation as at 31.12.2018.


 Finance Manager - (act)

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements
 Approved and signed on behalf of the Board


 Director
 Anshara C. Lokukumara
 Managing Director
 Ceylon Fisheries Corporation
 No. 15, Rock House Lane, Colombo 15.


 Chairman
D.V. Upul
 (Coordinating Secretary to Prime Minister)
 Chairman
 Ceylon Fisheries Corporation
 No. 15, Rock House Lane, Colombo 15.

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	Capital Con. By Gov.of Sri Lanka	Capital Reserve Rs	Revaluation Reserve Rs	Accumulated Losses Rs	Total Rs
As at 1st January 2017	326,609,805	24,258,241	1,261,669,645	(868,531,659)	744,006,032
Adjustment	-	-	(45,328,629)	(223,224,837)	(268,553,466)
Net profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	2,207,477	2,207,477
As at 31st December 2017	326,609,805	24,258,241	1,216,341,016	(1,089,549,019)	477,660,043
As at 1st January 2018	326,609,805	24,258,241	1,216,341,016	(1,089,549,019)	477,660,043
Adjustments	-	-	(45,328,629)	(1,496,830)	(46,825,459)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	(34,020,846)	(34,020,846)
As at 31st December 2018	326,609,805	24,258,241	1,171,012,387	(1,125,066,695)	396,813,738

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the financial statements of the Corporation set out on pages 5 to 12.

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER

	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
Note		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) before tax	(34,020,846)	2,207,478
Adjustments for:		
Interest expenses	7,174,976	11,938,239
Depreciation	82,395,231	77,238,935
Amortization	(71,249,205)	(159,277,776)
Revaluation surplus	(45,328,629)	(45,328,629)
Gratuity provision	6,752,276	12,424,758
Other non cash expenses	(1,496,830)	(175,550,923)
Operating loss before working capital changes	(55,773,027)	(276,347,918)
Working capital changes		
Change in inventories	22,394,474	(24,932,318)
Change in trade and other receivables	5,066,633	(16,449,490)
Change in trade and other payables	34,893,492	272,003,632
Change in amounts due to related parties	2,248,771	(3,003,570)
Cash used in operating activities	8,830,343	(48,729,664)
Gratuity paid	(5,071,213)	(54,173,170)
Interest paid	(7,174,976)	(11,938,239)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,415,846)	(114,841,073)
Cash flows from investment activities		
Acquisition and construction of property, plant and equipment	(23,465,924)	(16,483,851)
Increase in Stall Establishment cost & working progress	(4,871,072)	(21,925,697)
Grant Received for processing plant	100,000,000	97,500,000
Disposal income	4,176,764	3,057,850
Fixed deposit withdrawal	(7,667,260)	6,000,000
Net cash used in investing activities	68,172,507	68,148,301
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of interest bearing loan	(1,096,494)	(2,712,909)
Repayment of lease rent	(1,096,494)	(2,712,909)
Net cash from financing activities	(1,096,494)	(2,712,909)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	63,660,168	(49,405,681)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	(74,163,880)	(24,758,199)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	(10,503,712)	(74,163,880)

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the related notes which form an integral part of the financial statements of the Corporation set out on pages 5 to 12.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

01. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reporting Entity

Ceylon Fisheries Corporation formerly known as CFC (the "Corporation") is a Corporation domiciled in Sri Lanka. The Corporation was incorporated an Industrial Act. In 1957 no 49 and commencement of operation since 1964. The registered office of the Corporation is Rock House Lane, Colombo 15.

The principal activity of the Corporation during the financial year was the sale of Fish harvest throughout the country and sale of Ice production to the fisherman.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (LKAS) and Sri Lanka Financial Reporting Standards (SLFRS) adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Sri Lanka and the requirements of the Public accounting standards.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the directors on 22nd October 2019

Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except where stated.

Functional currency

The financial statements have been prepared in Sri Lankan Rupees ("LKR") which is the Corporation's functional currency.

Comparative Information

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Corporation and previous year figures have been re arrange wherever necessary to confirm the current year presentation.

Event After the Reporting Period

All the favorable and unfavorable material event after the reporting period have been considered and where appropriate adjustments or disclosures have been made in the financial statement.

Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

Note 2 - Property, plant and equipment

Note 5 - Trade receivables

Note 4 - Inventories

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in this financial statements.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are measured at the un discounted amount of cash expected to be received (net of impairment) unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. Sales are made on normal credit terms and trade receivables do not bear interest. When there is objective evidence that the carrying amounts of receivables are not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, investment in fixed deposits and deposits in banks net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the corporation's cash management.

De-recognition

Financial assets are de-recognized only when,

- a) The contractual rights to the cash flow from the financial assets expire or are settled, or
- b) All of the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party substantially.

Impairment of financial assets

At the end of the reporting period, all financial assets are assessed to ascertain whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence of impairment, impairment loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income immediately.

Financial Liabilities

The corporation's financial liabilities include trade, other payables and borrowings. Financial liabilities are recognized initially at transaction price. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade Payables are measured at the undiscounted amount of cash expected to be paid unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the corporation has a present obligation (legal and constructive) as a result of a past event, where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Initially a provision is measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

When the provision involves a large population of items, the estimate of the amount reflects the weighting of all possible outcomes by their associated probabilities.

When the provision arises from a single obligation, the best estimate may be the most likely outcome.

When the effect of the time value is material, provisions are measured at present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

In subsequent measurement, a provision is charged only against those expenditure for which the provision was originally recognized.

Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Corporation's non-financial assets, inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The Corporation applies the requirements of LKAS 16 on "Property Plant and Equipment" in accounting for its owned assets which are held for and use in the provision of the services, for rental to other or for administration purpose and are expected to be used for more than one year.

Basis of Recognition.

Property Plant and Equipment is recognized if it is probable that future economic benefit associated with the assets will flow to the Corporation and cost of the asset can be reliably measured.

Measurement

Items of Property, Plant & Equipment are measured at cost (or at fair value in the case of land) less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in Income Statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of each part of an item of Property, Plant & Equipment since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the useful lives of equivalent owned assets unless it is reasonably certain that the CFC will have ownership by the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

	No. of Years	Rate (%)
Buildings	50	2.00
Plant & Machinery	10	10.00
Motor Vehicles	5	20.00

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

Equipment	10	10.00
Furniture & Fittings	10	10.00
Computer Accessories	4	25.00
Locally developed software	1	100.00

- Stall Establishment cost depreciate over the 5 years.
- Locally manufactured Computer Software depreciate over one year which is 100% charge to profit & Loss account in the year of purchase.
- The assets which are received as grant are being amortized in accordance with depreciation rate.

Current Versus Non-Current Classification

The Corporation presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period
- Or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- All other assets are classified as non-current.
- A liability is current when:
 - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
 - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- Or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Corporation classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Owned Assets

The cost of property, plant & equipment includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Such costs include the cost of replacing part of the property, plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long terms construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor, any other cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as a part of that equipment.

When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets (major components) with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of the asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Capital work-in-progress is transferred to the respective asset accounts at the time of first utilization or at the time the asset is commissioned.

Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, which takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as a part of the asset.

Borrowing costs that are not capitalized are recognized as expenses in the period in which they are incurred and charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss.

The amounts of the borrowing costs which are eligible for capitalization are determined in accordance with the in LKAS 23 - Borrowing Costs'.

Borrowing costs incurred in respect of specific loans that are utilized for field development activities have been capitalized as a part of the cost of the relevant immature plantation. The capitalization will cease when the crops are ready for commercial harvest.

The amount so capitalized and the capitalization rates are disclosed in Notes to the Financial Statements.

Investment Property

Investment properties including freehold and leasehold properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are held at cost. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in accounting policy

An external, independent property valuer, having an appropriate recognized professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of property being valued, is hired to carry out the valuation on a five yearly basis. Increments and/or decrements to these property valuations are recognized in profit or loss.

Expenditure incurred to replace a component of an item of investment property, that is accounted for separately, including major improvements, renovations and overhaul expenditure, is capitalized. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the item of investment property. All other expenditure is recognized in profit or loss as an expenses as incurred.

Inventories

Inventories were consisting of two main segments such as Trading and General Stocks. Trading inventories include fish, dry fish and ice stocks and it has been valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses and non-trading stocks are valued at cost. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at bank and cash on hand. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Corporation's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

Equity Capital

Equity

Capital represents the amount of Funds contributed by Government to commence the Corporation operation from the beginning of establishment.

Reserve

The amount consists in the reserve balance coming from the beginning of the Corporation, which has no indication of reason of provide the reserve or way of utilize the-reserve.

Trade, Other Payable and Provisions

Trade and other payable are not interest-bearing and are stated at cost. A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the corporation has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Capital Work-In-Progress

Capital work-in-progress represents the accumulated cost of materials and other cost directly related to the construction of an asset.

Capital work-in-progress is transferred to the respective asset accounts at the time of the first utilization of the asset.

Government Grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

Where the corporation receives non-monetary grants, the asset and the grant are recorded gross at nominal amounts and released to the Income Statement over the expected useful life and pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset by equal annual installments. Where loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is regarded as additional Government grant.

Grants related to Property, Plant & Equipment other than grants received for forestry are initially deferred and allocated to income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the related Property, Plant & Equipment as follows: Assets are amortized over their useful lives or unexpired lease period, whichever is less.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the corporation and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account the contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

- a) Sale of goods
Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer.
- b) Interest income
Interest income is recognized on an effective interest method.
- c) Other income
Other income is recognized on an actual basis.

Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. The resulting gains or losses are accounted for in the statement of comprehensive income.

Contingent Assets and Liabilities

Provision for Contingent assets are not recognize in financial statement since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

Contingent liability is a potential liability that may occur, depending on the outcome of an uncertain future event. A contingent liability is recorded in the accounting records if the contingency is likely and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. However Contingent liability has not been provided since CFC Legal Division did not provide any estimation.

Define Contribution Plan

Ceylon Fisheries Corporation contributes 15% and 3% from the Employee's salary to the Employee's Provident fund and Employee's Trust Fund Define respectively. This statutory expenses has been recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Other Disclosures

Voluntary Retirement Scheme has been implemented by the Corporation in line with the cabinet decision to reduce the excess staff by considerable amount and further advised to restructure the corporation by way of public Private Partnership (PPP).

New accountings standards issued but not yet effective

The following SLFRS issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka, not effective for a financial year commencing on the 1st January 2016 unless early adopted, have not been applied in preparing these Financial Statements.

- a) SLFRS 9, issued in 2014, replaces LKAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. SLFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and the new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments from LKAS 39.

SLFRS 9 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01st January 2018.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 2018

- b) SLFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements aim to enable Financial Statements users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

SLFRS 15 introduce a five-step model to determine when to recognize revenue and at what amount. The model specified that revenue recognized when or as an entity transfers control of goods and services to a consumer at the amount to which entity expects to be entitled.

It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, LKAS 18 on "Revenue", LKAS 11 on "Construction Contracts".

SLFRS 15 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 01st January 2018.

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

2	REVENUE	Schedule no	2018 Rs	2017 Rs
	Fish sales		2,321,367,135	2,070,601,889
	Fish transfer to other region		575,257,610	-
	Ice sales		40,475,110	46,647,278
	Region ice sales		1,510,355	-
	Storage income		-	4,687,527
	Cold room income - CFC		3,157,235	5,501,911
			<u>2,941,767,445</u>	<u>2,127,438,604</u>
3	OTHER INCOME		2018 Rs	2017 Rs
	Miscellaneous income	3	165,486,815	109,028,848
	Grant income		-	20,582,128
	Amotization income		71,249,205	138,695,648
			<u>236,736,019</u>	<u>268,306,623</u>
4	FINANCE COSTS		2018 Rs	2017 Rs
	Finance income			
	Interest on loan		(181,713)	(120,515)
	FD interest		(169,590)	(18,827)
	NRFC interest		(5,616)	(5,141)
	NRFC exchange gain		(114,498)	(29,683)
			<u>(471,418)</u>	<u>(174,166)</u>
	Finance cost			
	Bank overdraft interest		5,692,415	10,039,857
	BOC leasing intrest (Negombo double cab)		224,299	323,897
	Interest loan People's Leasing		-	44,118
	Bank charges		1,215,793	1,326,361
	HNB commission		513,885	378,172
			<u>7,646,393</u>	<u>12,112,404</u>
			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	Net finance income		<u>7,174,976</u>	<u>11,938,239</u>
	Net Finance Costs		<u>6,703,558</u>	<u>11,764,073</u>

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Motor Vehicle	Equipment	Ice Plant and Cold Room	Furniture and Fittings	Computer Hardware	Computer Software	Total 2018	Total 2017
	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs	Rs
Cost										
As at the beginning of the year	822,700,950	373,497,980	153,900,000	69,302,485	333,656,848	12,178,603	3,848,701	100,000	1,769,185,568	1,756,359,566
Additions during the year	-	-	239,500	15,623,457	14,648,125	1,284,577	858,500	-	32,654,160	18,226,002
Disposal during the year	(13,365,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,365,000)	(4,800,000)
As at the end of the year/period	809,335,950	373,497,980	154,139,500	84,925,942	348,304,973	13,463,180	4,707,201	100,000	1,788,474,727	1,769,785,568
Accumulated depreciation										
As at 1st January	-	29,854,022	119,283,333	18,679,634	130,161,037	4,151,285	3,279,746	100,000	305,509,057	228,630,122
Charge for the year	-	7,469,960	30,803,950	7,861,548	34,464,294	1,269,255	526,225	-	82,395,231	79,938,935
Depreciation on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,700,000)
As at the end of the year/period	-	37,323,982	150,087,284	26,541,182	164,625,331	5,420,540	3,805,971	100,000	387,904,289	305,869,057
Net carrying value										
As at 31st December 2018	809,335,950	336,173,999	4,052,216	58,384,761	183,679,642	8,042,641	901,231	-	1,400,570,439	-
As at 31st December 2017	822,700,950	343,643,958	34,616,667	50,622,851	203,495,811	8,027,318	568,956	-	-	1,463,676,510
Stall establishment cost									8,498,985	8,309,094
Working progress									28,024,254	23,343,073
Jaffna stall									1,954,653	1,954,653
									1,439,048,330	1,497,283,330
									(71,211,250)	(72,129,800)
									1,367,837,080	1,425,153,530

5 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

2.1

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5.1 INVESTMENT PROPERTY
FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	Region		Floor Area Sq.ft	Rate	Value As at 31st Dec 2018
1	Kalpitiya	Building No 03 -Asb roofed building	2600	2,925.00	7,605,000
2	Kalpitiya	Building No 04-Asb roofed building	1185	1,800.00	2,133,000
3	Galle	Main Building- Zinc Aluminum roofed building	36810	675.00	24,846,750
4	Kudamaduwa	Flat & sandy Lnd with sea frontage	287	10,000	2,870,000
5	Head Office	Rectangulaer shaped land- road	10	600,000.00	6,000,000
6	Head Office	Rectangulaer shaped land	30	600,000	18,000,000
7	Gurunagar	Rectangulaer shaped flat land	80	100,000	8,000,000
8	Pesalei	Rectangulaer shaped flat land	366	2,750	1,006,500
9	Batticaloa	Valachchenai ice plant -Ice plant			750,000
					71,211,250

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

6	INVESTMENT IN JV	Schedule No	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
	Balance as at 31st December		<u>110,000,000</u>	<u>110,000,000</u>
The Corporation has invested Corporation own land as equity of the Joint Venture during the past years. The JV has been no active continuation past years and Corporation has decided to dissolve JV relationship and seeking concerance from the Attorney General to reaquire the land.				
7	INVENTORIES		31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
	Oil stores		280,039.55	646,716
	Spare stores (Motor, Coldroom, Iceplants)		1,127,473.26	1,127,473
	Stock trading		27,805,703.85	48,771,498
	Packing Stock		876,760.50	1,162,492
	Packing stock shortage		2,558,029.00	2,558,029
	General stores (Stationary)		1,173,519.19	1,133,897
	General stores		<u>1,098,773.16</u>	<u>1,914,667</u>
			<u>34,920,299</u>	<u>57,314,772</u>
8	OTHER RECEIVABLES		31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
	Trade receivables	1.3	226,305,069	234,326,842
	Other trade receivables		911,742	1,325,439
	Provision for bad & doubtful debts		-	-
			<u>227,216,811</u>	<u>235,652,281</u>
	Other receivables	1.5	63,314,555	63,382,716
	Deposit and prepayments	1.4	37,757,791	37,864,509
	Inter-regional account Rec. balance	2.9	<u>20,672,601</u>	<u>21,547,777</u>
			<u>348,961,758</u>	<u>358,447,283</u>
	Non current assets- fixed deposit		7,867,260	200,000
	Non current assets- distress loan		<u>5,370,627</u>	<u>2,807,293</u>
			<u>362,199,645</u>	<u>361,454,576</u>
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
	Cash at bank	1.6	20,630,029	11,824,868
	Cash in hand	1.6	<u>13,832,994</u>	<u>13,199,143</u>
			34,463,023	25,024,012
	Bank overdraft	3.0	<u>(44,966,736)</u>	<u>(99,187,891)</u>
	Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flows		<u>(10,503,713)</u>	<u>(74,163,880)</u>
10	CAPITAL RESERVE		31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
	Balance as at 31st December	1.7	<u>24,258,241</u>	<u>24,258,241</u>

The balance was remained on the balance sheet from the beinning and still retain on the financial position statement having no clear guidance from Directors of utilizing the reserve for respecitive operation.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	Schedule No	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
11 REVALUATION RESERVE			
Beginning of the year		1,216,341,016	1,261,669,645
Amortization	3.1	(45,328,629)	(45,328,629)
Balance as at 31st December	1.8	<u>1,171,012,387</u>	<u>1,216,341,016</u>

An entire class of assets being revalued in year 2013 by Chartered Valuer Prathap Chartered Valuation and Consultancy (pvt) Ltd. and recognized as equity reserve which has been approved by the Board of Directors to amortize the reserve over the period of 5 years. Amount recognized and amortized in compliance with LKAS 16 provisions.

12 LOANS AND BORROWINGS	2.3	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
Beginning of the year		142,922,000	142,922,000
Payment for the year		-	-
Balance as at 31st December		<u>142,922,000</u>	<u>142,922,000</u>

CFC has borrowed loan from the Treasury, Ministry of Fisheries and Aquatic Resource Development and term loan from Bank of Ceylon. During the year treasury has paid off term loan which borrowed from Bank of Ceylon.

13 DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT & ASSISTANT	2.6	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
Beginning of the year		536,823,086	598,600,862
Amount received for the period		100,000,000	97,500,000
Amortization		(71,249,205)	(159,277,776)
Balance as at 31st December		<u>565,573,882</u>	<u>536,823,086</u>

CFC has received Government Grant & Assistance to establish Capital asset which can be utilize for the trading operation more than one year. In compliance with LKAS 20 grant may amortized and recognized as income over the period of Asset useful life time or lease period. Futher revenue grant being incurred in during the financial year, and It has been amotized in full during the period.

14 PROVISION FOR GRATUITY	2.7	31/12/2018 Rs	31/12/2017 Rs
<u>Change in the Present Value of the Difined Benifit Obligation (PV-DBO)</u>			
Provision for PV-DBO as at 01st January 2018		36,884,879	78,633,291
Interest cost for the period		3,872,912	9,435,995
Current service cost for the period		2,879,364	2,988,763
Gratuity paid for those who left during the period		(2,569,412)	(6,652,215)
Gratuity payable for those who left during the period		(3,998,631)	(8,770,702)
Acturial (gain)/ loss on PV-DBO		1,496,830	(38,750,253)
Provision for PV-DBO as at 31st December 2018		<u>38,565,942</u>	<u>36,884,879</u>
<u>Liability recognized in the balance sheet</u>			
Provision for gratuity as at 31st December 2018		38,565,942	36,884,879
Unrecognized actuarial gains / (losses) as at 31st December 2018		-	-
Liability recognized in the balance sheet as at 31st December 2018		<u>38,565,942</u>	<u>36,884,879</u>

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR/ PERIOD ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

14	PROVISION FOR GRATUITY (Cont....)	Schedule no 2.7	2018	2017
			Rs	Rs
	<u>Expenses recognised in the income statement</u>			
	Interest cost			
	Current service cost		3,872,912	9,435,995
	Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized immediately		2,879,364	2,988,763
	Expenses recognized in the income statement		1,496,830	(38,750,253)
			8,249,106	(26,325,495)
	<u>Cold room</u>			
	Opening net liability as at 01st January 2018		36,884,879	78,633,291
	Expenses recognized in the income statement		8,249,106	(26,325,495)
	Gratuity paid/ payable for those who left during the period		(6,568,043)	(15,422,917)
	Closing net liability as at 31st December 2018		38,565,942	36,884,879
In accordance with LKAS 19, Actuarial valuation of gratuity liability of Ceylon Fisheries Corporation has been obtained from Actuarial & Management consultants (pvt) Ltd. which is professionally qualified actuary.				
15	LEASE CREDITOR	2.5	2018	2017
			Rs	Rs
	Within one year			
	Later than one year but within five years		1,320,540	1,320,540
	Later than five years		422,309	1,518,803
	As at the end of the year/period		1,742,849	2,839,343
The acquisition cost incurred to acquire the lease right of the asset and cost incurred for extension of the lease right has been classified as a lease pre-payment and is amortized over the remaining lease period.				
16	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		2018	2017
			Rs	Rs
	Trade payable	1.9	216,729,416	216,854,806
	Sundry creditors	2.0	366,691,829	348,064,949
	Refundable deposit	2.2	42,489,446	44,225,120
	Accrued expenses and other payables	2.1	61,009,232	78,392,025
	Statutory liability -tax	2.8	89,788,062	54,277,593
			776,707,985	741,814,493
17	AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES	2.4	2018	2017
			Rs	Rs
	Peliyagoda Fish Complex		15,013,163	14,701,423
	Trincomalee fish market		2,036,116	99,086
			17,049,279	14,800,509

18 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Comparative information of the corporation has been re-classified wherever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation/classification.

19 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

No circumstances have arisen since the reporting date, which would require adjustments to, or disclosures in the financial statements.

20 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL INFORMATION

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the corporation as well as its related parties, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the corporation.

Cold room

21 UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

There were no unrecorded contractual commitments existing as at the end of the reporting period.

22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There have been no significant contingencies has been reported as at the end of the reporting period that require adjustments to, or disclosures, in the financial statements except for list of court cases pending as follows;

Details of Court Cases filed by the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation (CFC) against external parties as at 31.12.2018

	Parties, Court & Case No	Fact of the Case
1	CFC Vs. Atham Lebbe Mohamad Rasmin District Court of Colombo Case No - 01319/14	Breach of Lease Agreement. Case filed against the Lessee to recover the rent arrears.
2	OIC- Modara Police station Vs. Naganathan Sadees Kumar and others Magistrate Court of Colombo Case No - B/ 23395/ 04/ 15	A case has been filed by the Modara Police regarding an assault on Accountant and the former Personal Manager of CFC
3	OIC- Bandarawela Police station Vs. Wasantha Sadakalum Magistrate Court of Bandarawela Case No - 76646/ MC	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears due to the corporation.
4	CFC Vs. Lak Indu Company Supreme Court Case No -SC/HCCA/LA/573/2017	Lak Indu has filed a case against CFC in the Colombo District Court in 2005 for financial loss incurred by them in connection with landing of fish. The judgment in the above said case No. 19431 / MR was given in favor of the Corporation and Lakindu again filed an appeal in the Colombo Civil Court of Appeal. The judgment in the appeal case was given on 12.10.2017 and it was given to the disadvantage of the corporation. The corporation filed this appeal case against it in the Supreme Court.
5	OIC- Modara Police station Vs. Joesph Laurance Fernando Magistrate Court of Colombo Case No - B 68660/4/17	The case was filed on the basis of breach of trust by giving disrespectful cheque to pay the fish arrears due to the corporation.
6	OIC- Matara Police station Vs. H.S. Ashoka Magistrate Court of Matara Case No - BR 1625/14	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears due to the corporation.
7	HNB credit card District Court of Kandy Case No - MR 35412/06	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears due to the corporation.
8	CFC Vs. H. Dayarathne District Court of Colombo Case No - DMR 01308/17	The case has been filed to recover the rent arrears due to the corporation.
9	CFC Vs. Joesph Laurance Fernando Commercial High Court of Colombo Case No - CHC/578/17/MR	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears due to the corporation.
10	CFC Vs. Visal Distributor District Court of Colombo Case No- DMR 1404/18	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears of Rs.778,400.00 due to the corporation.
11	CFC Vs. Union Fish Product (Pvt) Ltd District Court of Colombo Case No- DLM 15/18	The case has been filed to invalidate the transfer of property.
12	CFC Vs. Senaka Sanath Kumara District Court of Colombo Case No- DLM 1679/18	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears of Rs.728,879.55 due to the corporation.
13	CFC Vs. M. Asurudeen District Court of Colombo Case No- DLM 1679/18	The case has been filed to recover the fish arrears of Rs.1,012,966.15 due to the corporation.

No.	Parties, Court & Case No	Facts of the Case
1	- PHI Kaduruwela Vs. CFC - Magistrate Court of Kaduruwela - Case No - 83998/MC	The Kaduruwela PHI has filed this case against CFC regarding the Sale of fish unfit for human consumption.
2	- Thanuja Nilmini Colambage Vs CFC - District Court of Attanagalle Cold room	The owner of the vehicle has filed this case seeking compensation of Rs. 500,000/- against the CFC driver for damage to a van caused by an accident.
3	- Shanthi Rajapakse Vs. CFC - Labour Tribunal of Battaramulla - Case No - 01/add/44/2017	Shanthi Rajapaksa, a former manager of the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed the case against the corporation and is seeking re-employment and Back wages or Compensation.
4	-Rathnawathie Balagamage Vs. Thanthiriwattage Don Priyantha - District Court of Colombo - Case No - DMR 2600/14	Ratnawathie Balagamage, CFC employee has filed a defamation case against the former Chief Internal Auditor of the Corporation, seeking compensation of Rs. 05 million.
5	Rathna Balagamage Vs CFC - Labour Tribunal of Battaramulla - Case No. 02/add/3809/2018	Rathna Balagamage, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed this case against the corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.
6	- L.Suneetha Vs. CFC - Labour Tribunal of Borella - Case No - 13/55/2017	Lokuruge Suneetha, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed a case against the corporation seeking re-employment and Back wages or compensation.
7	- Commissioner of Labour, Colombo North Vs CFC - Magistrate Court of Colombo - Case No - D 96144/5/Labour	The Department of Labour has filed this matter against the CFC to recover Employee 's Provident Fund and surcharge of Rs. 476,428.21 relating to Mr. S.D.Kamasena.
8	- Kapila Ganganath Vs. CFC - Labour Tribunal of Kalutara - Case No - 18/KT/634/17	Kapila Ganganath de Silva, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed a case against the corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.
9	- M.K.Hemadasa Vs. CFC - Labour Tribunal of Bandarawela - Case No-36/BW/549/17	M. K.Hemadasa, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed this case against the Corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.
10	- Udaya Karunaratne Vs.CFC - Labour Tribunal of Avissawella - Case No -19/AV/280/2018	Udaya Karunaratne, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed this case against the Corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.
11	- Manjula Jayamanne Vs. CFC - Labour Tribunal of Borella - Case No - 01/64/2018	Manjula Jayamanne, who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed this case against the Corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.
12	- Pubudu Parakrama Vs CFC - Labour Tribunal of Baththaramulla Case No - 02/add/3804/2018	Pubudu Parakrama, a manager who worked for the Ceylon Fisheries Corporation, has filed this case against the corporation seeking re-employment and back wages or compensation.

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)

SCHEDULES TO THE INCOME STATEMENT

REVENUE	Schedule no	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Fish sales		2,289,067,975	1,995,100,633
Fish transfer to other region		566,261,877	-
Ice sales		40,475,110	46,647,278
Region ice sales		1,510,355	-
Storage income		-	4,687,527
Cold room income - CFC		3,157,235	5,501,911
Dry fish within the region		32,299,160	75,501,255
Dry fish transferred to other region		8,995,733	-
		<u>2,941,767,445</u>	<u>2,127,438,604</u>

OTHER OPERATING INCOME	3.2	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Rent Income		36,245,876	39,276,369
Commission on insurance		-	500,539
Fines		404	24,933
Sundry income		5,671,762	8,284,959
Electricity income		1,893,878	404,119
Water income		3,606,991	55,340
Revaluation surplus		45,328,629	45,328,629
Peliyagoda vehicle parking income		2,323,533	6,522,516
Non refundable tender deposits		564,480	337,000
Circuit bungalow income- Nuwaraeliya		699,000	694,750
Circuit bungalow income-Kalametiya		6,000	129,000
Circuit bungalow income-Singhapura		9,000	-
Circuit bungalow income -Minneriya		97,330	80,500
Electricity water income (happy cook)		-	4,332,343
Tender sale (disposal a/c)		4,176,764	3,057,850
Compensation for Kurunagala land		64,572,650	-
Insurance Claim		290,518	-
		<u>165,486,815</u>	<u>109,028,847</u>

Government Grant Income & Amortization Income	3.2 A	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Grant income		-	20,582,128
Amortization income		71,249,205	138,695,648
		<u>71,249,205</u>	<u>159,277,776</u>

COST OF SALES	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Fish purchase within the region	1,821,483,519	1,601,921,336
Fish purchase from other region	565,723,334	-
Ice purchase	20,330,460	21,275,968
Ice purchase from other region	1,510,350.00	-
Salt & goraka	29,335	82,470
Ammonia & other	2,154,863	996,610
Dry fish purchase from other region	8,995,733	-
	<u>2,420,227,594</u>	<u>1,624,276,384</u>

INTEREST EXPENSES	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Bank overdraft interest	5,692,415	10,039,857
Boc leasing interest (Negombo double cab)	224,299	323,897
Interest loan people leasing	-	44,118
Bank charges	1,215,793	1,326,361
HNB commission	513,885	378,172
	<u>7,646,393</u>	<u>12,112,404</u>

INTEREST INCOME	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Interest on loan	(181,713)	(120,515)
FD interest	(169,590)	(18,827)
NRFC interest	(5,616)	(5,141)
NRFC exchange gain	(114,498)	(29,683)
	<u>(471,418)</u>	<u>(174,166)</u>

ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	3.3	12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Insurance		63,618	-
Stationery		3,330,783	3,304,988
Transport		7,232,434	4,845,847
Rent		26,363,138	25,535,108
Cold room container rent		45,000	718,463
Rates		1,213,731	2,047,170
Repairs & maintenance of building		2,066,708	2,469,761
Repairs maintain of plant machinery		1,299,367	1,353,241
Repairs maintain of office equipment		1,106,158	814,697
Repairs maintain of other equipment		2,413,026	1,604,664
Repairs & maintenance of furniture & fittings		241,054	53,085
Repairs & maintenance of tools & implement		1,535,660	1,724,353
Cold room charges		4,185,683	5,888,080
Depreciation		82,395,232	79,938,934
License registration fees for vehicles		1,278,607	775,164
Entertainment		1,199,395	1,031,200
Legal expenses		752,647	723,452
Audit fees		300,000	300,000
NBT expenses		24,047,867	21,584,274
Economics service charges		4,849,325	5,085,646
Death gratuity		100,000	200,000
General expenses		2,833,742	2,059,519
Inventory items		809,963	1,038,523
Electricity penalty charges		-	107,890
Gratuity penalty chargers		2,367,619	3,897,055
Penalty charges for EPF		476,428	3,762,354
Penalty charges for ETF		-	374,565
Seminar fees		162,450	213,095
Renewal of membership		10,000	-
Donation		395,000	31,000
Expenses for Nuwara eliya Circuit		401,961	346,054
Expenses for Kalamatiya		147,315	128,151
Expenses for Minneriya Circuit		161,238	9,685
Expenses for Sinhapura Circuit		93,276	480
Consultant fees		882,400	854,000
Valuation charges		539,110	1,377,114
Audit committee allowances		153,250	71,050
Southern province office expenses		22,258	21,371
Stall expenses		414,000	468,912
Survey charges		183,300	79,727
Surchargers		-	5,000
Professional charges		-	250,665
Volunteers retirement scheme compensation		1,200,000	5,110,914
Permanent salaries & wages		181,477,103	158,908,893
Daily wages		62,178,917	41,694,971
Budget allowances		2,211,587	1,087,853
Interim allowance		24,491,748	50,444,245
Cost of living		55,726,226	57,835,611
Other allowances		9,003,682	4,161,180
Special allowance		120,000	500
Over time		22,438,301	18,561,117
Directors allowances		433,020	323,400
Uniforms		609,847	1,017,324
C. F. C. contribution to E. P. F.		35,790,647	32,961,697
C. F. C. contribution to E. T. F.		7,247,378	6,521,468
Annual bonus		6,356,613	4,029,639
Gratuity expenses		6,752,276	12,424,758
Medical leave payment		9,436,240	14,986,729
Staff welfare & medical		3,323,348	3,726,695
Welfare - Premalal		278,410	316,870
Welfare - Susantha		461,520	462,117
Welfare - Gayan		402,782	329,210
Accommodation & meals		815,830	421,100
Overseas traveling		-	371,842
Logging chargers		225,675	82,850
Electricity expenses		52,065,571	44,275,148
Water expenses		6,446,188	7,814,597
Telephone		4,901,534	4,863,641
Postage		887,290	1,082,730
		<u>671,354,478</u>	<u>648,911,436</u>

MARKETING & DISTRIBUTION COST	3.4	12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Packing expenses		15,691,129	11,023,013
Unloading charges		2,329,422	1,925,465
Advertisement		1,942,739	2,001,012
Sales promotion		1,364,518	1,800,773
Publication & periodical		128,081	2,078,854
Fish box		222,314	-
Commission		31,501,251	34,307,199
Service agreement		-	183,724
Agent stall commission		713,328	862,177
Bad debtors expenses		-	517,275
Stall establishment expenses		6,388,791	8,998,617
Travelling & subsistence		2,857,089	2,952,357
Fuel for vehicles		26,936,093	23,457,162
Repairs maintenance of deep freezer		609,977	420,829
Repairs maintenance of vehicles		14,412,811	11,129,015
Repairs maintenance of weighting scales		718,446	596,812
Vehicle insurance		3,292,875	2,626,961
Opening ceremony expenses		361,075	409,306
Cleaning charges		4,029,485	3,121,140
Ice Crushing expenses		59,610.00	-
Mirissa cold room expenses		208,229.50	-
		<u>113,767,262</u>	<u>108,411,691</u>

SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Schedule no	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Property plant & equipment		(387,904,289)	(305,869,058)
Provisions for depreciation		8,498,985	8,309,094
Stall establishment cost		1,788,474,727	1,769,785,568
Property ,plant & equipment		1,954,653	1,954,653
Jaffna stall			
Working progress			
Processing plant expenses		26,339,791	21,759,335
Processing plant - cold room expenses		1,684,463	1,583,738
		<u>1,439,048,330</u>	<u>1,474,180,256</u>

INVENTORY	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Stock trading- Oil	280,040	646,716
Spare stores (motor, cold-room, ice plants)	1,127,473	1,127,473
Stock Trading	27,805,704	48,771,498
Packing Stock	876,761	1,162,492
Packing stock shortage	2,558,029	2,558,029
General stores (stationary)	1,173,519	1,133,897
General stores	<u>1,098,773</u>	<u>1,914,667</u>
	<u>34,920,299</u>	<u>57,314,772</u>

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
<u>Trade Receivable</u>		
Debtors	205,735,565	212,476,096
Dry fish debtors	16,776,230	2,765,554
Maldives fish debtors	520,217	520,217
Canned fish debtors	3,599,158	3,599,158
Ice debtors	(326,099)	-
Debtors foreign vessels	-	15,024,942
Debtors vessels entry tropic	-	6,710
Debtors vessels entry global	-	(32,875)
Debtors vessels entry ocean rich	-	(19,712)
Debtors vessels entry silver line	-	(13,248)
1.3	<u>226,305,069</u>	<u>234,326,842</u>
<u>Other Trade Receivable</u>		
Happy Cook (Pvt) Ltd	1,482,698	1,250,000
Yuan Fa Lanka Aquatic production	34,483	34,483
Yu - Fa Lanka	221,717	221,717
Fish shortage	(827,156)	(180,761)
	<u>911,742</u>	<u>1,325,439</u>
	<u>227,216,811</u>	<u>235,652,281</u>
<u>Deposit and Prepayments</u>		
Staff security deposits N. S. Bank	12,342,385	12,338,059
Tender deposits	660,390	660,390
Building rent deposits	2,380,000	2,171,470
Stall deposits	5,141,163	4,931,163
Rent deposits	1,058,560	38,560
Other deposits	9,442,705	9,672,987
Container deposit	260,000	260,000
Labor court deposit	-	256,155
Fish trading - stall deposits	4,738,404	4,738,404
Fish trading - tender deposits	662,882	662,882
Performance bond	-	117,500
Pre payment rent	65,236	-
Pre payment	856,066	1,516,939
Construction advance Batticaloa (IP)	500,000	500,000
Rent Deposite Aranayaka Stall	(350,000)	-
1.4	<u>37,757,791</u>	<u>37,864,509</u>

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)

SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
	Rs	Rs
Other Receivables		
Nara debtors	(118,037)	74,527
C F H C debtors	8,131,242	8,131,242
Happy Cook - debtors	-	1,041,767
Sinhapura C/B (Nayani Mangalika)	2,537,255	1,847,255
Sundry debtors	8,401,785	8,432,674
Debtors lanhuwa investment	8,061,183	8,061,183
Provision for lanhuwa investment	(7,684,580)	(7,684,580)
Tropic Company Ltd	856,120	856,120
Seibu deep sea fishing	112,216	112,216
Colombo marine debtors	3,800,000	3,800,000
Valachchena ice plant debtors	(344,839)	270,161
Ocean harvest (Pvt) Ltd	1,605,000	1,605,000
Debtors- rar export (boat 01)	2,125,000	2,125,000
Debtors -Kalpitiya People's Bank	149,040	124,200
Debtors Manawadu	166,000	166,000
Bambalapitiya stall Rahul	417,450	417,450
Debtors Sunwoo Lanka	173,250	49,500
Debtors H Dayarathna (Kottawa stall)	724,839	724,839
Sainthamaruthu ice plant debtors	3,019,762	3,019,762
Batticaloa IP debtors (Mesland)	5,958,840	5,958,840
Sinnapalamunai IP debtors	1,735,533	1,960,533
Gurunagar debtors	150,000	300,000
Sri Lanka Navy	151,673	151,673
Wellani IP debtors	570,000	570,000
Silver line fishery debtors	3,429,034	3,429,034
Mobitel company	136,888	198,703
Power asia debtors	-	485,541
Jayalath Jayasinghe - debtor	-	62,900
Return cheque	487,855	254,043
Walkers colombo shipyard (Pvt) Ltd	129,358	34,838
Check fraud	502,000	502,000
Ministry salary reimbursement	224,696	236,383
Rent income receivable	724,575	724,575
Receivable electricity & water	5,300,968	5,300,968
Advance for Karunaratne Construction	6,069,101	6,069,101
Salary advance	58,500	58,500
Festival advance	551,486	759,086
Travelling advance	114,850	19,450
Special advance	1,185,913	763,163
Other advance	1,016,629	1,285,404
Receivable from customs- Thala path container	1,083,663	1,083,663
Bambalapitiya Stall Rent (Hameed)	981,813	-
Contra Account	21,880	-
Debtor prabath	296,614	-
ERP System Advance	300,000	-
1.5	63,314,555	63,382,716
Total trade and other receivables	328,289,157	336,899,506

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Bank Balance A/C 1522	(568,728)	48,962
NRFC Bank A/C	841,343	721,447
Bank Balance A/C (6-6) 1203	-	139,398
Bank Balance A/C 1245	761,500	255,713
Bank Balance A/C 1257	(15,893,792)	(25,097,616)
Bank Balance A/C 1-52-003802-3	-	1,016
Bank Control - A/C 1877	570,957	262,720
Bank Balance AC 3562	(1,411,143)	(60,443)
Bank Balance AC 0296	(6,457,653)	(2,069,686)
Bank Balance -1698 Ac	96,329	(7,832)
Bank Balance -Anuradhapura Region	1,314,822	218,370
Bank Balance -A'pura Ip	272,947	28,462
Bank Balance -H'tota IP	244,532	-
Bank Balance People's -H'tota Region	57,312	62
Bank Balance Boc -H'tota Region	-	143,024
Bank Balance -A'goda Region	54,289	148,217
Bank Balance-Batticaloa	26,507	26,507
Bank Balance -Peliyagoda IP	178,112	183,230
Bank Balance 024 -Marketing Division	(130,750)	59,654
Bank Balance 1846 -Marketing Division	(14,875,825)	(66,722,753)
Bank Balance 0000032773-Kandy Region	9,663	9,663
Bank Balance 000001478-Colombo Region	7,484	(400,584)
Bank Balance 00000401886 - Galle Region	587,359	(985,124)
Bank Balance Galle Ice Plant	(659,938)	593,943
Bank Balance 000003767985 - Minneriya Region	44,706	1,263,512
Bank Balance A/C 1203	277,586	-
Bank Balance Deewara Piyasa BOC	(311,841)	-
Bank Balance Deewara Piyasa Peoples	134,064	-
Bank Balance 0000075248019 - Point Pedro Region	163,623	20,066
Bank Balance 0002759614 - Beruwala Region	(498,847)	(836,458)
Bank Balance 0071816200 - Kudawella Region	20,702	285,529
Bank Balance 0004320626 - Rathnapura Region	126,146	(870,892)
Bank Balance 1805 - State Supply Division	970,443	1,848,102
Bank Balance 0006105917 - Kalmunai Region	218,813	(891)
Bank Balance 0004440684 - Mirissa Region	6,254	131,481
Bank Balance 0002365561-Trinco Region	151,059	237,315
Bank Balance 0002890501 -Kalpitaya Region	1,890	1,890
Bank Balance 0004441128-Puranawella Region	46,231	(69,730)
Bank Balance 515514-Negombo Region	6,729,215	618,026
Bank Balance 0000001862-Cold Room	-	18,644
Cash at Bank-HSBC	-	5,283
Bank Balance 0001660486-Chilaw Region	159,602	(76,830)
Bank Balance -Tangalle Region	64,290	(112,694)
Bank Balance 2067235-B'wela Region	(2,718,323)	185,605
Bank Balance -WSM	18,866	36,866
Bank Balance -1685-Packet	(86,230)	254,571
Bank Balance --Nilwella	1,268	1,268
Bank Balance -Metro	593,235	25,483
Bank Balance-Pesalai	-	43,202
Bank Balance-Pesalai I/P	(941,457)	-
Bank Balance-Beruwala I/P	51,551	51,551
Bank Balance-Kurunagala BOC	3,251	7,182
Bank Balance - A/pura region BOC	10,318	38,695
Bank Balance Peoples Bank kandy	1,259,787	(1,037,624)
Bank Balance - Beruwala Region 1	-	63,520
Bank Balance Peoples - Beruwala Region	(312,060)	(15,758)
Bank Balance peoples - Rathnapura Region	-	3,183
Bank Balance Peoples Negombo	4,376,765	3,792,191
Bank Balance Non operating Negombo	-	24,497
Bank Balance peoples - Tangalle	5,000	5,000
Bank Balance-Kurunagala Peoples	72,061	(188,318)
Bank Balance Wennappuwa	-	(612,843)
Cash Balance A/C 1203	75,000	-
Cash Balance AC 296	4,508,716	-
Cash in Transit	3,262,095	5,452,933
Cash Balance -Anuradhapura Region	-	649,934
Cash Balance - A/pura region BOC	63,313	69,313
Cash Balance -A'pura Ip	374,994	374,994

Cash Balance -H'tota IP	42,614	42,614
Cash Balance-Batticaloa	86,889	86,889
Cash Balance -Peliyagoda IP	(148)	23,924
Cash Balance Peoples bank kandy	620,045	583,971
Cash Balance 00000401886 - GalleRegion	12,799	12,799
Cash Balance Galle Ice Plant	3,080	-
Cash Balance 000003767985 - Minneriya Region	44,801	44,801
Cash Balance 0000075248019 - Point Pedro Region	-	34,694
Cash Balance 0002759614 - Beruwala Region	75,928	-
Cash Balance 0071816200 - Kudawella Region	10	-
Cash Balance 0004320626 - Rathnapura Region	311,300	140,140
Cash Balance 1805 - State Supply Division	-	4,810
Cash Balance 0004440684- Mirissa Region	208,136	208,136
Cash Balance 0004441128 -Puranawella Region	-	1,154
Cash Balance 0001660486-Chilaw Region	573,675	573,675
Cash Balance 2067235-B'wela Region	162,622	335,231
Cash Balance -1685-Packet	83,541	80,190
Cash Balance Peoples - Beruwala Region	553,712	-
Cash Balance -Metro	2,036,912	3,456,793
Cash Balance-Pesalai	-	142,294
Cash Balance-Pesalai I/P	142,294	-
Cash Balance-Beruwala i/p	21,795	21,795
Petty Cash Imprest	271,262	419,774
Ice Imprest	(100,000)	100,000
Fish Imprest	397,611	338,285
Less - Bank Over Draft	1.6	44,966,736
		99,187,891

SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

OPERATING RESERVES - EQUITY		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Contribution for consolidated fund		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Aid for Finland to Sri Lanka (treasury loan to C.F.C.)		327,609,805	327,609,805
		<u>326,609,805</u>	<u>326,609,805</u>
Control account 1980 - 1983		10,482,053	10,482,053
Profit & loss account		(1,205,710,683)	(993,616,984)
Compensation paid to retrenchment employees		(21,038,515)	(21,038,515)
Reimbursement lost		207,740	207,740
Reimbursement of losses		143,403,353	143,403,353
Control account		800,672,018	806,028,600
Control account		(819,061,815)	(824,418,399)
		<u>(1,091,045,850)</u>	<u>(878,952,152)</u>
Revalue reserve	1.8	1,171,012,387	1,216,341,016
Capital reserve	1.7	24,258,241	24,258,241
		<u>1,195,270,628</u>	<u>1,240,599,257</u>
Prior year adjustments		-	(214,301,176)
Profit/(loss) for the year		(34,020,846)	2,207,477
		<u>396,813,737</u>	<u>476,163,212</u>

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Trade Payable			
Creditors C/A		181,500,645	165,050,921
Creditors C/A dry fish		12,459,754	10,068,768
Creditors Blue Ocean fishery		1,264,564	1,264,564
Creditors Tropic fishery		9,906,323	9,906,323
Creditors Global		-	8,166,100
Creditors Ocean Rich		9,760,853	20,560,853
Creditors Silver Line		157,960	157,960
Creditors Nichilan Fishery		1,676,318	1,676,318
Creditors control Maldives fish		3,000	3,000
	1.9	<u>216,729,416</u>	<u>216,854,806</u>

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Sundry Creditors			
Payable to D.S Engineering & Sons		682,450	682,450
Provisions for contingent liabilities		7,762,902	7,762,902
Col - EPF payable		178,216,102	178,216,102
EPF payable -2017		53,229,011	53,229,011
Lanka Industrial Services (Galle IP & cold room)		7,131,036	7,131,036
Non reconcile creditor balance		2,870,426	-
Happy Cook Pvt Ltd rent deposit (refundable)		2,449,500	2,449,500
Accrued expenses (Abans PLC)		-	98,000
Ice creditors		759,190	167,400
Nexsues Pvt Ltd (retention-processing plant)		179,155	179,155
Suspend A/C		34,945,139	34,886,249
3 rd party recoveries		6,618,390	6,333,900
Payable to Paliyagoda complex (Peligoda parking charges)		5,526,880	5,526,880
Pre received from Walkers		29,015,150	31,311,050
Mahaweli service (part payment for deepfreeze)		-	79,900
Col- ETF payable		20,011,415	20,011,415
E.W Information System		4,087,532	-
Inowave Engeneering (Pvt) Ltd		12,100,625	-
Over payment creditors		(30,078)	-
Senethma (Pvt) Ltd		1,060,580	-
Kamalsena payable		76,425	-
	2	<u>366,691,829</u>	<u>348,064,949</u>
Total Trade and Other Payables		<u>583,421,245</u>	<u>564,919,755</u>

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
(INCORPORATED IN 1957 ACT 49 STATE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION)

SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Accrued Expenses			
Accrued expenses		34,689,792	38,556,126
Provision for electricity(sahindamarudu debtors)		1,440,000	1,440,000
Payable to Karunaratne construction		1,276,600	1,276,600
Payable to sri Lanka insurance corporation		-	89,083
Employees transport		-	26,895
Unclaimed salaries & wages		205,704	274,608
E P F Payable to central Bank		4,123,389	3,676,777
Employees trust fund		796,332	742,739
J. S. S. Welfare Society		34,550	6,200
C F C Subasadhaka		65,469	98,694
Executive union		2,600	6,600
Insurance		-	2,468
J. S. S. Union		5,750	5,750
C.F.C.W.U		1,380	1,760
S. L. N.S. Union		49,740	53,300
S.L.K.S		390	273
CMU		5,202	4,702
Excess/shortage by shroff		(50,459)	(50,459)
Salaries control A/C		9,983,738	10,757,201
Salary control (contract)		87,891	111,013
Payable to gratuity penalty charges		975,897	3,841,473
Gratuity payable		4,516,259	14,641,214
Gratuity cost of living payable		2,799,009	2,829,009
	2.1	61,009,232	78,392,025
Refundable Deposits- Liability			
Staff security fund		14,774,662	14,449,836
Tender deposits		(5,916)	2,140,084
Security deposits - contract		245,000	245,000
Other deposits (refundable)		14,975,700	14,890,200
Conch shell & sea cucumber deposit A/C		12,000,000	12,000,000
Fish trading - refundable deposit		500,000	500,000
	2.2	42,489,446	44,225,120
Total trade and other payables		686,919,923	687,536,900

LOANS AND BORROWINGS		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Treasury loan payable		50,000,000	50,000,000
Treasury loan hospital purchase payable		11,600,000	11,600,000
Treasury loan payable ac(expanding of distribution network)		50,000,000	50,000,000
Loan from ministry of fisheries- custom cha. (Thala path con.)		8,000,000	8,000,000
Long term loan C.A.L.F		6,872,110	6,872,110
Provision for C.A.L.F loan		(6,872,110)	(6,872,110)
Loan interest payable ac (hospital loan)		2,610,000	2,610,000
Ministry of fisheries (loan)		20,000,000	20,000,000
Loan account		712,000	712,000
		142,922,000	142,922,000

AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTY		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
Peliyagoda fish complex		15,013,163	14,701,423
Trincomalee fish market		2,036,116	99,086
		17,049,279	14,800,509

LEASE CREDITOR		12/31/2018	12/31/2017
		Rs	Rs
BOC Leasing Hilux Double Cab (Negombo)		1,870,512	3,191,305
Interest on Suspense B O C		(127,663)	(351,962)
L/C Loan I interest Payable A/C		-	-
		1,742,849	2,839,343

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENT GRANT & ASSISTANTS	2.6	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Grants		314,076	418,768
Grant From JICA		80,714,141	124,963,780
Ministry Funds For Processing plant		65,000,000	65,000,000
Ministry Grant for Generator		4,800,000	6,400,000
Treasury Grant Point Pedro		1,700,000	1,700,000
Ministry Funds (Galle I/P & Cold Room)		3,022,971	4,030,629
Tsunami Coastal Rehabilitation & Resource (IFAD)		3,834,173	4,201,805
Ministry Of Fisheries (Grant)		24,976,381	40,053,728
Ministry Grant for Anuradhapura IP		504,910	673,213
Treasury Bond		237,169,566	189,735,653
Southern Development Authority Of Sri Lanka Funds		17,863,251	21,685,830
Treasury Funds		102,877,118	30,525,766
Treasury Funds (New stall opening & fork lift purchase)		22,797,295	-
		<u>565,573,882</u>	<u>489,389,173</u>

STATUTORY LIABILITY	2.8	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
VAT Payable AC		21,657,028	15,813,272
Stamp		47,625	49,475
NBT Payable		72,850,525	48,146,752
P A Y E Tax		11,051	11,586
Economics Service Charges (Recoverable A/c)		(41,425,468)	(34,465,582)
E.S.C Payable A/C		36,816,843	25,007,632
With holding Tax Recoverable		(169,542)	(285,542)
		<u>89,788,062</u>	<u>54,277,593</u>

INTER REGIONAL ACCOUNT RECONCILIATION	2.9	12/31/2018 Rs	12/31/2017 Rs
Palaviya Ice Plant		8,831,383	8,799,763
Ice Plant Mutwal		2,257,581	(12,964,334)
Anuradhapura Ice Plant		12,098,260	12,232,271
Batticaloa Ice Plant		9,284,244	9,284,244
Pesalai Ice Plant		12,667,932	12,667,932
Containerized Ice Plants Mutwel		25,346,027	40,567,947
Beruwela Ice Plant		19,855,098	19,855,098
Galle ice plant		(6,876,945)	(3,667,277)
Sinnapalamunai I/P		3,945,031	3,964,531
Codbay Ice Plant		7,715,074	7,744,245
Payagala Ice Plant		5,827,852	5,773,215
Peliyagoda Ice Plant		(5,600,858)	(5,129,635)
Wellamankara I/P		128,242	154,002
Hambantota IP		34,681,304	34,838,110
H/O With W. S. M		(21,733,010)	(21,562,205)
H/O With Colombo		60,915,288	60,907,068
H/O With Galle		57,502,656	56,835,034
H/O With Tangalle		142,642,583	140,735,758
H/O With Batticaloa		30,204,081	29,918,504
H/O With Trincomalee		10,935,631	10,301,779
H/O With Pesalai		21,130,508	20,685,525
H/O With Production Unit		8,730,555	8,730,335
H/O With Chilaw		19,075,052	19,397,911
H/O With Kalpitiya		27,597,656	27,167,956
H/O With Marketing		(1,591,655,881)	(1,671,608,692)
H/O With Operation		28,077,223	28,077,223
H/O With Mirissa		23,745,097	22,202,311
H/O With Hambantota		33,040,015	31,482,703
H/O With Beruwela		56,625,408	51,534,640
H/O With Imported Fish		1,460,923	1,431,752
Head Office		745,126,050	794,140,256
H/O With Kandy		29,044,771	28,481,003
H/O With Kurunegala		41,655,265	43,463,465
H/O With Anuradhapura		44,818,351	48,975,703
H/O With Bandarawela		56,239,413	55,080,198
H/O With Minneriya		52,745,625	53,770,236
H/O With Cold Room		(124,936,913)	(124,896,559)
H/O With Hambantota I/P		-	(156,806)
H/O With Packeted Division		41,084,034	35,785,985
H/O With Ratnapura		48,084,181	41,799,429
H/O With Kalmunai		13,781,354	12,838,408
H/O With Negambo		(104,894,589)	(81,135,728)
H/O With Puranawella		87,087,532	84,796,072
H/O With Ambalangoda		13,660,852	11,805,661
H/O With State Supply		(25,586,234)	(2,197,490)
H/O With Kudawella		19,601,158	18,041,995
H/O With Point Pedro		7,064,028	7,115,403
Canned Fish		2,917,674	2,983,675
H/O With Nilwella		4,135,790	3,736,293
H/O With Metro Region		(6,118,068)	6,085,622
Wennappuwa		2,712,528	950,556
Dry Fish Unit		9,455,819	9,509,949
Maldives Fish Unit		14,297,915	14,297,915
1698 Current A/C		4,690,200	4,616,138
Tuna Project with H/O		1,312,688	1,312,688
Minneriya Loan		(10,000)	(10,000)
H/O With Diwara Piyasa		3,645,180	-
H/O With Hotel Project		603,984	-
		<u>20,672,601</u>	<u>21,547,777</u>

CEYLON FISHERIES CORPORATION
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SCHEDULES TO THE BALANCE SHEET

BANK OVERDRAFT	3	2018-12-31	2017-12-31
		Rs	Rs
Bank Balance A/C 1257			
Bank Balance AC 3562		(15,893,792)	(25,097,616)
Bank Balance AC 0296		(1,411,143)	(60,443)
Bank Balance -1698 Ac		(6,457,653)	(2,069,686)
Bank Balance 1846 -Marketing Division		-	(7,832)
Bank Balance 000001478-Colombo Region		(14,875,825)	(66,722,753)
Bank Balance 00000401886 - Galle Region		-	(400,584)
Bank Balance 0002759614 - Beruwala Region		-	(985,124)
Bank Balance 0004320626 - Rathnapura Region		(498,847)	(836,458)
Bank Balance 0006105917 - Kalmunai Region		-	(870,892)
Bank Balance 0004441128-Puranawella Region		-	(891)
Bank Balance 0001660486-Chilaw Region		-	(69,730)
Bank Balance -Tangalle Region		-	(76,830)
Bank Balance 2067235-B'wela Region		-	(112,694)
Bank Balance A/C 1522		(2,718,323)	-
Cash Balance -Peliyagoda IP		(568,728)	-
Bank Balance 024 -Marketing Division		(148)	-
Bank Balance Galle Ice Plant		(130,750)	-
Bank Balance -1685-Packet		(659,938)	-
Cash Balance A/C 1245		(86,230)	-
Bank Balance Peoples Bank Kandy		-	(9,613)
Bank Balance Peoples - Beruwala Region		-	(1,037,624)
Cash Balance 006105917 - Kaimunai Region		(312,060)	(15,758)
Bank Balance-Kurunagala Peoples		-	(11,672)
Cash in Hand Batticaloa ice plant		-	(188,318)
Bank Balance Wennappuwa		-	(530)
Bank Balance-Pesalai I/P		-	(612,843)
Ice Imprest		(941,457)	-
Bank Balance Deewara Piyasa BOC		(100,000)	-
		(311,841)	-
		<u>(44,966,736)</u>	<u>(99,187,891)</u>

INVESTMENT ACCOUNT	2018-12-31	2017-12-31
	Rs	Rs
Union Fish Product		
	110,000,000	110,000,000
	<u>110,000,000</u>	<u>110,000,000</u>

RATIO ANALYSIS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2,012.00
CURRENT RATIO	422,056,192.48	442,641,622.00	353,147,228.00	358,068,208.00	543,097,889.00	488,531,057.00	434,550,735.93
	840,044,540.03	857,123,433.00	495,366,134.00	773,392,616.00	728,141,127.00	768,654,822.00	661,261,994.96
	0.50 :1	0.52 :1	0.71 :1	0.46 :1	0.75 :1	0.64 :1	0.66 :1
QUICK ASSETS RATIO	387,135,893.97	385,326,850.00	320,764,774.00	302,475,213.00	433,208,648.00	405,310,021.00	331,140,489.47
	840,044,540.03	857,123,433.00	495,366,134.00	773,392,616.00	728,141,127.00	768,654,822.00	661,261,994.96
	0.46 :1	0.45 :1	0.65 :1	0.39 :1	0.59 :1	0.53 :1	0.50 :1
NET PROFIT RATIO	(34,020,845.94) x 100	(2,207,477.00) x 100	247,828,937.00 x 100	(259,917,474.00) x 100	(119,187,719.00) x 100	(54,446,218.00) x 100	(41,763,563.00) x 100
	2,941,767,444.73	2,127,438,604.00	2,735,721,733.00	2,479,196,333.00	2,822,779,492.00	1,969,485,805.00	2,078,840,744.00
	(1.16) %	(0.10) %	9.06 %	(10.48) %	(4.22) %	(2.76) %	(2.01) %

OUR HUMAN RESOURCES

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total Number of Employees	718	652	1038	1315	1325	1275	1228	1120	754	712	679
Executive	58	49	58	80	78	76	68	66	43	42	37
Clerical & Technical	290	289	210	756	751	733	695	641	432	349	313
Minor Employees	370	314	770	479	496	466	465	413	279	321	329